ment will leave them unmolested, give them title to enough land to compensate them if they find oil, and will not confiscate the fruits of their labor.

BELIEVED SAFE.

In the Lusk field, now withdrawn from entry, the General Petroleum Corporation has a number of locations on government land in the immediate vicinity of the big Ohio well. The company's officers believe that the land is fully protected. Whether it is or not is not yet known. The government has tied up vast areas in litigation for many years, where the developers thought themselves safe because of prior work done at big expense.

The Rispin interests of San Francisco also have large areas under location around Lusk. The status of these is not known here.

The Union Oil Company is also operating in this region, and has mineral rights to some 30,000 acres of land, but it is stated that all its lands have been patented and are therefore safe.

NOW IS A MAJOR.

Capt. Woolworth Sutphen of this city, who won a commission as a captain at the Presidio and went across with the Ninety-first Division, has been made a major, according to a cable received yesterday by his wife.

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B. Silverwood

LATEST MORNING EDITION—3 CENTS

The Times
LOS ANGELES

TUESDAY MORNING, VOL. XXXVII NOVEMBER 12, 1918.

TRY TO ASSASSINATE EX-KAISER

REDS MAY RESIST TERMS OF ARMISTICE

GUNS LOSE ALL POWER

Wilson Announces Truce Terms.

Germany Shorn of Ability to Renew War by Most Abject Surrender in History.

Given Fourteen Days to Evacuate Invaded Territory; Relinquish Arms, Ships.

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]

LONDON, Nov. 11.—The Admiralty has intercepted a German wireless addressed from "The command and soldiers' council on the cruiser Strassburg" to "All ships, torpedo boats, destroyers and submarines in the North Sea."

The message refers to the terms of the armistice and declares:

"This would entail the destruction of us all, German comrades. Defend our country against this unheard-of presumption.

"Strong English forces are reported off the Skaw. All submarines in the Baltic, except those on outpost duty, assemble immediately in Sassnitz harbor."

Sassnitz is a watering place on the east coast of the Island of Roegen, Prussia.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—(By the Associated Press.) The signing of the armistice with Germany was proclaimed today by President Wilson, who also announced its terms at a joint session of Congress.

The terms herald the end of the war because they take from Germany the power to renew it.

Just before he went to the Capitol the President in a proclamation, addressed to his fellow-countrymen, said:

MESSAGE TO COUNTRY.

"The armistice was signed this morning. Everything for which America fought has been accomplished. It will now be our fortunate duty to assist, by example, by sober, friendly counsel and by material aid in the establishment of just democracy throughout the world."

Stripped of its malicious power, the military autocracy, its masters

(Continued on Second Page.)

AMERICA ATTAINS ALL OBJECTIVES.

President Wilson Formally Proclaims Signing of Armistice.

[BY A. P. DAY WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—President Wilson issued a formal proclamation at 10 o'clock this morning announcing that the armistice with Germany had been signed.

The proclamation follows:

"My fellow-countrymen:

"The armistice was signed this morning. Everything for which America fought has been accomplished. It will now be our fortunate duty to assist, by example, by sober friendly counsel and by material aid, in the establishment of just democracy throughout the world.

"WOODROW WILSON."

THOUSANDS OF CANNON VOMIT DEATH ON ENEMY.

Entire American Front from Moselle to Sedan Blazes Forth as the Clock Strikes Eleven, then Dig In.

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE SEDAN FRONT, Nov. 11, 2 p.m.—Thousands of American heavy guns fired the parting shot to the Germans at exactly 11 o'clock this morning.

The line reached by the American forces at 11 o'clock today was being staked out this afternoon.

The Germans hurled a few shells into Verdun just before 11 o'clock.

On the entire American front, from the Moselle to the region of Sedan, there was artillery activity in the morning, all the batteries preparing for the final salvos.

At many batteries the artillerists joined hands, forming a long line as the lanyard of the final shot. There was a few seconds of silence as the shell shot through the heavy mist. Then the gunners cheered.

American flags were raised by the soldiers over their dugouts and at the various headquarters.

Northeast of Verdun the American infantry began to advance at 9 o'clock this morning after artillery preparation, in the direction of Ornes. The German artillery responded feebly, but the machine-gun resistance was stubborn. Nevertheless, the Americans made progress. The Americans had received orders to hold the positions reached by 11 o'clock and at those positions they began to dig in, marking the advanced positions of the Americans when hostilities ceased.

Along the American front the eleventh hour was like awaiting the arrival of a New Year.

The gunners continued to fire, counting the shells as the time approached. The infantry were advancing glancing at their watches. The men holding at other places organized their positions to make themselves more secure.

Then the individual groups unfurled the Stars and Stripes, shook hands and cheered. Soon afterwards they were preparing for luncheon. All the boys were hungry, as they had breakfasted early in anticipation of what they expressed as the greatest day in American history.

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES ON THE MEUSE ON MOSELLE FRONTS, Nov. 11, 12:50 p.m.—(By the Associated Press.) News that the armistice had been signed spread like wildfire along the American front from the Moselle River to the region of Sedan.

Reaching the various headquarters early in the day the news passed by wire and wireless to division and regiment and finally from mouth to mouth to the boys in the forward lines.

It was among the boys in the foremost line who had been under shell fire for days that there was the most genuine rejoicing.

There had been so many rumors of peace lately that the boys in the front lines were not inclined to believe the report of the signing of the armistice until their officers informed them that it was a fact. Then there was general rejoicing.

On Sunday both sides kept up an intermittent artillery fire as a reminder to each other that the order to cease hostilities had not been received. With nightfall the duel became weaker, each side awaiting the final word as to the set hour for desisting all firing of guns.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE SEDAN FRONT, Nov. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) The armistice situation had no apparent effect on the activities of the American front Sunday morning. Parts of the front were marked by artillery exchanges with the Germans shelling the Verdun road in the regions of Cesse, Beaumont, Mouzon and Balan. The Mouzon bridge was broken in two places.

Along the Meuse from the region of Sedan to Stenay the German machine gunners, clinging to the hills overlooking the river, kept flares burning all during Saturday night, preventing the Americans from crossing. Throughout the night the American artillery boomed along the entire front as a signal to the American infantrymen that the war was still on, despite rumors of peace.

In the drive east of the Meuse, which resulted in the capture of Stenay, the Americans extended their lines northeast of Mouzay, reaching the Bois du Chesnois.

NATION RIOTOUS WITH JOY.

Wildest Celebration in History Follows Signing of Armistice.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Wartime Washington celebrated noisily the advent of peace.

The demonstration was getting well under way when President Wilson drove to the Capitol to read to Congress the terms imposed upon defeated Germany, and it continued interruptedly far into the night. The city's thousands swirled and eddied through the streets, welcoming the end of the war with confetti, tin horns and tumult, while automobiles and trucks loaded with people and with horns going at full blast paraded in an endless circle over Pennsylvania avenue from the Capitol to the Treasury Building.

The appearance of units of the army, navy and Marine Corps in the parade in the afternoon inaugurating the United War Work campaign for a fund of $170,500,000 for welfare work among soldiers and sailors was made the occasion of renewed efforts by the crowds in cheering and noise-making.

The President reviewed the pageant from the executive office gate to the White House grounds, and each of the marchers—soldiers, sailors and civilians—with the throng of spectators, saluted or cheered the executive.

President Wilson, with Mrs. Wilson at his side in an open automobile, drove from the White House to the capital and back tonight to see the celebration.

The Presidential machine, flanked by others carrying secret service men, was forced to proceed at a snail-like pace, with the congested traffic on Pennsylvania avenue, where the principal demonstration was held, but the President was recognized by only a few in the crowds until he was returning to the White House.

As the machine turned into Fifteenth street a sailor carrying a large American flag pushed through the throng and held the emblem over Mr. Wilson's head. The President arose and saluted and a great cheer went up from the crowds. The President remained standing for two blocks, bowing and waving a small American flag.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 11.—Demonstrations such as have never before been seen in Philadelphia welcomed the signing of the armistice. From early morning until late tonight the city was in almost a frenzy of excitement and patriotism. Parade after parade came through the central streets, which were jammed with shouting crowds that threw confetti, blew horns and whistles and used many other means to make noise. Factory whistles blew continuously from before dawn until tonight.

Traffic was badly tied up, but the crowds were unusually good-natured and sang and cheered as they marched the streets.

Mayor Smith headed a procession of celebrants who marched from City Hall to historic Independence Hall. Another big parade to the shrine of liberty was under the leadership of Governor-elect William C. Sproul.

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—New England threw off its traditional self-restraint today and celebrated the signing of the armistice from long before dawn until long after dark with more enthusiasm, noise and processions than

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

SUMMARY OF PEACE:

Curtain Down on War

[RESUME BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Victory—and peace.

After more than four years of struggling the rights of mankind are served. The greatest day in the history of nations has dawned. The German militaristic classes—arrogant beyond expression—are in defeat.

Kaiser and Crown Prince are in flight—refugees in an alien country. Germanic kings and potentates no longer hold their sway.

The Allied arms are triumphant. Imperialistic Germany has met the fate that ultimately must come to any country that seeks to rule the world.

Deserted by all her allies, Germany, on her knees, is accepting terms of capitulation, which amount virtually to abject surrender. Except for actual hostile military invasion, the once great European power, whose monarchial ambition was to dominate over all is in complete defeat.

Seated on the field of battle, the edict of the Allied chief command is that the German armies shall retire into their own homeland from all invaded territory. Impotent as the German armies shall be, as impotent also shall be the German fleet. Colonies are lost, and the hand that sought to reach out and attain additional territory is withered by the ruling of the Supreme War Council at Versailles.

Reparation and restitution, in fact, full compensation of all kinds is to be made by Germany for all the disaster that has followed her armies and those of her allies throughout the world war.

The handwriting was on the wall for Germany. Her troops had fought valiantly throughout the more than four years of warfare. But what had been considered in Germany as an invincible army was beaten in feats of arms by the Allied powers. Even before Germany's allies deserted her the strength of the entire Allies had become apparent. Unprepared they had resisted for more than three years the assaults of an enemy who had been preparing for combat since the Franco-Prussian War.

With a determination that could never recognize defeat, Belgium, France, Italy and Serbia were overrun. Hard days were experienced by the Allies, but the smile of hopefulness—of satisfaction in ultimate success—never failed. When finally the United States was drawn into the war by Germany's continued violations of international law and of the precepts of humanity, the gleam of the dawn of victory for world democracy rose in the sky.

On the field of battle in France and Belgium the Germans were fast being defeated when they flew the white flag of submission and asked for terms of peace. Everywhere, from the Belgian coast to the Moselle River the Allies were pressing them. It was only a matter of time when their armies were to be decisively beaten on the battlefield. Their great fortified lines of resistance had crumpled successively under the impetus of the attacks of their foes. They were being harried everywhere from pillar to post. Even the great Rhine fortifications, it was foreseen, would prove no barrier to the onward rush of the victorious armies. Hence Germany, deserted by her allies, recognized that defeat stared her in the face and capitulated.

For Germany as a nation—shorn of her imperialistic and militaristic powers—the defeat may not prove in the long run a disadvantage. Already the revolutions throughout the country are tending toward democratization, which may prove the salvation of a country once controlled by war lords.

Fighting on the battle fronts ended at 6 o'clock Monday morning, eastern time, in the United States. The armies of the Allied forces at that time—even to the second—were hard harrying the enemy.

The British troops were fighting their foes across the Belgian frontier in Belgium. The French had all but cleared the Germans from Northern France. The Americans were driving northward up the Meuse and Moselle rivers, threatening the enemy with capitulation by envelopment.

Shots are Fired at Emperor's Car; Crown Prince Reported Wounded; 3 Generals Suicide

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]

LONDON, Nov. 11.—A special dispatch from Eysden, Holland, says that when William Hohenzollern's train arrived there he was not aboard. Later he arrived by motor car, having abandoned the train because of shots fired at the window of the car.

He joined his officers on the platform of the station of Eysden. He was looking haggard, but walked up and down the platform slowly until the train was ready to leave.

A dispatch to the Daily Mail from The Hague, dated Sunday, says the former Empress of Germany was not on board the train and that no women were among the party.

This dispatch asserts it was the intention of the former Emperor to remain on board the train at Eysden throughout the night and leave Monday morning for internment in a chateau between Utrecht and Arnhem. It was added that his suite would be interned at Arnhem.

A dispatch attributed to the Maastricht (Holland) Handelsblad says the presence of the former Ger-

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

HALTS MOVEMENT OF MEN TO ARMY CAMPS.

Registrants Revert to Pre-induction Status, Resuming Orders and Serial Numbers; Demobilization of Naval Forces is not in Immediate Prospect, Declares Secretary of Navy Daniels.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—By order of President Wilson, Provost Marshal General Crowder today directed the cancellation of outstanding draft calls, stopping the movement during the next five days of 252,000 men and setting aside all November calls for over 300,000 men.

SACRAMENTO, Nov. 11.—Orders to cancel all outstanding draft calls and to stop the movement of California drafted troops ordered to entrain in the next five days were sent today by telegraph to all local draft boards in the State. Approximately 15,100 California registrants had been ordered to entrain for camps within the next five days.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 11.—All instructions relative to the holding of the officers' training school at Camp Fremont, which was to have opened Dec. 1 next, have been revoked, it was announced at headquarters of the Western Department of the Army here late today. The same message carried official notification that all draft calls for "camps, posts, stations, and schools" had been cancelled.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—(By Associated Press.) The American army had reached a total strength of 3,764,677 men when hostilities ceased today, according to official figures at the War Department. Already 2,200,000 had been sent to France, Italy or Russia. The remainder were under arms in camps in this country.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Almost the first action of the War Department today after announcement of the signing of the armistice with Germany was the cancellation of all army draft calls under which more than 300,000 men had been ordered to entrain for camps before November 30.

Urgent telegrams, prepared three days ago at the direction of Provost Marshal General Crowder, were sent to all local draft boards directing that the movement of 252,000 men under orders to entrain between today and Friday be stopped immediately.

The telegrams reached most of the boards in time, but a few men are known to have started for camp. Secretary Baker said, however, that wherever possible their immediate return to civil life would be arranged.

The Provost-Marshal-General's office had no estimate of the number on trains before the canceling order was issued. All men assembled for entraining are to be considered as honorably discharged from the army and paid accordingly. Until further notice no inductions or calls, except for the navy and Marine Corps, will be permitted. One call for a few thousands of men for the navy is now in preparation, but volunteers to date have more than filled the requirements of the navy and Marine Corps.

Since August, 1917, when the first calls were issued under the army draft law, 2,700,000 men have been inducted into the army. Practically all physically qualified men between the ages of 21 and 31 who were placed in class one are now in the service. The men who were to have moved to camp this month were of the new registrants enrolled September 12.

Many of the men who were under orders to move this week were originally directed to entrain in October, but their movement was held up because of the epidemic of influenza.

Gen. Crowder announced that registrants whose induction orders are cancelled or who are discharged after their entrainment for camps, will revert to the status existing at the time the original induction order was issued, this to include resumption of their order and serial number.

It also was specifically announced that nothing in the cancellation of the calls shall operate to relieve from the consequences of his acts any registrant who has heretofore become delinquent or a deserter.

By order of Secretary Baker, Provost-Marshal-General Crowder today directed local and district boards to "continue to completion as expeditiously as possible the classification of all registrants who on September 12 had attained their nineteenth and had not attained their thirty-seventh birthday."

Gen. Crowder, however, directed the boards to discontinue immediately "all work connected with the classification of men who on September 12 had attained their thirty-seventh birthday and had not attained their forty-sixth birthday."

"In entering," said Mr. Baker's order to Gen. Crowder, "upon what seems, in view of the mighty events of the day, to be the final work of this character to be done by the selective service system, I extend to the members of that system my personal congratulations upon their truly great achievements of the past year and a half.

"To you, members of that system, must come a sense of duty well done, with a loyalty, patriotism and devotion such as yours can bring. You and the world know that it owes to you a debt of thanks and gratitude which cannot be measured by words, but only by the affection, the respect and the esteem now yours, of those among whom you live and from whom you have taken that which was beyond price."

In transmitting Secretary Baker's order to the State draft executives and local and district boards, Gen. Crowder added his personal congratulations upon their "truly great achievements of the past year and a half."

NAVY REMAINS SAME.

Secretary Daniels today announced no immediate step would be taken toward demobilizing any part of the naval forces of the United States.

About 70,000 members of the navy establishment, including the marines with Gen. Pershing's army, are now in Europe. Mr. Daniels indicated that the marines might remain longer near the scene of hostilities than any other force.

The Secretary has called upon the bureau chiefs of the department for a studying of pending naval construction contracts. He contemplates a gradual curtailment of the contracts where materials which would not be needed by the regular naval establishment are being produced. Early orders withdrawing from service the naval coastal patrol service from Canada to Brazil may be expected, Mr. Daniels indicated.

The navy has been charged with the duty of training crews for the great numbers of merchant ships being commissioned by the Shipping Board. The Secretary anticipates continuing with that work until some new plan is provided. Since it is a vital element both of demobilization and reconstruction work in Europe that great merchant tonnage should be immediately available, it was said to seem improbable to Mr. Daniels that any reduction of the naval forces being trained to man such ships could be undertaken.

He also said that he does not regard the convoying of shipping to European ports necessary now that hostilities have ceased.

Orders stopping all overtime and Sunday work on government war contracts were authorized today after a conference of Secretaries Baker and Daniels and Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board.

READJUSTMENT PLANS.

The readjustment of labor and industry will be undertaken in conference with the Department of Labor and the War Industries Board so as to affect as little dislocation of labor and the greatest facility possible for the re-establishment of industry.

Secretary Baker said it was clear there was work enough in the United States for all the labor in the country. Many government activities like the shipbuilding industry will continue uninterruptedly for a long time; others will be gradually readjusted.

ARIZONA IN TANGLE.

[EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.]

PHOENIX, Nov. 11.—Adjt.-Gen. C. W. Harris is in a sad plight. He had gathered 600 men for special assignments under the draft due to go out at once. He received notice from Provost-Marshal-General Crowder to disregard all newspaper publications and to send drafted men on the ordered schedule till ordered otherwise.

Great Revolution, Hourly Gaining Momentum, is Spreading to Every Part of Germany

LITTLE TURMOIL ATTENDS CHANGE

Upheaval Notably Lacking in Disorder and Bloodshed.

Street Fighting in Berlin Most Serious Conflicts.

Revolutionaries' Council Controls 14 of 21 States.

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]

LONDON, Nov. 11, 1:27 p.m.—Revolution is steadily progressing throughout the empire, says a German wireless dispatch from Berlin. Soldiers and Workers' councils are being established everywhere.

In general the change of government, the message adds, has occurred without appreciable disturbance of economic order or bloodshed.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 11.—(By the Associated Press.) The revolution in Germany is today, to all intents and purposes, an accomplished fact.

The revolt has not yet spread throughout the whole empire, but fourteen of the twenty-six states, including all the four kingdoms and all other important states, are reported securely in the hands of the revolutionists. The twelve small states, which apparently are not yet affected, cannot hope, it is believed here, to stay the triumphal progress of the Socialists.

The kingdom of Wurttemberg has been declared a republic.

The free cities of Hamburg, Bremen and Luebeck are ruled by Socialists. In the grand duchies of Oldenburg, Baden, Mecklenberg-Strelitz the power of the rulers is gone. The grand dukes are promising all reforms demanded, but their thrones are tottering.

In Berlin great street demonstrations took place Sunday, the marchers carrying banners with the inscription: "Freedom, Peace and Bread." The Socialist leaders, Goehre and Sudekum, who are officers in the Landwehr, have issued an appeal to all officers not to provoke useless bloodshed.

Deputy Ebert and other party leaders have formed a committee of twelve men, representing the larger political factions, to facilitate cooperation with the Soldiers' Council.

No German press comment on the situation has reached Copenhagen over the Socialist-controlled wires, except a brief appeal by Germania, the Centrist organ, to the people to remember that the adoption of Bolshevism would mean continued war with the Allies and misery for the people.

The Independent Socialists, according to a special dispatch to the Berlinske Tidende, are demanding further concessions.

A semiofficial telegram received here from Berlin says that the Soldiers' Council has issued a proclamation announcing that it has taken over military administration and that its orders must be obeyed. The proclamation in part says:

"Comrades, we have bled and battled together. We will keep step onward a happy future. Be absolutely true to our people. We work in unison with the workmen. You will soon regularly receive orders from the Soldiers' Council."

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 11.—(By the Associated Press.) Street fighting

(Continued on Third Page.)

LIFE WITH A PAIR

Of Edwin Clapp shoes is just one happy day after another.

Proud is the man who walks in leather the Edwin Clapp company uses in its nationally-famous footwear. His comfort makes him as happy as "old King Cole," and his personal efficiency, well — it's increased one hundred fold.

Prices $10 & $12

Established 1856.

Fine leathery lore keeps good company with fine shoes.

Harris & Frank

SPRING ST. NEAR FIFTH

OUTFITTERS OF DEPENDABILITY.

GERMANS FACE TEST OF LIBERTY.

Illicit Ambitions of Those Responsible for World Strife are Engulfed in Black Disaster, Says President Wilson; has Faith in the Future.

(Continued from First Page.)

driven to exile, stands before the world's court of justice, having subscribed to terms of surrender, which probably, will be recorded in history as the most drastic and complete ever meted out to a defeated foe.

Reading of the full text of the terms disclosed measures the United States and the Allied governments have taken to guarantee that Germany's acceptance shall not be a scrap of paper and to insure the destruction of the military caste, which "could secretly and of its single choice disturb the peace of the world."

When President Wilson concluded his exchange of notes with Prince Max, then Chancellor, administration officials declared that if his course did not bring about what they hoped would be more than an unconditional surrender, it might bring about a revolution in Germany.

PREDICTION FULFILLED.

Pointing today to the Hohenzollern dynasty, dethroned and exiled, the people's revolution sweeping Germany and the terms of the armistice, these officials felt their predictions amply fulfilled.

Having lifted the yoke of militarism from the peoples of the Central Empires, the Allies now turn to tasks of humanity and mercy to bind up their wounds and feed the hungry, meanwhile seeking to guide them to a place in the family of nations from which they can take a part in assuring that another such 1500 days of blood and horror seed never come again.

Evacuation, reparation and restitution are the keynotes of the armistice.

SALIENT POINTS.

Here are the principal things Germany must do, or, powerless before the victorious Allied armies, will have done for her:

Immediate evacuation of Alsace-Lorraine, Belgium, Luxemburg, Russia and Rumania without further destruction or harm to inhabitants. Then occupation by American and Allied troops of all the countries on the west bank of the Rhine. Then, further creation of a neutral zone in a strip of territory on the east bank of the Rhine thirty kilometers (about twenty miles) wide, extending from Holland half way down to the Swiss border, and twenty kilometers wide for the remainder.

Meanwhile, as a guarantee of good faith, the occupation by American and Allied troops of Mayence, Coblenz and Cologne, the principal crossings of the Rhine, with a thirty-kilometer radius with the bridgeheads.

On the eastern front all German troops are to be withdrawn from territory which before the war belonged to Russia, Rumania or Turkey.

Then, the German war machine must disarm. The principal portions of its large must be handed over; arms, munitions and engines of war numbered by the thousands are to be taken from the army.

American and Allied prisoners are to at once be repatriated without reciprocal action by the associated governments, and the thousands of wretched civilians dragged off into slavery from invaded territories are to be returned.

REPARATION DEMANDED.

The provision for compensation for the occupied territories for the havoc wrought by the invaders is contained in a simple sentence—reparation for damage done.

As a step to restoring the map lines, the treaties of Brest-Litovsk, which laid Russia prone, and of Bucharest, which plundered Rumania, must be abandoned. Moneys, securities, precious metals and other valuables looted from the invaded countries must be returned in trust to the Allies until the conclusion of peace.

In the west, the railways of Alsace-Lorraine, the valuable stores of iron and coal, all the stores and supplies in Belgium, with arms and armaments, must be handed over.

In the east, the Black Sea ports must be evacuated, the warships taken by Germany from the Russians must be surrendered; in the Baltic, forts and defenses barring the way at the Categat must be delivered, and there must be free access to the sea for the Allies.

The Allied blockade is to remain unchanged. Meanwhile German merchant ships are to be delivered for missions of carrying food to the starving; Allied shipping held by the Germans is to be released without any obligation to restore to Germany her ships now in the hands of the associated governments.

NEUTRAL TRADE FREED.

Germany is to notify the neutrals they are free to trade with the associated governments without molestation.

In a word the iron ring is tightened, and at her borders the civilized world waits while Germany reforms herself from within.

One provision of the armistice which was supplementary to the text as drawn by the Supreme War Council, and, therefore, does not appear in the text as President Wilson delivered it, was inserted after the German revolutionists took possession of the German fleet. It provides that if the fleet is not delivered as specified in the agreement, the Allied governments may occupy the Helgoland fortress as an advanced base to secure possession of it.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

The President spoke as follows:

The President spoke as follows:

Gentlemen of the Congress: In these anxious times of rapid and stupendous change it will in some degree lighten my sense of responsibility to perform in person the duty of communicating to you some of the larger circumstances of the situation with which it is necessary to deal.

The German authorities who have at the invitation of the Supreme War Council been in communication with Marshal Foch, have accepted and signed the terms of armistice which he was authorized and instructed to communicate to them.

Those terms are as follows:

Military clauses on western front:

(1.) Cessation of operations by land and in the air six hours after the signature of the armistice.

(2.) Immediate evacuation of invaded countries, Belgium, France, Alsace-Lorraine, Luxemburg, so ordered as to be completed within fourteen days from the signature of the armistice. German troops which have not left the above-mentioned territories within the period fixed will become prisoners of war. Occupation by the Allied and United States forces jointly will keep pace with evacuation in these areas. All movements of evacuation and occupation will be regulated in accordance with a note annexed to the stated terms.

(3.) Repatriation beginning at once and to be completed within fourteen days of all inhabitants of the countries above mentioned, including hostages and persons under trial or convicted.

(4.) Surrender in good condition by the German armies of the following equipments: Five thousand guns (2500 heavy, 2500 field,) 30,000 machine guns, 3000 minenwerfer, 2000 airplanes (fighters, bombers—firstly, D7's and night bombing machines.) The above to be delivered in situ to the Allies and the United States troops in accordance with detailed conditions laid down in the annexed note.

(5.) Evacuation by the German armies of the countries on the left bank of the Rhine. Those countries on the left bank of the Rhine shall be administered by the local authorities under the control of the Allied and United States armies of occupation. The occupation of these territories will be determined by Allied and United States garrisons holding the principal crossings of the Rhine, Mayence, Coblenz, Cologne, together with bridgeheads at these points in thirty-kilometer radius on the right bank and by garrisons similarly holding the strategic points of the regions. A neutral zone shall be reserved on the right of the Rhine between the stream and the line drawn parallel to it forty kilometers to the east from the frontier of Holland to the parallel of Gernsheim, and as far as practicable a distance of thirty kilometers from the east of the stream from this parallel upon Swiss frontier.

(6.) Evacuation by the enemy of the Rhine lands shall be so ordered as to be completed within a further period of eleven days, in all nineteen days after the signing of the armistice. [Here the President interrupted his reading to remark that there evidently had been an error in transmission, as the arithmetic was very bad. "The further period" of eleven days is in addition to the fourteen days allowed for evacuation of invaded countries, making twenty-five days given the Germans to get entirely clear of the Rhinelands.] All movements of evacuation and occupation will be regulated according to the note annexed.

(6.) In all territory evacuated by the enemy there shall be no evacuation of inhabitants; no damage or harm shall be done to the persons or property of the inhabitants. No destruction of any kind to be committed. Military establishments of all kinds shall be delivered intact, as well as military stores of food, munitions, equipment and transport during the period fixed for evacuation. Stores of food of all kinds for the civil population, cattle, etc., shall be left in situ. Industrial establishments shall not be impaired in any way and their personnel shall not be moved. Roads and means of communication of every kind, railroad, waterways, main roads, bridges, telegraphs, telephones, shall in no manner be impaired.

(7.) All civil and military personnel at present employed on them shall remain. Five thousand locomotives, 50,000 wagons and 10,000 motor lorries in good working order, with all necessary spare parts and fittings, shall be delivered to the associated powers within the period fixed for the evacuation of belgium and Luxemburg. The railways of Alsace-Lorraine shall be handed over within the same period, together with all prewar personnel and material.

Further material necessary for the working of railways in the country on the left bank of the Rhine shall be left in situ. All stores of coal and material for the upkeep of permanent ways, signals and repair shops left entire in situ and kept in an efficient state by Germany during the whole period of armistice.

All barges taken from the Allies shall be restored to them. A note appended regulates the details of these measures.

(8.) The German command shall be responsible for revealing all mines or delay-acting fuses disposed on territory evacuated by the German troops, and shall assist in their discovery and destruction. The German command shall also reveal all destructive measures that may have been taken (such as poisoning or polluting of springs, wells, etc.,) under penalty of reprisals.

(9.) The right of requisition shall be exercised by the Allies and the United States armies in all occupied territory. The upkeep of the troops of occupation in the Rhineland (excluding Alsace-Lorraine) shall be charged to the German government.

(10.) An immediate repatriation without reciprocity, according to detailed conditions which shall be fixed, of all Allied and United States prisoners of war. The Allied powers and the United States shall be able to dispose of these prisoners as they wish.

(11.) Sick and wounded who cannot be removed from evacuated territory will be cared for by German personnel, who will be left on the spot with the medical material required.

II. Disposition relative to the eastern frontiers of Germany:

(12.) All German troops at present in any territory which before the war belonged to Russia, Rumania or Turkey shall withdraw within the frontiers of Germany as they existed on August 1, 1914.

(13.) Evacuation by German troops to begin at once, and all German instructors, prisoners and civilians as well as military agents now in the territory of Russia (as defined before 1914) to be recalled.

(14.) German troops to cease at once all requisitions and seizures and any other undertaking with a view to obtaining supplies intended for Germany in Rumania and Russia (as defined on August 1, 1914.)

(15.) Abandonment of the treaties of Bucharest and Brest-Litovsk and of the supplementary treaties.

(16.) The Allies shall have free access to the territories evacuated by the Germans on their eastern frontier either through Danzig or by the Vistula in order to convey supplies to the populations of those territories or for any other purpose.

III. Clause concerning East Africa:

(17.) Unconditional capitulation of all German forces operating in East Africa within one month.

IV. General clauses:

(18.) Repatriation, without reciprocity, within a maximum period of one month, in accordance with detailed conditions hereafter to be fixed, of all civilians interned or deported who may be citizens of other Allied or associated states than those mentioned in clause No. 3, paragraph No. 19, with the reservation that any further claims and demands of the Allies and the United States of America remains unaffected.

(19.) The following financial conditions are required:

Reparation for damage done. While such armistice lasts no public securities shall be removed by the enemy which can serve as a pledge to the Allies for the recovery or reparation for war losses. Immediate restitution of the cash deposit in the National Bank of Belgium and in general return of all documents, specie, stocks, shares, paper money, together with plant for the issue thereof, touching public or private interests in the invaded countries. Restitution of the Russian and Rumanian gold yielded to Germany or taken by that power. This gold to be delivered in trust to the Allies until the signature of peace.

V. National conditions:

(20.) Immediate cessation of all hostilities at sea and definite information to be given as to the location and movements of all German ships. Notification to be given to neutrals that freedom of navigation in all territorial waters is given to the naval and mercantile marines of the Allied and associated powers, all questions of neutrality being waived.

(21.) All naval and mercantile marine prisoners of war of the Allied and associated powers in German hands to be returned without reciprocity.

(22.) Surrender to the Allies and the United States of America, of 160 German submarines (including all submarine cruisers and mine-laying submarines) with their complete armament and equipment in ports which will be specified by the Allies and the United States of America. All other submarines to be paid off and completely disarmed and placed under the supervision of the Allied Powers and the United States of America.

(23.) The following German surface warships, which shall be designated by the Allies and the United States of America, shall forthwith be disarmed and thereafter interned in neutral ports, or, for the want of them, in Allied ports, to be designated by the Allies and the United States of America and placed under the surveillance of the Allies and the United States of America, only caretakers being left on board, namely: Six battle cruisers, ten battleships, eight light cruisers, including two mine layers, fifty destroyers of the most modern type. All other surface warships (including river craft,) are also to be concentrated in German naval bases to be designated by the Allies and the United States of America, and are to be paid off and completely disarmed and placed under the supervision of the Allies and the United States of America. All vessels of the auxiliary fleet (trawlers, motor vessels, etc.,) are to be disarmed.

(24.) The Allies and the United States of America shall have the right to sweep up all mine fields and obstructions laid by Germany outside German territorial waters and the positions of these are to be indicated.

(25.) Freedom of access to and from the Baltic to be given to the naval and mercantile marines of the Allied and associated powers. To secure this, the Allies and the United States of America shall be empowered to occupy all German forts, fortifications, batteries and defense works of all kinds in all the entrances from the Categat into the Baltic, and to sweep up all mines and obstructions within and without German territorial waters without any question of neutrality being raised, and the positions of all such mines and obstructions are to be indicated.

(26.) The existing blockade conditions set up by the Allies and associated powers are to remain unchanged and all German merchant ships found at sea are to remain liable to capture.

(27.) All naval aircraft are to be concentrated and immobilized in German bases to be specified by the Allies and the United States of America.

(28.) In evacuating the Belgian coasts and ports, Germany shall abandon all merchant ships, tugs, lighters, cranes and all other harbor materials, all materials for inland navigation, all aircraft and all materials and stores, all arms and armaments, and all stores and apparatus of all kinds.

(29.) All Black Sea ports are to be evacuated by Germany; all Russian war vessels of all descriptions seized by Germany in the Black Sea are to be handed over to the Allies and the United States of America; all neutral vessels seized are to be released; all warlike and other materials of all kinds seized in those ports are to be returned and German materials as specified in clause twenty-eight are to be abandoned.

(30.) All merchant vessels in German hands belonging to the Allied and associated powers are to be restored in ports to be specified by the Allies and the United States of America without reciprocity.

(31.) No destruction of ships or of materials to be permitted before evacuation, surrender or restoration.

(32.) The German government will notify the neutral governments of the word and particularly the government of Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Holland, that all restrictions placed on the trading of their vessels with the Allied and associated countries, whether by the German government or by private German interests and whether in return for specific concessions such as the export of shipbuilding materials or not are immediately canceled.

(33.) No transfers of German merchant shipping of any description to any neutral flag are to take

(Continued on Sixth Page.)

FRENCH GREET PEACE WILDLY.

Chamber of Deputies Scene of Intense Enthusiasm.

Galleries Acclaim Clemenceau as He Reads Terms.

Paris Bedecked in Allied Flags has Day of Gladness.

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]

PARIS, Nov. 11, 5:15 p.m.—Scenes of the wildest enthusiasm were enacted in the Chamber of Deputies this afternoon when Premier Clemenceau read the conditions of the German armistice. The whole chamber rose to greet the Premier while the galleries, in which was a predominance of soldiers in uniform and women, cheered for several minutes.

Prolonged cheering greeted the announcement that Alsace-Lorraine would be occupied, and the name of Marshal Foch, as the signer of the document, was lustily received.

Premier Clemenceau received the newspaper men this morning, addressing them as follows:

"This is a great pleasure to receive you. I thank you for the visit.

"The armistice was signed at 5 o'clock this morning. Germany accepting all the conditions with slight modification. We have to be very careful about the food problem in Germany. We cannot let the nation suffer famine. We must endure, ourselves, and at the same time keep our military superiority.

"We have seized all locomotives and other means of transportation. The terms of the armistice will be officially announced this afternoon in the chamber. Thank you, gentlemen. France has done wonderfully through four long years."

As soon as the official announcement was made of the signing of the armistice all official buildings, embassies and legations in Paris were bedecked with flags, and church bells were rung. Workers from offices and shops formed processions, which paraded through the principal streets of the capital. The marchers sang Allied national hymns and carried Allied flags.

SUMMARY OF DAY'S EVENTS

THE SKY. Clear. Wind at 5 p.m., S.W.; velocity 5 miles. Thermometer, highest, 79 deg; lowest, 58 deg. Forecast: Tuesday fair. Light to heavy frost.

For complete weather data see last page of this section.

THE CITY. Los Angeles acclaimed the cessation of hostilities with the greatest celebration in its history; accidents were many and one person was killed and more than 100 injured.

Entertainment of selects was stopped, but it was announced the draft boards would continue, and questionnaires must be filled out.

Fit was declared to be on the toboggan, with the number of cases for two days only half as many as for a similar period last week.

City was reported to be far behind on its United War Work Fund drive, and the honor day period was extended until tonight.

Ortie McManigal, informer in the notorious McNamara dynamiters' case, was arrested at the harbor charged with stealing an auto trailer.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA. Gov. Cantu sends his famous Twenty-fifth Regiment band across border. Musicians lead Calexico's big victory parade.

Great military pageant features victory celebration at San Diego.

THE GREAT WAR. Gen. Crowder cancels all outstanding draft calls and halts movement of men to training camps.

By terms of armistice Germans lose all power outside boundary of country, must give up Alsace-Lorraine and all invaded territory, surrender warships and cannon.

German Reds aboard warship Strassburg wireless to remainder of fleet not to accept terms of armistice, but to fight. British fleet alert.

Americans hurl tons of steel into German ranks as hour of armistice arrives as a parting shot at Huns.

Rumor in London former Crown Prince of Germany shot. No details.

GENERAL EASTERN. Throughout the country peace celebrations were held. At Norfolk the crowds ended in a riot.

Movement started in several American cities to make November 11 international holiday. Congress to be asked to take matter up with other nations.

WASHINGTON. Food prices not expected to take immediate drop, says Hoover, declaring some commodities will decrease while others increase.

Presidess attends first diplomatic function since America entered war.

The casualty list carries 1081 names, 351 killed in action. Fourteen Southern Californians are mentioned.

Congressional leaders and treasury officials discuss revenue problems. Republicans urge economy.

PACIFIC SLOPE. California will raise war work fund quota in four days. Whole nation responds.

State health officials declare Spanish influenza epidemic is definitely on wane. Washington takes list off State today.

CAPTURE TWO; HELD FOR TRAIN ROBBERY.

[EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.]

SANTA BARBARA, Nov. 11.—John Churchill and Jack Creswell, alleged to be wanted at Moline, Ill., for holding up a Rock Island train, have been arrested here by Sheriff Ross and Chief of Police Desgrandchamp and turned over to the San Luis Obispo authorities on grand larceny charges. It is claimed that the two have been positively identified as the Illinois train robbers.

OUR CASUALTIES IN FRANCE.

[OFFICIAL GOVERNMENT DISPATCH.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The casualty list today carries a total of 1081 names, 351 killed in action. Southern Californians included in the list follows: Killed in action, Corp. Robert W. Cooper, Oxnard; Corp. Amzi H. Jeffers, Redlands; Corp. Chester C. Parmerlee, No. 1435 East Eighth street, Long Beach; Privates Antonio Morchio, Colusa; Erwin E. Stein, No. 126 East avenue, Los Angeles; Laurie G. Rutherford, Santa Barbara; Albert L. Pinkham, Grass Valley; Charles F. Rosecrans, Crescent City; Earl A. Hobuck, No. 740 Crocker street, Los Angeles. Died of disease, Walter T. Kittse, Hollywood. Wounded, degree undetermined, Ernest Orville Ament, No. 5523 Virginia street, Los Angeles; Fred C. Miller, Hermosa Beach; Chester Whittemore, Lompoc. The classification follows: Killed in action, 351; died of wounds, 42; died of accident and other causes, 7; died of disease, 219; wounded (degree undetermined,) 107; wounded slightly, 195; missing in action, 160; total, 1081.

Killed in Action.

Majors—
Putnam, Israel, Washington.
Weichel, R. F., Bryan, Tex.

Captain—
Secomb, A. A., Chicago.

Lieutenants—
Pamons, J. R., Erie, Pa.
Patterson, F. S., Philadelphia.
Pierce, W. C., Twin Falls, Ida.
Simpson, Albert T., Waverly Hall, Ga.
Watters, W. J. H., Ellicott City, Md.

Sergeants—
Costa, D., Trinity, Tex.
Dulmage, R. F., Zion City, Ill.
Gibson, W. A., Wellston, Okla.
Goodaky, A. J., St. Louis.
Haines, S. J., Alexandria, Va.
Morrow, H. S., Catasqua, Pa.
Plant, M. S., Bethlehem, N. H.
Brooks, Lee A., Troy, Pa.
Maddox, R., Mt. Vernon, Ill.
Cosgrove, John D., St. Louis.
Fox, John F., Philadelphia.
Gardner, Alfred W., New York.
Neubauer, William G., Lynchburg, Va.

Sergeant-Major—
Bair, H. H., Hanover, Pa.

Corporals—
Kelley, H. R., Easton, Kan.
Leader, C. R., Bedford, Pa.
McLaughlin, F., Trenton, Mo.
Neville, P., Waterford, Mass.
Powell, C., Bancroft, Neb.
Schlegel, R. F., Westminster, Pa.
Dupre, M. J., Syracuse, N. Y.
Bullard, Carl E., Lamar, Mo.
Kennedy, P. J., Larkville, Pa.
Rodgers, Sam M., Hurstville, Tex.
Roth, E. B., Atchison, Kan.
Thompson, Charles H., Jr., New Orleans, La.
Watson, J. R., Jefferson, O.

Privates—
Greer, F. B., Logewood, N. C.
Griswold, Levi, Yarrow, Mo.
Heller, Jay Edward, Milan, Ind.
Jones, John L., Tina, Mo.
Jost, Philip J., Buffalo, N. D.
Mahler, Peter, Ireland, Ky.
Randolph, Roy, Melford, Iowa
Rhodes, C., Guernsey, Kan.
Wall, E. W., Sacramento, Cal.
Wilson, F. H., Grafton, W. Va.
Bahnby, W., Sacramento, Cal.
Bottorf, Glen W., Downs, Kan.
Conway, John R., Herndon, Va.
Cooper, R. W., Baltimore, Md.
Curtis, S. D., Hannibal, Mo.
Cutler, James R., Abilene, Kan.
Dixon, W. G., Ogden, Utah.
Elkins, G. A., Lexington, Mo.
Kinnier, E. S., Princeton, Neb.
Lee, Jesse, Dukedom, Tenn.
Raimes, C. M., Clinton, Mo.
Schobel, Frank A., New Brunswick, N. J.
Sexton, J. C., Morris City, Ill.
Tipton, Roy Lavelle, Mo.
Vetter, Frank J., West Hoboken, N. J.

Corporals—
Albert, Edward, Jr., Montgomery, Iowa.
Bucurra, Harry, Harshill, Mass.
Carson, J. F., Orford, N. J.
Cooper, R. W., Oxnard, Cal.
Hamlin, Ray Elwood, Ill.
Hoffman, J. L., Brookfield, Md.
Kellow, James A., Murfreesboro, Tenn.
Moore, E. E., Wakeeney, Kan.
Mullen, J. F., Haverhill, Mass.
Horner, J. V., Lockhart, Tex.
Jeffers, Amzi, Redlands, Cal.
Kimmel, Paul, Dayton, O.
Macatee, S. A., Baltimore, Md.
Manns, Ezra C., Cleveland, O.
Odam, W. J., Unionville, Mo.
Offenburger, W., Brooklyn.
Pfrimmer, Chester, 1476 East Eighth St., Long Beach.
Patten, H. V., Delphos, O.
Pennell, J. E., Ames, Iowa.
Pennings, A. J., Green Bay, Wis.
Popson, John, North Lethorpe, Ark.
Richardson, Chester E., McConnellsburg, Pa.
Rogers, Charles J., Waco, Tex.
Rovers, M., Salinas, Cal.
Thomas, Edward R., Wilmington, N. C.
Tongan, Ed., Portland, Ind.
Trout, Ira, Columbia, Ill.
White, O. W., Edenton, N. C.
Wilson, Barry, Cincinnati.
Wolf, Leroy, Haydenville, O.

Bugler—
Fuchs, John F., Baltimore.

Cooks—
Moore, T., Collingswood, N. J.
Brown, G. C., Phenix, Md.
Waggoner—
Kampmann, H., Newburgh, Ind.
Sayers, Erwin E., York, Pa.

Cooks—
Fields, R. F., Brenham, Tex.
Marber, C., Mt. Pleasant, Tex.
Monkey, George A., Jersey City, N. J.

Privates—
Adkins, G. I., Herndon, Pa.
Alstrum, Chester A., Cripple Creek, Colo.
Andrick, Leslie, Spanish Forks, Utah.
Angelino, G., Bristol, Pa.
Arrigo, A., Beverly, N. J.
Bell, E. L., Shreve, O.
Boyle, Harry M., Mahanoy City, Pa.
Capobianco, Barbelo, Boston.
Carey, F. E., Chillicothe, Ill.
Castro, Joseph H., El Provido, Cal.
Chase, H. F., Westerlay, R. I.
Cheshire, G. R., Kansas City, Kan.
Clark, C. B., Kortzville, Mo.
Congleton, L., Mc Nechee, Tex.
Cook, H. D., Cincinnati, O.
Cox, C. E., Loudonville, O.
Dere, Harold, Urbana, O.
Dukes, Simon, Bartlett, O.
Albert, W. G., Hagerstown, Md.
Altenberg, Harry O., Franklin Grove, Ill.
Armel, A., Coopersstown, Ill.
Bailey, C. E., Nokesville, Va.
Baldwin, C. F., Kutztown, Pa.
Bandy, C. E., Springdale, Ark.
Bengo, B. L., Yorkton, Del.
Bennett, Guy V., Vernon, N. D.
Berfeld, Philip R., Baltimore, Md.
Buhl, William, West New York, N. J.
Butler, R., New Haven, Ct.
Chapelli, Alfred P., Platteville, Wis.
Crowley, William Belwin, Millers Falls, Mass.
Cutler, J. R., San Francisco, Cal.
Donahue, M., Philadelphia, Pa.
Durst, H. E., Northfield, Wash.
Gangewere, Clifford J., West Bethlehem, Pa.
Haslan, C. J., Portal, N. D.
Haskins, G., Northport, N. Y.
Hendrix, C., Clinton, Iowa.
Hogan, J. R., Baltimore, Md.
Kellman, Herbert J., Dyer, Ind.
Kelly, Robert E., Oakland, Cal.
Kitto, F., Runningville, S. D.
Kmielowitz, J., Cheltyren, Pa.
Koonis, G. M., Columbus, O.
Lobmuller, L., Philadelphia, Pa.
Ludwig, James C., Baltimore, Md.
McNamara, Ernest R., Boston, Mass.
McNamara, J., Philadelphia, Pa.
Magliocca, H., Dresden, N. Y.
Martin, F. P., Mt. Airy, N. C.
Mastorelli, C., Montgomery, Pa.
Mull, G. K., Montgomery, Pa.
Myhre, Paul E., Trail, Minn.
Patrick, Harry M., Nahala, Mo.
Oberhause, Walter J., Washington, Mo.
Parsons, Chester, Beaver City, Neb.
Pantley, Gordon, Piqua, O.
Parke, Amos, Logrango, Ga.
Perkins, Arthur, Belleview Sta., Fla.
Price, George S., Phoenix, Md.
Pullman, Vincent, Jackson, Mich.
Roth, J. A., Rochester, N. Y.
Rowe, John R., Akron, O.
Sanchez, Jose, San Francisco, Cal.
Pritz, George H., Reville, S. D.
Garratt, George W., Humboldt, Tenn.
Glenn, Samuel E., Busk, Tex.
Glover, J. L., Bird Creek, Tenn.
Goss, W., Fodwood, Ala.
Graham, Walter J., Bowling Green, Ky.
Guy, Fay, Muscotah, Kan.
Hipert, E., Baltimore, Md.
Heidman, F., Cleveland, O.
Jakon, W. G., Garfield, Utah.
Keenan, J. F., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Kennedy, J. F., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Kimball, Edgar R., Philadelphia, Pa.
Kirchoffer, C., Louisville, Ky.
Klinpert, H. A., Rochester, N. Y.
Koch, J., Hastings, Neb.
Lehman, P., Gilmore, Ind.
McCullough, Fred, Burlington, Kan.
McMillan, C. G., Rexford, N. C.
Mateo, Alfredo, Longoria, Tex.
Mayer, Lloyd C., Little Falls, Minn.
Martin, R. B., Dolphin, Wash.
Marseville, T., Fleshing, N. Y.
Mathis, Joseph P., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Maxwell, M. J., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Mercurio, C. R., Ozark, Mo.
Micannon, Joseph J., Catawissa, Pa.
Moore, H. S., Shillington, Pa.
Morchie, Antonio, Colusa, Cal.
Morris, R. R., Philadelphia, Pa.
Morrow, W. H., Portland, Or.
Moultice, John K., New Cumberland, W. Va.
Olsach, Charles G., Chicago.
Sampson, J., Millwood, N. Y.
Patalino, E., Camille, N. Y.
Pederson, J. M., New Brighton, N. Y.
Peters, Carl Cass, Savona, N. Y.
Pretzman, F. W., Cambridge, Md.
Quinto, C., Brooklyn.
Reed, L. C., Mattoon, Ill.
Ridings, J. R., Campobello, S. C.
Rose, L., Ashland, Okla.
Simmons, W. L., Houston, Tex.
Thomitz, Ferdinand, St. Louis.
Thorpe, John R., Lena, Miss.
Thorsen, Henry, Stockton.
Turner, Ira A., Sonora, Ky.
Turner, Robert H., Petty, Tex.
Tuttle, J. J., Endicott, N. Y.
Wallace, C. W., Kingston, Pa.
Walsh, Lee, Whittemore, Iowa.
Walsh, T. J., Boomer, N. C.
Wellington, Roy, Exad Vanconver, Can.
Werniker, George, Brooklyn.
Yehle, J. O., Philadelphia.
Young, Harold R., Canada.
Schaal, Rene R., Philadelphia.
Sherrill, F. M., Browning, Ill.
Slattery, J. F., Waterville, Iowa.
Tabor, C. E., Cranston, R. I.
Vanorden, G., Jersey City, N. J.
Yorta, Nicholas, New York.
Weber, Charles F., Brooklyn.
Weber, Mathias, Barton, Wis.
Zobinkie, Henry M., Mt. Pleasant, Utah.
Ackerman, Harvey P., Las Cruces, N. M.
Airey, George E., Baltimore.
Allen, S., Raleigh, N. C.
Ambers, T. W., Norristown, Pa.
Anderson, Alfred W., St. Paul.
Anderson, Thomas, San Ramon, Cal.
Angeleri, Vito, Brooklyn.
Arnold, E. E., Wichita, Kan.
Balsing, H. J., San Francisco.
Campbell, Angelo O., Pattleton, D. C.
Dalrymple, J., Monmouth, Or.
Davidson, Harold Arthur, Soldiers Grove, Wis.
Diamond, David, Philadelphia.
Dillian, Carmino, Wilson, Pa.
Dzial, J. S., Smyrna, Pa.
Escalcon, Glenn N., Whenna, Minn.
Gantt, George E., Liberty, S. C.
Geffert, W. H., Hinsdale, Ill.
Goe, George, Perry, Fla.
Grochoski, Joseph, Buffalo, N. Y.
Gruel, T. G., Baltimore, Md.
Hall, Ernest, Ellis, Kan.
Hanson, Hans C., Ogden, Utah.
Hobock, Bart E., Crocker St., Los Angeles, Cal.
Holman, Clyde F., New York, N. Y.
Hopper, B. H., Forest City, N. C.
Howell, C., West St. Louis.
Joernes, C. A., Jackson, Mo.
John, A. G., Wenatchee, Wash.
Johnson, Carl, Fosston, Minn.
Jones, W. T., Franklin, Va.
Karkowicz, F., Russian Poland.
Kesmer, Francis Edward, Chest Springs, Pa.
Klewins, W. F., Linden, Mo.
Bollinger, V. G., Bedford, Pa.
Bond, Arthur, Robins, Ind.
Botkin, Jay Wellington, Kan.
Bradshaw, C., Oklahoma City, Okla.
Cook, George V., Oklahoma City, Okla.
Cornell, V., Minneapolis, Minn.
Cowgill, W. H., Kansas City, Mo.
Cullers, N. E., Rileyville, Va.
Cupp, P. K., Kittanning, Pa.
Davis, Roy, Lavaleste, W. Va.
Davis, Joseph, New York, N. Y.
Demeree, O. C., Hillsboro, Ill.
Dingess, Peter, New York.
Dunn, Thomas F., Marcellina, N. Y.
Dwyer, John, San Francisco.
Eaton, Roy, Bethel, Pa.
Ernst, W. A., Philadelphia.
Fisher, Ali, Dixon, Cal.
Fleshaker, J. J., Charleston, W. Va.
Hageman, A., Lazzra, S. D.
Hayes, E. F., Whiteville, N. C.
Hein, N. M., Baltimore.
Hopp, Ira, Island, Ill.
Koch, L. P., Concord, Neb.
Logan, W., Fisher, Minn.
Lowe, Ben, Kirksville, Mo.
McDonald, H. R., Vermillion, S. D.
Machinist, L. J., Jersey City, N. J.
McVay, C. J. L., Burlington, Iowa.
Macinnes, J., Holyoke, Mass.
Mason, C. H., Ft. Pitt, Pa.
Parks, C. H., Fresno, Cal.
Keaton, T. F., Forbes, Mo.
Pascoe, R. H., Pekin, Ill.
Keith, H. H., Nada, Utah.
Kelly, J. J., Philadelphia.
Knight, A., Ledia, Va.
Landers, C. L., Kenmare, Va.
Lee, A. S., White Earth, N. D.
Mellanahi, S., Sask, N. Y.
Martin, H. H., Brooklyn, Bay, W. K., Elk Park, N. C.
Rice, C. T., Blaine, Okla.
Richards, J. R., Butte, Mont.
Rios, C. T., McMeador, Mont.
Sherman, A. G., Williamsport, Pa.
Rivenburg, F., Brooklyn.
Rizzo, J., Italy.
Robbins, W. E., Wilson, N. C.
Roberts, D. E., Philadelphia.
Roberts, Harry, Philadelphia.
Rosen, H. C., Princeton, Mo.
Rowcroft, J., Oneonta, City, Cal.
Rozenberg, A. C., Farrell, Minn.
Ross, E., Karnes City, Tex.
Rowden, M. R., Oxford, Ark.
Sanders, C. E., Memphis, Mo.
Schaefer, C. H., Cincinnati, O.
Thomas, Tucker, G. H., Wilmington, O.
Vanbrigle, W. J., Kansas City, Mo.
Viola, R. H., Abilene, Kan.
Webb, W. E., Plainview, Tex.
Williams, H. C., Columbia, Mo.
Willis, C. F., Ennota, Iowa.
Woodworth, J. R., Providence, R. I.
Zimmer, E. W., White Bear Lake, Minn.
Pearson, J. F., Tazewell, Tenn.
Peterman, F. R., Friendship, Wis.
Philippe, A., South Charleston, W. Va.
Pinkham, A. L., Grass Valley, Cal.
Reffle, J. S., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Rutherford, L. G., Santa Barbara, Cal.
Schriner, C., Laurel, Mont.
Shelley, R. C., Corsby, Minn.
Smith, W. W., Eureka, Mont.
Swanson, A. N., Grafton, N. D.
Stein, E., No. 126 East ave., Los Angeles.
Thibeault, Manville, R. I.
Thomas, F., Chase City, Va.
Yost, F. E., Wolfe City, Tex.

Died From Wounds.

Captain—
Abercrombie, C. H., Portland, Or.

Corporals—
Albert, H. C., Brooklyn.
Emery, O. C., West Rockhaven, Con

art of Germany.

NCE.

rries a total of included in the ard; Corp. Amzi 35 East Eighth in E. Stein, No. a Barbara; Al- ent City; Earl disease, Walter Ernest Orville iller, Hermoea ollows: Killed ther causes, 7; 107; wounded

LONDON CROWDS ACCLAIM KING.

Peace Within Sight His Majesty Tells Throng.

Lloyd George Given Ovation at His Residence.

Special Service of Prayer Held at St. Paul's.

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]

LONDON, Nov. 11.—A great multitude waving flags appeared before Buckingham Palace shortly before noon and cheered until the King and Queen, Princess Marie and the Duke of Connaught appeared on the balcony. The national anthem was sung repeatedly by the crowd.

Speaking from the balcony of Buckingham Palace, King George said:

"With you I rejoice. Thank God for the victories which the Allied armies have won and have brought hostilities to an end. Peace is within sight."

An enormous cheering crowd pressed into Downing street shouting "Lloyd George! Lloyd George!" Finally the cheers and shouts brought the Premier and Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, to a second-floor window of the Premier's residence. When they appeared pandemonium ensued.

For five minutes the crowd cheered and waved flags frantically and then sang, "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow." The Premier stood passively and unsmiling, but his face was serene. When order and silence had been secured, he began to speak as follows:

GLORIOUS VICTORY.

"You are entitled to rejoice. The people of this country and of their allies and the people of our overseas dominions and of India have won it. It is the most wonderful victory for liberty in the history of the world. Let us thank God for it."

Premier Lloyd George bowed and disappeared. Chancellor Bonar Law after kissing his hand to the crowd as he pulled down the window, moved away.

Hardly had the Premier finished talking when a long file of shouting soldiers—British, Canadian, Australians, Americans and a few from other Allied countries—wedged their way through the throng and managed to reach the front of the Premier's house, where they gave him a great ovation.

The Lord Mayor of London, who in response to calls from the crowds, came to the front of the Mansion House, said:

STILL WORK TO DO.

"Citizens of London:

"Let us congratulate ourselves on the great news that our four years of strenuous work has now come to an end and that we see before us the result of the strenuous labor of Great Britain and her Allies.

"Let us not forget that there is still work for every loyal and patriotic citizen in the reconstruction and many other problems which must arise. I will only say now, let us give three cheers for His Majesty!"

To this there was a great response.

At the Admiralty there were calls for a speech from Sir Eric Geddes, the First Lord. The crowds had collected there and hastily improvised platforms were erected for the First Lord and the members of the Board of the Admiralty. Sir Eric Geddes called for three cheers for Vice-Admiral Beatty (commander of the Grand Fleet) and these having been given with great fervor, the crowds again asked for a speech, but the cheering drowned all else. The First Lord called for cheers for the British bluejackets.

"TIMES" SELECTED.

This Journal Made Official Advertising Organ for City Auctioneers' Body.

At a largely-attended meeting of the Los Angeles Auctioneers' Association, held at the offices of H. B. Nash, No. 2303 South Grand avenue, last night, it was decided to make The Times the official advertising medium for the association, which includes the city's leading auctioneers in its membership. The decision means that the advertising of the members of the association will henceforth appear exclusively in The Times.

Other business of a routine nature was transacted at the meeting.

GOVERNMENT TO KEEP PHONES FOR A YEAR.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Government operation of telephone and telegraph communications by the Postoffice Department will continue for at least a year, whether any step is taken by Congress toward public ownership, said David J. Lewis of the department's control commission today.

Learned the Real Value of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

"We first learned of the true value of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy several years ago, when we lived near Clifton Hill, this State," writes Mrs. James Malone, Moberly, Mo. "At that time I had a severe cold and an annoying cough. I got a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and after taking a few doses of it my cough loosened up and my lungs felt better. I used one bottle of it and by then my cold had entirely disappeared."—[Advertisement.

ECZEMA

Or the worst type of any other skin troubles easily healed with Oak Tree Remedy. Results are seen over night. 50c a bottle. MONEY CHEERFULLY REFUNDED IF NOT SATISFACTORY.

You can get Oak Tree at any of Owl Drug Stores.

ECONOMY AFTER PEACE, DEMAND.

Republican Senators Urge Curtailments of Bureau.

Small Prospect of Lightening Taxation Burden.

Another Liberty Loan to be Launched in Spring.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Peace may throw into conference between Congressional end treasury officials the question of whether the tax burden placed in the pending revenue bill can be lightened in view of prospective reduction of expenditures.

Senator Simmons, chairman of the Finance Committee, Chairman Kitchin of the House Ways and Means Committee and Secretary McAdoo discussed the problem, but reached no conclusion. Mr. McAdoo said he would make an immediate survey of the government's financial plans for return of the army from abroad, for curtailing war orders, and other phases of war-business conversion, and make recommendations within a few days.

The uncertainty of future government financial needs and the urgent need of pushing the revenue legislation to completion at an early date constitute the principal reasons prompting many Congressional leaders, both Democrats and Republicans, today to advocate that the bill be not changed to reduce the revenue to any great extent. Already the Senate has revised it so that the revenue is estimated at about $6,250,000,000 instead of the $8,000,000,000 voted by the House draft. Treasury officials also pointed out that a large inflow of taxes will reduce the sales of war bonds which must be floated in the spring.

ECONOMY DEMANDED.

Demand for immediate steps to curb expenditures now is coming strongly from both parties in Congress. Senators Borah and other Republicans, in addresses in the Senate today, urged immediate curtailment of vast government expenditures and said Democratic Senator Martin would have difficulty in carrying out his recently-announced economy programmes unless the public is informed on details of all expenditures.

Senator Martin will find there are 1000 reasons advanced for curbing and extending existing laws," said Senator Borah. "One reason Congress never has been able to do is to abolish an office or department."

Senator Smoot said the time has come for the Senate to point out where the saving can be brought about. He urged immediate curtailment of Washington war bureaus, some of which, he said, have as many as 15,000 employees.

HUGE SUMS NEEDED.

Treasury officials said today that expenses of about a billion and a half dollars a month are expected to continue through the winter, with the new war loan in the spring.

Loans to Allies will not be shut off, but if the call for aid from foreign governments continues many months, it will be under a new program providing for peace and reconstruction loans. The government's policy for assisting in the rebuilding of the great task of reconstructing war-torn sections of Europe has not yet formulated.

The government's financial agent in many important reconstruction matters will be the War Finance Corporation, whose powers Congress will shortly be asked to broaden to enable it to advance funds to enterprises essential for peace, the industries converting from war to normal production and possibly even rebuilding ventures abroad.

AUSTRIANS GLAD WAR HAS ENDED.

Country Free from Violence, Save from Hunger Strikes. Prisoners Repatriated.

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 11.—(By the Associated Press.) More than a million Italian prisoners of war held in Austria have been returned to Italy. Sick and wounded men will be returned later by way of Switzerland.

The repatriated soldiers say that violent conditions are not prevalent in Austria, except for disorders due to hunger strikes. They declare that the civil population desires heartily to see the return home of their own men. The soldiers in Austria are indifferent or else express happiness that the war is over.

Italian officers returning from Austria express the opinion that for the present there will be no disturbances in Austria like those in Russia.

MOVEMENT IS STARTED FOR A WORLD HOLIDAY.

PLANNED TO MAKE NOVEMBER 11 DAY OF INTERNATIONAL CELEBRATION.

[EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.]

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—Spontaneous as the outburst of rejoicing that greeted the signing of the armistice that ends the greatest war in history is a movement which is said to be taking form in several American cities today, including Chicago, to make November 11 a world holiday forever in remembrance of the great event.

As permanent and as world-wide and as much a part of the life of all nations as Christmas, it is proposed to make the new holiday an international one and not limited to any one country, as are the Fourth of July, Memorial Day, Labor Day, etc., in America, the Queen's birthday in England and Bastile Day in France.

Congress will be asked to take the matter up in connection with the other nations, it is said, and arrange at the earliest moment for the official proclamation of the day as an annual celebration all over the world and for all time to come.

CREEL TO ASK SOON NEWS BE UNCENSORED.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Abandonment of all censorship on news, including withdrawal of the voluntary censorship request under which American newspapers have been operating since the United States entered the war, will be recommended to President Wilson soon by George Creel, chairman of the Committee on Public Information.

LITTLE TURMOIL ATTENDS CHANGE

(Continued from Second Page.)

is taking place in Warsaw, the capital of Poland. The railway station there has been occupied by Polish forces, who have refused the German troops in the city permission to pass through Polish territory.

Public authority in the Prussian North Sea port of Dansig is in the hands of a Soldiers' and Workmen's Council formed by both Socialistic parties. There were no disturbances Sunday, but a general strike was declared for today.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 11.—(By the Associated Press.) Armed workers and soldiers stormed the prison in the Alt-Meabit street in Berlin, but at the request of Deputy Baechner they released only those incarcerated as "war victims," including former Capt. Von Berfeld, who was concerned in the distribution of the memorandum of Prince Lichnowsky, which accused Germany of starting the war.

News has been received in Berlin and forwarded here that the garrisons at Doeberitz and Potsdam are in the hands of the soldiers' and workers' council.

German garrisons along the Dutch frontier are reported in revolt. Officers are being disarmed and being treated roughly in some instances.

BASEL, Nov. 11.—(By Associated Press.) Fighting between revolutionary forces and imperial troops was still going on in Berlin Sunday morning. The struggle, which began Saturday evening, broke out afresh at 9 o'clock Sunday morning.

The heaviest fighting Sunday morning was in front of the Victoria and Bauer cafes and the Library of the arsenal, near the Lustgarten, where officers, military cadets and boy scouts were fortified.

Violent struggles also occurred in the neighborhood of the Friedrichstrasse depot, where officers with machine guns fired on patrols of revolutionary soldiers. The revolutionaries took refuge in houses, hotels and large business establishments which surround the depot, and from the roofs fired down into the street. The combat lasted twenty minutes.

Numerous officers have been arrested. Others are hiding in the cellars and subterranean passages of the royal library and the cafes.

Combats lasted all night in the Dorotheenstrasse, where several soldiers were killed or wounded.

PARIS, Nov. 11.—(Havas.) During revolutionary disorders at Cologne a crowd tried to demolish with machine-gun fire a statue of William II, but finally contented itself with mumling up the statue and placing upon it a card inscribed "A good journey." It is reported that Prince Henry of Prussia has fled to Denmark.

MADRID, Nov 11—(Havas.) Manifestations have occurred in the larger cities of Spain on the announcement of the victory of the Allies over Germany. The news has occasioned a recrudescence of sentiments favorable to the Entente.

ZURICH, Nov. 11, 4:50 a.m.—(By Associated Press.) Enthusiastic demonstrations were held in Strassburg on Saturday night. France was cheered, notwithstanding the intervention of mounted police.

Great processions filed through the streets until far into the night, carrying banners on which were inscribed:

"We want to be reattached to France, our mother country."

Alsatian soldiers on leave joined in the demonstration.

The Mayor and the German military commander appealed to the people to keep calm and avoid excesses.

Reich and Lievre

751 South Broadway

Celebrated Yesterday in Honor of Victory Announcement

The Overstock Sale, which was advertised in Sunday's papers will start today (Tuesday), instead of Monday as advertised.

DRAW GERMAN WAR FANGS.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Analysis of the terms imposed upon Germany shows them to be even more drastic than those being enforced against Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey.

From a military standpoint all of these powers have been stripped even of the means of defense.

The object sought—absolute prevention of a recurrence of hostilities—is the same in each case, and in general the same characters of concessions were required, though in Germany's case there was no necessity to provide for future campaigns against a remaining enemy.

The surrender of 5000 cannon, 2000 airplanes and other war materials in proportion, military men say, means that for years to come the German states will be unable to think in terms of armed force against any of the powers associated against them. Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey are in the same state as to military essentials even if the complete political disintegration of Austria-Hungary had not virtually disposed of danger from that source.

The strength of the German navy has been cut, by the condition to surrender 160 submarines, six battle cruisers and ten battleships, fifty modern destroyers and many other craft. At this single stroke Germany would lose virtually its whole modern fleet. The ships which remain are chiefly of the pre-dreadnaught days and other obsolete types.

It was noted by officers here that Marshal Foch and his naval advisers had not lost sight of the mutiny within the German fleet and the possibility that this might interfere with the carrying out of the armistice naval terms. The supplementary condition, authorizing occupation of Helgoland as an advanced base by the Allies in case the specified ships are not promptly surrendered, is designed to render the German fleet harmless in any case and its destruction certain in the end.

It was noted with satisfaction that ample precaution had been taken in the terms against the erection of any interior defense behind the Rhine. The occupation of the Rhine fortresses and of a thirty-kilometer zone on the right bank of the river, wherever a bridgehead is to be protected, gives absolute domination of the forty-kilometer neutral zone established east of the Rhine to the Allied forces, even without the garrisoning of any cities or other points within the zone. The way is to be kept open continually for advance into the heart of Germany by a dozen routes across the great river.

SOLF APPEALS TO WILSON.

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]

LONDON, Nov. 11.—Dr. Solf, the German Foreign Secretary, has addressed a message to Secretary of State Lansing, requesting that President Wilson intervene to mitigate the "fearful conditions" existing in Germany.

Dr. Solf says, according to a German wireless dispatch received here today, that he feels it his duty to draw President Wilson's attention to the fact that the enforcement of the conditions of the armistice, especially the surrender of transport, means the starving of millions, and requests that the President's influence be directed toward overcoming this danger.

The President, he points out, has declared that he did not wish to make war on the German people and did not wish to impede its peaceful development.

HOOVER SEES NO QUICK DROP IN FOOD PRICES.

WARNS OF CONTINUANCE OF GOVERNMENT'S ANTI-PROFITEERING MEASURES.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Immediate dropping of food prices as a result of the conclusion of an armistice cannot be expected, Food Administrator Hoover declared tonight in a statement, which added that while the prices of some foodstuffs will decrease, others will increase.

"With the war effectually over," said Mr. Hoover, "we enter a new economic era, and its immediate effect on prices is difficult to anticipate. The prices of some food commodities may increase, but others will decrease, because with liberated shipping accumulated stocks in the Southern Hemisphere and the Far East will be available. The demands upon the United States will change in character, but not in volume."

All activities of the Food Administration will be continued through the armistice period, said Mr. Hoover, adding that "there will be no relaxation of efforts to keep down profiteering to the last moment."

"The maintenance of the embargo," he continued, "will prevent depletion of our stocks by hungry Europe below our necessities, and anyone who contemplates speculation in food against the needs of these people can well be warned of the prompt action of the government."

LAZY INTERNED ALIEN EXPOSES ESCAPE PLOT.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

SALT LAKE CITY, Nov. 11.—Refusal of an interned enemy alien in the third war prison camp at Fort Douglas to take his turn digging an escape tunnel resulted tonight in the stabbing of three men, one of whom may die. The three men involved in the stabbing are "Max" Gunter, who is the most seriously hurt, "Fritz" Fisher and "Wilhelm" Borrahon.

The escape tunnel was discovered by prison guards shortly after the fight. The digging had been carried on to a great extent and might not have been discovered had it not been for the fight, until several of the interns would have made their escape.

The men worked in single shifts, but one of them today refused to take his turn. An argument followed, and two of the men attacked the third. Each was armed with a knife, and before the guards could reach the barracks, where the quarrel took place, the three war prisoners had inflicted wounds on one another.

SWARM TO SAN DIEGO.

Men at Camp Kearny Take Full Advantage of Liberty Privileges.

[BY A. P. DAY WIRE.]

CAMP KEARNY, Nov. 10.—For the first time in a month the streets of San Diego swarmed with soldiers, the change being due to the fact that 18,000 men at Camp Kearny had obtained their first liberty privileges since the quarantine against Spanish influenza was started at the camp.

Being forbidden to ride to the city on trains, lest crowding would spread disease germs, the men were forced to come in by automobiles.

All the officers and men wore masks today while in the city.

Maj. Ransford-Hannay of the British forces, who is chief of the foreign missions attached to the camp, has taken his quarters in officers' row at the camp.

Officers who have reported here lately include Capt. McNeill Swaysey and First Lieutenant Charles S. Shadin, both fresh from overseas service. They will assist in instructing work at the camp.

WILL ATTEND BIG LABOR CONFERENCE.

[EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.]

PHOENIX (Ariz.) Nov. 11.—Gov. Hunt has started for Laredo, Tex., to attend the Pan-American Labor Conference. With him are H. S. McCluskey, Arizona organizer of the Mill and Smelterworkers' Union; P. M. Vargas, head of the Morenci Miners' Union, and Capt. Lowenthal, his secretary. President Croaff of the Arizona Federation, Federal director of labor in Arizona, could not go.

Before leaving, the Governor announced his appointment of John W. Ross of Bisbee to be a justice of the State Supreme Court, succeeding Albert Franklin, who resigned to become collector of internal revenue. The new justice is a brother of the present Justice Henry D. Ross. The appointment is an honorary one and expires December 31.

If one line is busy try the other. Dial 9 and ask for Broadway 4900 or dial 10651, or ask for either number on the manual system.

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Combined with them are, also, Benzoic Acid and Saccharine, which still further increase their antiseptic value.

In selecting a preparation to keep your mouth clean and healthy, you want *not only* the mechanical cleansing, brought about by soap and chalk, but *a plus* in the true *antiseptic action* furnished by the *other* ingredients contained in Kolynos Dental Cream.

Kolynos, at all times, is a valuable dentifrice, but in times like these it renders a service *which removes it entirely from the ordinary.*

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In The "Huts"

—here and over there—the American soldier and sailor find recreation, home and church cheer, school and college, and the best of club life and the stage.

Not least of the Camp helps is the "eats" provided for the boys, especially good things from the homeland. Often a happy group may be seen enjoying a dish of Grape-Nuts, a delicious and nutritious food that makes thousands happy every day "at home."

This is War Charities Week

Funds for war aid work are being pooled and mobilized to help win the war for the United States and the Allies.

Help the folks who are helping the fighters at the front.

Subscribe to the Joint Fund

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Particulars are furnished by competent attendants and by correspondence to the general public regarding rates and attractions of railroad and steamship lines, hotels and pleasure and health resorts. Photographs, descriptive circulars and transportation literature are kept on hand for inspection and distribution. Times readers can obtain here in a few minutes, without the delay incident to writing for it, all the information necessary for a safe and enjoyable journey or vacation. This service is absolutely free. Literature may also be obtained at the New Times Building, Broadway at First street.

PERSONS CONTEMPLATING VISITING LOS ANGELES ARE PRIVILEGED TO HAVE THEIR MAIL ADDRESSED TO THE BUREAU.

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BERTH AND MEALS INCLUDED IN ALL FARES.

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S.S. GOVERNOR, Thursday, Nov. 14.
S.S. CITY OF TOPEKA, Friday, Nov. 15.
S.S. Admiral Dewey....Monday, Nov. 18
Santa Barbara, City of Topeka, Nov. 18
Daylight Trip to San Diego.
S.S. ADMIRAL DEWEY, Sunday, Nov. 17.

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Disinfect at once with Phenolene to prevent contagion and stop the spread of influenza. Use it thoroughly in bath room, kitchen, sick room and personally. Gargle, snuff up the nose, use on handkerchiefs and gauze breathing masks.

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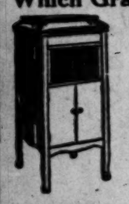

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We now are showing a complete and widely diversified stock of Columbia Grafonolas in all designs, grades and prices. We specialize on Period designs. These are particularly appropriate for Christmas gifts. Period design Grafonolas range in price from $250 to $700.

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Literally every second the stores are open, women at the head of Delineator families spend more than a dollar for canned goods and preserves; $64.20 every minute; $34,838 every day. This does not take into account the thousands of shelves of things that our housewives "put up" themselves. To influence a vast audience to buy a particular *brand* of goods, tell about its merits in the advertising columns of

The Delineator
The Magazine In One Million Homes

DENIES HE DID WRONG.

Greek Indicted for Alleged Violation of Mann Act Tells His Story Here.

John Radich, the Greek indicted by the Federal grand jury last week for violation of the Mann White Slave Act, in bringing Miss Meali Georjevich from Galveston to California, denies that he had wronged the girl in any way.

Radich claims that the girl's mother gave him the money to pay Meali's fare from Galveston to San Francisco, it being the intention for the mother to follow later. He says that the girl is but 14 years old, and that they intended soon to get married. He had come to California merely in order to be near her until they could become husband and wife. He says that if the law would permit he would marry the girl right away.

The complaint against Radich is based on the girl's narrative of the flight from Galveston and a three days' stopover in Los Angeles. Radich says his sweetheart must have made the alleged incriminating statement without understanding the situation.

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SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16

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Influenza Rules Forgotten to Celebrate Victory.

Everybody, Everywhere, Joins in Gay Jubilee.

Sunrise Song and Praise Service Held at Upland.

[LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

PASADENA, Nov. 11.—Since 1 o'clock this morning Pasadena has been making more noise than at any time in its decorous history—more, in fact, than all other occasions put together. The reason, of course, is the winning of the war and the capping of the ultimate hi-bosh upon one Will Hohenzollern and his morally-lousy associates in crime.

It was 1 a.m. when stout blasts on the municipal light department whistle sent forth the glad tidings. Pasadena was sleeping with one ear awake. The city speedily leaped out of bed, donned clothing, cranked up the car and beat it downtown for the jubilee.

A prearranged committee had plenty of ammunition and other noise-making devices cached in Library Park, which formed the center of the noise. Ordinarily sedate motorists tied tin cans and wash boilers to the rear axles of their limousines so they could be heard as they came down the thoroughfare. In a few minutes thousands of people were on the streets and in Liberty Park.

Hardy souls kept it up until daylight, but nearly everybody declared a recess at 3 o'clock and hustled home to snatch a little sleep, in preparations for the prime doings today. Everybody was downtown again by 8 o'clock and confetti was falling like a Rocky Mountain hailstorm. Influenza regulations were put in the police headquarters safe until tomorrow, together with the ordinances against carrying firearms (blank cartridges only.)

Prayers of thanks for the victory and peace were said in Library Park at noon under auspices of the Pasadena Ministerial Association.

At 2 o'clock a Victory jubilee parade was held, with the army band and soldiery from the United States Army balloon camp, student soldiers from Throop College, the Second Battalion of the California Home Guard, civic and fraternal organizations and literally thousands of flag-festooned autos passed through the principal streets of the city, culminating with another jollification at Library Park. All buildings, public and private, were decorated with American and Allied flags and practically everybody, both in the parade and the spectators, carried flags. Aviators from the balloon camp did air stunts over the city.

By common consent and before word of official declarations of a holiday came, business houses closed their doors and took a holiday, pasting on their doors such signs as "Holiday—You Know Why," "Gone to the Kaiser's Funeral," and the like. The celebration continued here until a late hour tonight.

In spite of the huge crowds on the streets throughout the early morning and day and the myriad autos and youngsters on bicycles to which they had attached strings of tin cans, and the shooting off of fire crackers and blank cartridges, no serious accidents were reported.

SUNRISE PRAISE SERVICE.

[LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

UPLAND, Nov. 11.—Obsequies for "Kaiser Bill" took form here in the nature of song and praise service at sunrise in the City Hall square, where almost every citizen assembled to thank God for the joyous tidings of victory. A huge parade feature the afternoon's proceedings, in which more than 1000 automobiles took part, the estimated length of the line being more than ten miles. While the parade was in progress airplanes from March Field sailed over the city, firing bombs and dropping thousands of leaflets. A great bonfire ended the jubilee festivities.

AT FULLERTON.

[EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.]

FULLERTON, Nov. 11.—This city kept pace with the rest of the country today in celebrating the signing of the armistice by Germany. All business places, even to the banks, closed at 10 o'clock for the day, and in the afternoon Company seventy-eight, California Reserves and the high school cadets, headed by the Fullerton city brass band and followed by a procession of busses and automobiles loaded with high school pupils and faculty and Red Cross members, marched and countermarched through the business streets. Later the entire procession proceeded to Anaheim. Toward the close of the afternoon an Anaheim procession returned the compliment.

AT SANTA BARBARA.

[EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.]

SANTA BARBARA, Nov. 11.—Santa Barbara went delirious with joy when news was flashed at 1:10 this morning of the signing of the German armistice. Bells rang, whistles blew, and within an incredibly brief space of time all Santa Barbara seemed to be on the streets, firing off guns, blowing horns and working all sorts of noise-producing implements. The bedlam kept up continuously until daylight when the overjoyed citizens fairly mobbed The Times car to get the big daily from the southern metropolis.

Within twenty minutes after the arrival of The Times there was not a copy of the paper unbought. During the day Mayor Nielson announced a Welcome Home and Soldiers' Liberty Monument Committee, which will take up at once the preparations for preparing a rousing welcome for the returning soldiers and planning a monument to the memory of every boy who served with the colors.

SHIPYARD MEN PARADE.

[LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

LONG BEACH, Nov. 11.—Bringing into action all the noise-making and joy-expressing devices that several thousands of persons could conjure, Long Beach staged a celebration today, commencing shortly after midnight, that will go down in history as the wildest twenty-four hours the city has ever known.

It was one mad ensemble of hilarity, impromptu and spontaneous. Within a half an hour after the news that Germany had accepted the armistice terms of the Allies, thus ending the greatest war of all time, thousands of scantily clad citizens assembled on the downtown street corners and in front of the newspaper offices to give vent to their joy.

A parade, or rather a dozen different parades, was immediately formed as a means of demonstration, shortly after the sirens and whistles of the city proclaimed the news a little after 1 o'clock, and at 10 o'clock tonight the joy processions showed no signs of subsiding.

Shipyards and other harbor industries closed down hardly before they got started on the day's work, to permit employes to participate in the joyous celebration. It is estimated that at least 4000 shipyard workers from the Southwestern and Long Beach yards were in line at one time during one of the day's longest parades, which also included thousands of other civilian city employees, mail clerks, soldiers and sailors. The shipyard men carried many banners, some bearing such mottoes as "To Hell With the Kaiser!" "Where the Hell is the Kaiser?" "We Are the Shipfitters. We Will Fit the Kaiser in His Coffin."

All the city ordinances regulating traffic and the use of firearms were ignored, and influenza precautions tossed to the winds. Never before were the streets of the joy-mad city so jammed, the serpentining crowds were never so happy, and enthusiasm was never so rampant.

WHITTIER JOLLITIES.

[LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

WHITTIER, Nov. 11.—With an official holiday proclamation by Mayor Wright at 9 o'clock this morning all business houses closed and glad pandemonium broke loose. Several automobile parades with all possible noise makers, up-to-date and obsolete, went through the town. The din continued all day. This evening an informal celebration was held in the center of town with music, speeches and barrels of confetti. The feature of the evening was the Kaiser's funeral. The occasion was also used as an effective boost for the war fund campaign.

HAD KAISER'S GOAT.

[LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

GLENDALE, Nov. 11.—Business stopped here this afternoon, as the town noisily celebrated the good news of the day. At 4 o'clock the big parade began, the police and fire departments leading a long line of gaily decked automobiles. Rubbish heaps were called upon, and everything from tomato cans to stoves was dragged along to add to the din. The Kaiser's goat had the place of honor on one of the fire wagons, and effigies and signs indicated the popularity of the late "all-highest" among Glendale people.

AT SAN BERNARDINO.

[EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.]

SAN BERNARDINO, Nov. 11.—Every man, woman and child in San Bernardino participated in a hysterical celebration of the electrifying news that the world war had ended, the demonstration taking the form of weird early morning parade and noise making soon after the receipt of the news, and developing into a country-wide parade this forenoon. Stores, shops and offices closed.

Mayor Catick issued a proclamation at 9 o'clock this morning and its publication in newspaper extras a short time later, resulted in an outpouring of the citizens, the character of which was never seen here before. Automobiles gaily decorated, lumbering commercial trucks, tugging all manner of noise-making apparatus behind, boys on bicycles washtubs and tins and tanks tangling in the rear, rifle and revolver squads with blank cartridges, high school boys in uniform, Red Cross organization, school children, all made up a strange and most delirious demonstration.

By rare coincidence the city opened up today after four weeks of influenza closing orders and practically all of the residents were on the streets tonight, thronging picture shows and enjoying the first assemblages allowed in the city for a month. Whistles blew at few minutes intervals from midnight until late this afternoon, each outburst being followed by a new variety of noise. Two thousand Santa Fe shopmen on holiday leave contributed to the uproar.

SCENES AT RIVERSIDE.

[EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.]

RIVERSIDE, Nov. 11.—A celebration over Germany's capitulation instituted at midnight last night was continued throughout the day, and will probably be maintained until it is closed with the brilliant jubilee planned for Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock on the summit of Mt. Rubidoux.

The interest of the thousands of spectators who viewed this afternoon's parade was divided between the procession moving through the streets and that in the sky, where a score of planes from March Field serpentined over the city. Gov. Stephens was extended an invitation this afternoon by Mayor Porter to attend the celebration on the mountain.

SANTA ANA UNRESTRAINED.

[LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

SANTA ANA, Nov. 11.—Unrestrained joy, every manner of noise, and jubilant patriotism reigned in Santa Ana today, beginning about 9 o'clock when the honest-to-goodness peace news was received, the event being heralded by municipal and sugar-factory whistles. Many jumped from bed, and in a short time a half-dozen automobile parades were in progress, with everybody making as much noise as possible. Sleep during the remainder of the night was next to impossible and everybody arose early.

Work was out of the question for the majority, who thronged the streets and celebrated as they never had before. Floats were hastily prepared, several effigies of the Kaiser were stuffed ready for slaughter, and everybody got ready for the victory parade this afternoon, when all stores were closed and residents gathered from many miles around to take part.

The march was punctured with hundreds of blasts and was cheered throughout by the throngs, which forgot about the "flu" and everything else except that victory is here and the war's won. Following the parade there was a rousing meeting at Sixth and Broadway, where patriotic songs were sung. Old Glory and Liberty Loan honor flags were hoisted to the cheers of the assemblage. The celebration continued until late tonight.

VENETIANS JOYOUS.

[LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

VENICE, Nov. 11.—The hoarse tooting of the siren on the powerhouse gave the first news to the citizens that the armistice had been signed and the world was once more at peace. This is naturally a city of joy. An unusual amount of happy revelry had been the rule of the afternoon and evening for the amusements were opened again after being closed by order of the State Board of Health. So the place was still alight and filled with merrymakers when the first flash of a victorious peace reached the city.

The band played; horns were produced from mysterious sources and from 1 o'clock until daybreak the greatest celebration ever pulled off in Venice, was observed. Everybody was happy, but there was no disorder or rough play. The observance was kept up all day and this evening.

BURRO MAN SPREADS NEWS.

[LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

SIERRA MADRE, Nov. 11.—The news of the signing of the armistice reached this place shortly after midnight. From then on until dawn this prosaic and sedate foothill city broke loose with the firing of cannon, revolvers, blowing of whistles and noises of all kinds imaginable.

Col. John Boyd, who controls the mountain travel with burros and packing, was the first patriotic citizen to give vent to his enthusiasm. Mounted on one of his pack burros he passed through many of the winding streets and along the mountain trail discharging several large-sized caliber guns. One of the weapons was a handsomely mounted .44 caliber revolver, which had seen service in the Russo-Japanese War, and was presented to Boyd by a former Russian officer.

KING FREES PRISONERS.

[LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

SANTA MONICA, Nov. 11.—Judge King of the local Police Court was so filled with joy this morning that he allowed three prisoners, arrested for trifling offenses, to go free. "On a day like this, that will become one of the great national holidays, I could not send these men to jail," remarked Judge King.

The beach began celebrating early this morning when the news of the signing of the armistice was telephoned from The Times office. Many living towards Sawtelle, heard the siren on the Times Building shriek as it has never done before. Word spread rapidly by telephone.

Within half an hour there was an impromptu parade of auto driver by men who had hastily thrown an overcoat over their night clothes. By degrees others who had been wakened out of sound sleep by the joyful news, got out on the street. Boys started to bang on tin pans. Everyone with a horn blew it. Men got out their old guns and fired salutes in the air. The Santa Monica Catholic Church had the honor of ringing the first bell in Santa Monica Beach. Father Murphy jumped out of bed when he was informed of the wonderful news by Sergt. Randall of the police department. He ran over to the adjacent church and the bell peeled forth the gladsome news. By degrees other church bells took up the refrain.

Business houses were closed today and this evening a monster auto parade left the City Hall and wound its way through the main business and residence sections. There was a tremendous amount of noise and the terrific racket was like a Chinese holiday.

The emptier a man's head the bigger noise he makes.

IMPERIALES
MOUTHPIECE CIGARETTES

quietly speak quality through their mouthpiece—because they're full of real quality in tobacco. Appealingly blended.

FRED FULTON GOES NORTH

Fred Fulton, and his active manager, Joe McCloskey, left last night for San Francisco on receipt of a telegram from Harry Foley, the Bay City fight promoter, that changed the date of Fulton's match with Meehan from November 22 to Saturday, November 16. The earlier date was necessitated by the fact that Meehan has to be in London for the King's Carnival by December 15.

A number of local sportsmen accompanied the champion on his trip north. Harry Sherman, Jack Malone, Franklin Farnum and Roscoe Arbuckle, left last night and Sid Grauman and Charlie Chaplin are going up Wednesday to witness the match.

Ed Smith, says of Meehan, that he is the "best four-round boxer in the world, bar none." On the other hand, McCloskey maintains that Wee Willie plays around for the first two clashes and only gets going in the third and fourth, and, although this is one of the first four-round bouts that Fulton has ever engaged in, he looks for his man to win by the end of the second, as the tall boy 's going after Willie with bristling fur, at the first tap of the bell.

Now that war is over, fans look for this to be one of the biggest bouts ever staged. Foley expects it will draw a crowd of about [illegible] and the gate receipts will set the united war-work campaign [illegible] $75,000.

Originally the match was to be held in Los Angeles, but Foley wanted to meet Meehan in San Francisco to give the lie to boys in the northern city folk had no [illegible] willingness to donate his skill to a war charity benefit.

Willie Meehan seems to be [illegible] training in earnest for his encounter and is wearing out [illegible] Shannon's, in Oakland, every day. Willie has never been known seriously settle down to the business training and it is the wonder of the boxing world that he can get [illegible] with it and put over the [illegible] he does. Meehan realizes that his reputation depends on the [illegible] puts up against Fulton, and the Minnesota boy has his hours in the scrap and intends to make it the greatest in his career, so there should be no difficulty in carrying out the "Knockout" [illegible].

While he is up in that vicinity Closkey is going to try to arrange some matches for Jack Malone, middleweight champion, now [illegible] at the Submarine Base. Further "Knockout" Krovesky and [illegible] respective opponents for Malone.

FELICITATES SEA FORCES

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Secretary of the Navy Daniels today sent by wireless this message to all naval stations and ships in home and foreign waters:

"The signing of the armistice makes this the greatest day for our country since the signing of the Declaration of Independence. For the world there has been no day so momentous for liberty. I send greetings and congratulations to all in the naval establishments at home and abroad. The task of war found the navy ready, fit, with every man on his toes. Every day all the men in the service have given fresh proof of devotion, loyalty and efficiency.

"In America and in all other countries the people have applied naval initiative and naval resourcefulness. As we rejoice in the victory for every principle that caused us to enter the war, let us be thankful that when the American people needed a navy we were ready; that all facilities and were [illegible] creating all others that could be employed.

"With warm appreciation of the perfect teamwork and splendid operation.

"JOSEPHUS DANIELS."

Japanese Diplomat Promoted

[BY PACIFIC CABLE AND A. P.]

TOKIO, Saturday, Nov. [illegible]. Katsuji Debuchi, secretary of the Japanese Embassy at Washington, has been promoted to be minister.

Boys' MUNSING WEAR

in large quantity at Harris & Frank's

Munsingwear fits like an untroubled conscience. And it fits your boy so well that he scarcely is aware that he is wearing any underwear.

These are no ill-fitting, scratchy, irritating slip up and pull down undergarments, but soft, snug-fitting union suits, comfortable to every twist and turn of the body.

Munsingwear is underwear ascendency.

It meets every test of hard service, it laughs at the laundry. It's a wonder in the wear as well as the wash and it's economical, too.

We have lightweight *Munsingwear* in short and long sleeves, knee and ankle length, 2 to 16 years, 75c, $1, $1.25, $1.50.

Medium weight — bleached white — mercerized — cotton —short and long sleeves; knee and ankle length; 2 to 16 yrs., $1.25, $1.50, $1.75.

Medium weight heavy bleached wool fiber stripe, 4 to 16 years, $1.75.

Medium weight natural wool, 4 to 16 years, $1.50, $1.75, $2.

Extra quality natural wool, superweight, 2 to 16 years, $2, $2.50, $3.

Our Stock of Fall and Winter Munsingwear is waiting for your boy. Come in today and choose from the variety of styles and fabrics for him. It is genuine goodness all the way through.

It's the Most Economical in the Long Run
There's Satisfaction in Every Thread—Buttons, Too
It's the Culmination of Quality and Service
You Have Done Your Patriotic Duty When You Buy It

Harris & Frank

CLOTHIERS, FURNISHERS, HATTERS AND SHOERS OF RELIABILITY TO MEN, WOMEN AND BOYS

Calomel Loses You a Day's Work! Take Dodson's Liver Tone Instead

Read my guarantee! If bilious, constipated or headachy you need not take nasty, sickening, dangerous calomel to get straightened up.

Every druggist in town — your druggist and everybody's druggist—has noticed a great falling off in the sale of calomel. They all give the same reason. Dodson's Liver Tone is taking its place.

"Calomel is dangerous and people know it, while Dodson's Liver Tone is perfectly safe and gives better results," said a prominent local druggist. Dodson's Liver Tone is personally guaranteed by every druggist who sells it. A large bottle doesn't cost very much, but if it fails to give easy relief in every case of liver sluggishness and constipation, you have only to ask for your money back.

Dodson's Liver Tone is a pleasant, purely vegetable, [illegible] harmless to both children and grown-ups. Take a spoonful at night, and wake up feeling fine; no biliousness, sick headache, acid stomach, or sour, constipated bowels. It doesn't gripe or cause inconvenience all the next day like violent calomel. Take a dose of calomel today and tomorrow you will feel weak, sick and nauseated. Don't lose a day's work. Try Dodson's Liver Tone. Guaranteed to make you fine, full of vigor and ambition.

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[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

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that when the American people
needed a navy, we were ready with
all facilities and were rapidly
creating all others that could be
employed.
"With warm appreciation for the
perfect teamwork and splendid co-
operation.
"JOSEPHUS DANIELS."

Japanese Diplomat Promoted.

[BY PACIFIC CABLE AND A. P.]

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MUNSING WEAR

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Munsingwear fits like an untroubled conscience. And it fits your boy so well that he scarcely is aware that he is wearing any underwear.

These are no ill-fitting, scratchy, irritating slip up and pull down undergarments, but soft, snug-fitting union suits, comfortable to every twist and turn of the body.

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Medium weight — bleached white — mercerized — cotton —short and long sleeves; knee and ankle length; 2 to 16 yrs., $1.25, $1.50, $1.75.

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t Economical in the Long Run tion in Every Thread—Buttons, Too nination of Quality and Service our Patriotic Duty When You Buy It

& Frank

NISHERS, HATTERS AND SHOERS OF IT TO MEN, WOMEN AND BOYS

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Choose a *progressive* bank

Statewide Service

Commercial Dept.

Savings Dept.

Trust Dept.

Resources $80,000,000.00

It pays to have a banking connection with a large, progressive institution. It is evidence of your own progressiveness.

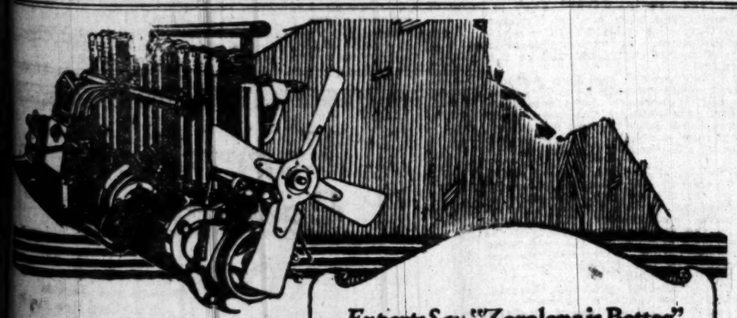
Select your bank as you would a lawyer, private secretary or partner — not merely for ability, but for integrity, character and reputation.

The Bank of Italy is one of the foremost banking institutions in the United States. Its facilities and service are broad and comprehensive. Adequately meeting the banking and trust requirements of nearly 150,000 people, is the daily work of this institution. Our success is attested by our continuous growth.

Resources over $80,000,000
Nearly 150,000 Depositors

Bank of Italy
SAVINGS-COMMERCIAL-TRUST
LOS ANGELES BRANCHES
BROADWAY AT SEVENTH
PICO AND EL MOLINO — SPRING AND TEMPLE STS.
HEAD OFFICE SAN FRANCISCO

THE Circulation of the Times is Growing Faster Than Ever.



Correct Lubrication for the Valve-in-Head Type Engine

Our illustration shows a typical Valve-in-Head type engine—one of the several types of automobile engines popular today. Engines of this type, like all *internal combustion engines*, require an oil that maintains its full lubricating qualities at cylinder heat, burns clean in the combustion chambers and goes out with the exhaust. ZEROLENE fills these requirements perfectly, *because it is correctly refined from selected California asphalt-base crude.*

ZEROLENE is made in several consistencies to meet with scientific exactness the lubrication needs of all types of automobile engines. Get our "Correct Lubrication Chart" covering your car. At dealers everywhere and Standard Oil Service Stations.

Experts Say, "Zerolene is Better"

Why are the majority of cars now lubricated with ZEROLENE? *Because—*

ZEROLENE *does* hold better compression, *does* give better protection to the moving parts, *does* deposit less carbon. And this is the testimony of the leading automobile distributors of the Coast.

They know from the records of their service department—and we know from exhaustive tests—that ZEROLENE, correctly refined from selected California asphalt-base crude, gives perfect lubrication with less wear and less carbon deposit.

ZEROLENE is the correct oil for *all types* of automobile engines. It is the correct oil for *your* automobile. Get our lubrication chart showing the correct consistency for your car.

At dealers everywhere and Standard Oil Service Stations

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(CALIFORNIA)

ZEROLENE
The Standard Oil for Motor Cars

We Loan Money On Diamonds Watches and Jewelry

A. B. COHN & BRO.
Broadway Office Phone F2620
228 Mercantile Place,
Bet. 5th and 6th Sts., on Bdwy.
Ref. First National Bank.
Interest Lowest Legal Rates.
No other charges. No indorsements or others to sign for you necessary. For a temporary accommodation see us.
Loans from $1 to $50,000. Est. 1888.
Money Loaned on Your LIBERTY BONDS.

GOVERNOR CANTU SENDS HIS BAND.

Mexican Musicians Cross the Border, Lead Calexico's Big Victory Parade.

[EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.]

CALEXICO, Nov. 11.—Gov. Cantu sent his famous Twenty-fifth Regiment Band across the border line this afternoon to lead the parade with which Calexico began its victory celebration. Behind the band came the two troops of cavalry from Camp John H. Beacom. The line of automobiles and carriages which followed formed the longest parade ever seen in this city.

The citizens of Calexico are wild with joy over the triumph of the Allies, and many expressions of gratification have come from prominent Mexicans residing at Mexicali.

RETURN STEAMSHIPS TO OWNER FOR USE.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 11.—The steamers Venesuela and Santa Cruz, property of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, taken over by the government last week, were restored to the custody of their owner today.

Officials of the company said the ships would be returned to the Oriental trade, in which they were engaged. They have been in port virtually all the time since being taken over.

Shipping men saw in the release of the vessels a change in government policy due to the signing of the armistice by Germany.

BUILDING RESTRICTION SOON TO BE RELAXED.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Slight relaxation of restrictions on nonwar building may be expected almost immediately, Priorities Commissioner E. B. Parker of the War Industries Board said tonight.

Announcement of the percentage of building material available now probably will be made by the board tomorrow. Further lifting of the ban, Mr. Parker explained, will be gradual.

DOCTOR GIVES RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR

Well-Known New York Physician Gives Recipe for a Home-Made Gray Hair Remedy.

A. L. Paulson, M.D., who has practiced medicine in New York City for many years, gave out the following recipe for a home-made gray hair remedy: "Gray, streaked or faded hair can be immediately turned black brown or light brown, whichever shade you desire, by the following simple remedy that you can make at home:

"Merely get a small box of Orlex powder at any drug store. It costs very little and no extras to buy. Dissolve it in water and comb it through the hair. Full directions for mixing and use come in each box.

"You need not hesitate to use Orlex as a $100.00 gold-bond comes in each box guaranteeing the user that Orlex does not contain silver, lead, zinc, sulphur, mercury, aniline, coal-tar products or their derivatives.

"It does not rub off, is not sticky or greasy and leaves the hair fluffy. I will make a gray haired person look twenty years younger."

APPROVE ARMISTICE TERMS

Members of Congress Interpret Requirements as Unconditional Surrender.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Unanimous approval of the armistice terms imposed on Germany was voiced today by Congressmen.

Unconditional surrender was the interpretation of most Senators and Representatives, although some expressed disappointment that demobilization of the German armies was not required. Sentiment for punishment of those responsible for murders and other atrocities also was voiced.

President Wilson's suggestion in his address informing Congress of the armistice terms that the victorious nations extend aid to the peoples of the Central Powers in their efforts for self-government and to prevent them from further suffering for want of food and other necessaries of life also was commended.

Vice-President Marshall said:

"The President's address sets a high-water mark in the annals of the justice of English-speaking peoples and of all the Allies. For the future justice must lead and not follow success."

Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania:

"I assume that the armistice terms are practically effective to bring about Germany's unconditional surrender and to disarm her so that she could not renew the war even if she wanted to."

Representative Good of Iowa:

"By far, the terms are the most stringent ever imposed on a defeated country."

Senator Norris of Nebraska:

"The armistice terms amount to an unconditional surrender."

Speaker Clark:

"The armistice terms seem to be all-embracing, and most certainly will be satisfactory to the American people."

Democratic Leader Kitchin:

"The terms are entirely satisfactory. They could not be better."

Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, ranking Republican on the Foreign Relations Committee, Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, and other leaders of both the Senate and House were not in Washington today.

NOISY WELCOME FOR WAR'S END.

(Continued from First Page.)

ever marked its most glorious Independence Day observances.

Gov. McCall set aside tomorrow as "Victory Day" for organized expression by the people of the State "of their pleasure over so momentous an event. "Citizens themselves, from corporation presidents to office boys, joined in spontaneous outbursts of glee. Nor was the deeper significance of the day forgotten. By order of Cardinal O'Connell, there was a solemn Te Deum sung tonight in every Catholic church in the archdiocese of Boston. Tomorrow all the Episcopal churches in the diocese of Massachusetts will remain open by request of Bishop Lawrence.

Early in the day saloons and hotel bars throughout the State were closed by request of Gov. McCall.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 11.—Pittsburgh prolonged its roaring, confetti-throwing celebration of the armistice signing a full twenty-four hours, starting at 1 a.m., when the whistle of one of the city's largest munition plants sent out its scream of jubilation, arousing everyone within a radius of five miles, until long after midnight, whistles blowing, bells ringing, shoutint and paper-scattering had no abatement.

Mayor Babcock proclaimed the afternoon a legal holiday.

All downtown street cars were detoured during the afternoon and evening to make room for the parades and throngs of celebrators.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—Chicago turned topsy-turvy in the wildest celebration in its history today. The delirium of joy which greeted real news of the war's grand finale began at 1:55 o'clock this morning and steadily increased as the day wore on.

With the first tooting of the whistles crowds began to pour from the hotels. Half an hour later, as the clamor of church bells and the shrieking of sirens spread the glad tidings to all parts of the city, parades were started.

By 8 o'clock it was a crowd. By 10 it was a throng. By noon it was a mob, beating dishpans, blowing horns, waving flags, shrieking, cheering and weeping. There was no semblance of order in the solid mass of humanity which surged through the streets, blocking street-car traffic.

Business was abandoned. Factories, stores, banks, offices and schools were closed. Those who had come downtown to work joined the merrymakers in the streets. Police reserves called from outlying districts smiled and waved their hands helplessly. Tons of paper thrown from office buildings fell on the crowds and piled up in the streets. At several points bonfires were built on the car tracks and schedules were abandoned.

Among the paraders were several funeral corteges paying a joyous tribute to the end of the Kaiser. One of these consisted of a solemn-faced band playing "Chopin's Death Dirge," a black hearse bearing a black casket which was inscribed "The Kaiser's Coffin — He's Going Where He Belongs," and a long procession of mourners with black bands around their hats. Every-anon the procession would stop and one of the "mourners" would emit a howl and turn a somersault amid frantic applause. And then the procession would continue.

Seven persons were killed and a score or more injured during the day's demonstration. All of the fatalities and injuries were due to accidents — the reckless firing of weapons or automobile speeders.

LOUISVILLE (Ky.) Nov. 11.—Louisville continued throughout the day a clamorous celebration of the armistice with Germany, which began in the early hours of the morning, and at a late hour tonight it was still in full swing.

Few factories in the city opened, and these, together with stores and other business establishments, soon closed.

SIOUX CITY (Iowa) Nov. 11.—All Sioux City awoke early this morning when whistles shrieked the announcement that armistice terms had been signed by Germany. Impromptu parades of pedestrians with noise-making devices filled the principal streets. Red fire and other pyrotechnics featured the celebration.

OMAHA (Neb.) Nov. 11.—Fifteen minutes after official word had been received that the armistice had been signed, thousands of people were on the streets. Parades were formed in all sections of the city. Bonfires were built, whistles were blown. Hotels were ablaze with cheering mobs and martial music filled the air from many bands.

GRAND ISLAND (Neb.) Nov. 11.—Grand Island was awakened at 3 o'clock this morning through an arrangement with the local Associated Press paper and the lever by blowing the municipal lighting utility plant whistles. Railroad shop whistles and others joined. Several thousands congregated, bonfires were built, and the celebration continued throughout the day.

DENVER, Nov. 11.—Denver, either sleeping lightly or not at all, seemingly sprang into an instant uproar when the first bomb announced the signing of the armistice. Within ten minutes after an impromptu parade was wildly shouting its way through the business section, growing by hundreds every minute.

At 2 o'clock, Mayor Mills announced that today would be a holiday and a call for all citizens to assemble in the morning for a "victory" celebration was issued.

RENO (Nev.) Nov. 11.—Reno is still celebrating. All day long bells rang, whistles blew, bands played and people cheered. Cowboys by the come 100 miles off the range by horse and automobile to lend their voices. Indians off the reservation are celebrating, too. Shooting is under ban, but occasionally someone "lams loose" with a six-shooter and the police intervene. The town has been a bedlam since midnight and the crowds, instead of tiring, are growing noisier with each addition of celebrants from the surrounding ranches and towns.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 11.—The entire Pacific Coast went joy-mad today. From everywhere comes the same story. A riot of Allied flags. A riot of sound in which every conceivable noise-maker joined. Main thoroughfares thronged with marching, cheering men and women. Trucks and everything on four wheels commandeered. Roofs and windows peopled with spectators. The air filled with confetti and tickertape ribbons. Business forgotten. Such was the Coast's impromptu celebration of the news that the world's greatest tragedy had drawn to a close.

The celebration, which began immediately with the announcement at midnight that the armistice had been signed, kept up all night. As the tired night celebrants sought their beds at sun-up, those who had had their sleep renewed the festivities. By 10 o'clock the bedlam of last night had become a mere whisper to the noise of today.

The Mayors of San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Stockton and scores of other towns proclaimed holidays. At Walla Walla, Wash., public prayer at Liberty Temple at midnight opened the celebration and noise-making which has continued ever since.

In San Francisco hundreds of workers in the great shipyards, clad in their soiled overalls, led the demonstration, which was headed by the Mayor and Chief of Police. Policemen marched arm in arm with civilians whose influenza masks were worn all awry, or who had neglected to wear them at all. A few hours earlier these same citizens would have been arrested and forced to pay a fine for breaking an ordinance which requires everyone to be properly masked.

Hurried plans were made everywhere for some kind of organized recognition of the stupendous event.

Mayor Rolph dispatched messages to President Wilson, Marshal Foch, Gen. Pershing and the commanders of California and San Francisco units at the front.

"Our hearts are beating in unison with yours," the Mayor told the President and Marshal Foch.

Mrs. Hunter Liggett, wife of Lieut.-Gen. Hunter Liggett, commander of the American First Army, and formerly in command of the Western Department of the army, expressed her delight at the peace news at her hotel here.

Features of a celebration which grew in exuberance, noise and enthusiasm with each passing hour were a thanksgiving prayer service in the civic center late today and a great street dance in the wide arteries leading up to the City Hall.

OAKLAND, Nov. 11.—Oakland received the official news of the signing of the armistice at 11:47 o'clock last night, word coming by a "flash" over the Associated Press wire. On the minute there was begun a celebration that will not come to an end until everyone is too weary to celebrate further. Bombs from a newspaper office roof announced the news, and every eastbay shipyard whistle and siren caught the signal and sounded it to all parts of the east bay district.

Automobiles paraded the city, sounding horns and dragging tow bells, and there was no sleep from that time.

Beginning at noon a holiday was called by Mayor John L. Davie, and the official parade and celebration began at 3 o'clock tonight, but to all purposes the entire day was one of celebration.

SACRAMENTO, Nov. 11.—Sacramentans continued throughout the day the celebration which was begun last night a few minutes after news of the signing of the armistice had been received here over the Associated Press wires. For many hours celebrants paraded the streets, creating a bedlam, while whistles were blown continuously and church bells were ringing. There was a lull shortly before daybreak but demonstrations were renewed in the early daylight hours. Parades and speechmaking marked the celebration. Business was practically at a standstill.

"Bill Hohenzollern, former Emperor of Germany," was hung in effigy in front of the State Capitol, while thousands of people cheered. A card inscribed: "We have the Kaiser by the neck" was attached to the effigy.

STOCKTON, Nov. 11.—A great parade at 2 o'clock following Mayor Gullahan's holiday proclamation was held in Stockton today. Forty-six draft men scheduled to leave at 11 a.m. were notified to defer entrainment.

SANTA BARBARA, Nov. 11.—Rejoicing over the coming of peace was started in Santa Barbara shortly after 1 o'clock this morning. It will never cease apparently. Receipt of the news of the signing of the armistice with Germany, received by the Associated Press, was the signal for the ringing of bells blowing of whistles and impromptu parades.

BAKERSFIELD, Nov. 11.—Fired with patriotism with the news of the signing of the armistice, Bakersfield was a city of joy late last night and today. The celebration, which followed the peace announcement, was still in progress tonight. Parades held away throughout the night, and small cannon kept up a terrific din.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Nov. 11.—Stanford University celebrated the signing of the armistice terms by Germany with a parade unique in its history. As soon as the news was received here, shortly after midnight this morning, Capt. S. M. Parker, commanding the Students' Army Training Corps here, ordered out all members of that unit.

Headed by these, the student body and hundreds of townspeople marched about the campus and the streets of Palo Alto. The "Star Spangled Banner" was sung and college cheers given for Gen. Pershing and the American army and navy.

SEATTLE, Nov. 11. — When the Associated Press dispatches at midnight flashed the news of the signing of the armistice terms by Germany one thousand sailors from the University of Washington naval training station broke their influenza quarantine and rushed for the downtown section to celebrate. Headed by a band, with flags flying, they paraded the streets for hours. Thousands of Seattleites joined in; hotel lights flashed on; lodgers poured into the streets or showered newspaper bits on the crowds. Garbage cans became tambourines or drums. Factory whistle valves were tied open. Church bells pealed. Bonfires were lighted in the city streets. Fireworks were exploded from roofs.

The din lasted all day and is even more vigorous tonight.

SAN DIEGO, Nov. 11.—Tonight's celebration on the streets surpassed the wildest New Year's Eve in San Diego's experience. Procession after procession of all classes and ages marched through the streets with bells and noise-making contrivances. The sailors from Balboa Park, quarantined until the last two days, were the most enthusiastic of the celebrators and with quarts of talcum powder besprinkled the crowds until they looked as though in a stage snow scene.

At times the crowds became revarent as a band struck up "Star Spangled Banner" and the sailors and soldiers stood at salute while civilians joined in singing.

The good-natured, hilarious crowds trailed through the lobby of the U. S. Grant and other hotels, sprinkling all with the powder, blowing whistles, tooting horns and ringing bells.

With all there were no accidents in the whole celebration.

French officers of the French mission mingled with the crowds, puzzled but pleased with the American form of celebration.

GARFIELD PERMITS LIGHTS.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Fuel Administrator Garfield today suspended the lightless-night order for tonight only for celebrations of peace throughout the country.

SACRIFICES HAVE WON REWARDS.

Secretary Lansing Declares Time Propitious for Rejoicing.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Secretary of State Lansing today issued the following statement:

"The American people can rejoice that their patriotism, their loyalty and their splendid spirit of service and sacrifice have been rewarded. Prussian militarism is ended; it no longer menaces liberty and justice. But before us lie new tasks and new burdens which we must assume with the same unity of purpose, the same devotion and zeal, as have characterized the republic during the great war. Let us, while we celebrate this day of victory, look forward to the future, conscious of our supreme duty to humanity and confident in the united will of the nation."

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[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

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RUMOR CROWN PRINCE IS SHOT.

(Continued from First Page.)

man Crown Prince with the Hohenzollern party has not been confirmed, but that it is known former Prince Joachim and Gen. Von Falkenhayn were with the former Emperor.

On the other hand, the Daily Mail describes the ex-Emperor and the former Crown Prince walking on opposite ends of the Eysden platform without exchanging words.

LONDON, Nov. 12, 1:28 a.m.—(By the Associated Press.) The former German Crown Prince is reported to have been shot, according to an Amsterdam dispatch to the Central News. Details are lacking.

PARIS, Nov. 11.—(Havas.) Many sensational rumors became current here as a result of the news of the signing of the armistice between the Allies and Germany. These reports were to the effect that Prince Eitel Friedrich, the second son of William II, was prevented from committing suicide and that the Empress was dying.

Three German generals are said to have committed suicide.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) Emperor William's last words before affixing his signature to the abdication document were: "Let us not lose our faith in the future," and the Crown Prince, who was present, "cried like a baby," according to an official telegram from Amsterdam today in which the scene of abdication was described. It said:

"The Kaiser signed his letter of abdication in the presence of the Crown Prince and Hindenburg, and of all the officers of the general headquarters and of all his private servants. He appeared to be deeply moved. He signed, saying: 'May it be for the good of Germany. Let us not lose our faith in the future.'

"The Crown Prince, who was crying like a baby, signed his letter of renunciation of the throne shortly afterward.

"The Emperor committed to Hindenburg the charge of making the facts known to the troops and the government.

"The Crown Prince left immediately for his general headquarters to take leave of his officers and to resign his command."

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—(By the Associated Press.) William Hohenzollern's flight was hailed tonight by the American Friends of German Democracy as "a complete vindication of the distinction our society has always believed to exist between the real German people and their late government.

"In this solemn hour, when the German people are to be delivered from the bondage of dynastic interests, we, whose forefathers were 'forty-eighters,' look back at the inspiration that moved our ancestors and we see the vindication of their efforts in the freedom that victory will bring to the German people of today," read a statement issued by the society and signed by its president, Frank Bygel.

"Had the German Democrats and Republicans of 1848 been victorious, the unspeakable crimes for which Imperial Germany will be held responsible, would have been spared us."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—(By the Associated Press.) A German radio message picked up by the American station, confirming the report that William Hohenzollern is in Holland, where he is stated to be awaiting a decision by the official of the Netherlands government as to his status, says Field Marshal Von Hindenburg is not with the former Emperor, but has remained at the headquarters of the German General Staff.

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]

LONDON, Nov. 11.—Reports are still contradictory as to whether the former Empress accompanied her husband on his flight to Holland. A Dutch agency message from Amsterdam says that the party consists of fifty-one persons, including the former Empress and Crown Prince and Field Marshal Von Hindenburg.

Les Nouvelles of The Hague does not mention the former Empress, but says that high military authorities of the grand headquarters and court functionaries are with William Hohenzollern. There were several carloads of archives brought to the border, the newspaper says.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Extradition for former Emperor William of Germany from Holland and his trial in England on the charge of murder, for which he had been indicted there, was urged here tonight by James W. Gerard, former Ambassador to Germany, in an impromptu address before a theater audience.

Asking whether a man shall be allowed to escape who had "killed so many people that if they were stretched on the ground they would form a line almost around the entire world," Mr. Gerard answered his own question with an emphatic, "I should say not."

"There is a treaty between Holland and England," Mr. Gerard declared, "by which they can extradite the ex-Kaiser, who has been indicted in England and try him before an English court. I guess we all know what the verdict would be. When the hangman drops the trap he will be doing away with one of the world's greatest murderers."

DR. THOMAS DIES.

[LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

PASADENA, Nov. 11.—Dr. Roscoe G. Thomas, one of the pioneers of the profession of modern dentistry in America and a prominent resident of Pasadena since the early days of 1885, died at his home here, in Sardina place, late Saturday night and was buried at private services this morning. Dr. Thomas was prominently identified with the early development and later progress of Pasadena. He owned much property here.

OUR CASUALTIES IN FRANCE.

(Continued from Second Page.)

McCormick, H. E., Illinois Cit.
Ill.
Mallozzah, D., Herndon, Kan.
March, F. W., Parsw, S. D.
Mandrom, J. H., Nashua, Iowa.
Nee, ——, Rock Island, Ill.
Nordhoss, E. H., Lewisville, Ind.
Parsons, W. E., Lexington, Ala.
Pritchard, F., Canton, O.
Quinn, J. F., Fort Keating, N.J.
Rafferiz, J., Phoenixville, Pa.
Rhoades, G. W., Leighton, Pa.
Rimmick, C., Elizabeth, N. J.
Scott, A. L., North Ulleo, N. Y.
Smith, C. R., Uby, Mich.
Tate, J., Cave Spring, Mo.
Vaughan, E. L., Waupun, Wis.
Walker, W. B., Rock P. O., Va.
Walton, W. E., Kenly, N. C.
Watt, G. D., Philadelphia.
Weidner, W. F., Milwaukee.
Whiting, C. W., Lake Mills, Wis.
Woodward, L. C., Hinckley, Minn.

Californians otherwise listed follow:

Wounded, Degree Undetermined.

Ament, E. O., No. 5523 Virginia st., Los Angeles.
Miller, F. C., Hermosa Beach.
Vernon, L., Exeter, Cal.
Whitemore, C., Lompoc, Cal.

Wounded Slightly.

Van Zandt, A., Forest, Cal.

Missing in Action.

Pight, H., San Anselmo, Cal.
Libbe, W., Twin Pines, Cal.

CANADIAN LIST.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

OTTAWA, Nov. 11.—The Canadian casualty list carries the names of J. B. Smith, Los Angeles, and J. Henschel, Kerman, Cal., wounded, and A. H. Haralson, Safford, Ariz., ill.

[Readers interested in the complete casualty list, as furnished daily by the War Department, may have access to the names by visiting The Times office, editorial rooms, third floor, Times Building, First and Broadway.]

WAR WORK FUN QUICKLY RAISE

California will Go Over To in Four Days.

Flu-Mask Rule Violatio Fines to Aid.

Enthusiastic Response from Entire Nation.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 11.—California will reach its quota of the United War Work $170,500,000 fund in the first four days of the week's campaign, on the basis of today's returns, War Work campaign officials here announced tonight. While in some cities solicitation of funds was laid aside to celebrate Germany's signing of the armistice, in others work went on as usual, or was stimulated by the news.

San Mateo at noon reported $5000 in cash on hand. Its quota is $8750. Downieville oversubscribed its quota 15 per cent, in the first five hours of the campaign, raising $690. Oakland reported at noon subscriptions totaling $32,699.

San Diego late today reported $50,000 raised, while San Jose reported $5000 and Sonoma county $8123. The Soledad district of Monterey county "went over the top" with $12,000 raised. San Benito raised $4000 and Grass Valley $8010.

San Francisco police judges at a meeting today decided that all fines assessed against those convicted of failure to wear the gauze anti-influenza masks required by city ordinance should be turned over to the War Work fund until that campaign was ended.

Hood River and Union counties, in Oregon, went over the top before noon, according to word received at western headquarters here. Many subscriptions of from $1000 to $10,000 were reported by Portland, and the State campaign director of Oregon sent word that Oregon will readily reach its quota.

Subscriptions totaling $27,000, double its quota, were reported by White Pine county, Nevada.

Washakie county was the first in Wyoming to report having reached its quota.

Utah sent word that it will have a check ready for its quota of $241,000.

Four hundred thousand negroes in Arkansas have undertaken to raise $1 per capita as their share in the drive, according to word from that State.

A monster rally was held in the Senate chamber in San Juan, Porto Rico, presided over by Judge Del Toro, and $150,000 in cash was subscribed.

Word came from Peking, China, that the China provisional assembly has appropriated $150,000 in silver.

Postville, Iowa, named for one of John R. Mott, director-general of the campaign, reports having oversubscribed its quota of $6000 before the campaign was launched.

Gifts totaling $500,000 were reported by Cincinnati.

BATTLESHIP SUNK ON EVE OF PEACE.

BRITISH FLOATING FORTRESS TORPEDOED AT GIBRALTAR ENTRANCE.

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]

LONDON, Nov. 11.—The British battleship Britannia was torpedoed near the west entrance to the Straits of Gibraltar on November 9 and sank three and a half hours later, according to an Admiralty announcement tonight. Thirty-nine officers and 672 men were saved.

The Britannia, which had a displacement of 16,350 tons, was launched at Portsmouth December 10, 1904. She was 453 feet in length, had a speed of approximately nineteen knots an hour and carried a peace-time complement of 777 men. Her main armament consisted of four twelve-inch guns.

PARIS, Nov. 11.—(Havas.) The French torpedo boat Mangini and the British torpedo boat Shark entered the Dardanelles on Saturday.

Franco-British naval forces occupied Alexandretta, an Asiatic Turkey seaport in the Mediterranean, on Sunday.

PARIS, Nov. 11.—(By the Associated Press.) The Belgian frontier east of the forest of Trelon, east of Avesnes, has been reached by the French, the War Office announced today. Italian troops have entered the town of Recrol, less than two miles from the frontier.

Between Mezieres and Sedan the French have forced their way to the east bank of the Meuse between Lumes and Vrigne.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—(By the Associated Press.) Mons, the Belgian town near where British troops engaged in bitter fighting with the Germans at the beginning of the war, was captured early this morning by Canadian troops under Gen. Horne, according to Field Marshal Haig's announcement today.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—(By the Associated Press.) Field Marshal Haig reports as follows tonight from headquarters:

"At the cessation of hostilities this morning we had reached the general line of the Franco-Belgian frontier, east of Avesnes, Jeumont, Sivry, four miles east of Mons, Chisvres, Lessines and Gramment."

ROME, Nov. 11.—(By the Associated Press.) The Italian armies have reached Brenner Pass, in the Tyrol, the War Office announces today.

In the battles extending over the period from October 24 to November 4, the Italians took 426,774 prisoners, including 10,658 officers. They also captured 6815 guns.

WAR RISK INSURANCE DROPS $10 TO 50 CENTS.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—War risk insurance, which one year ago was quoted as high as $10 a hundred could be had in the open market here today for 50 cents. This charge, it was explained by underwriters, is to cover the possibility of loss by floating mines, a hazard which still exists in the war zone area along the coast of France and England.

The Reason Why

WE OFTEN are asked why the first mortgage serial bonds, safe-guarded under the *Straus Plan*, are selling on a 6% basis, in spite of the competition of other securities bearing a higher rate of interest.

The answer is very simple: The bonds we offer are selling on a 6% basis *because they are worth it.* Each issue is secured by a first mortgage lien on high grade income-producing property, with an ample margin of security, and is paid off serially, year by year, out of the earnings of the property.

These bonds yield a higher net return than other securities of equal safety. They are safer than other securities yielding 6% or more. This is the reason for the continued popular demand for the first mortgage 6% bonds, safeguarded under the *Straus Plan.*

This demand comes from that great class of investors who require:

Complete and unquestioned safety;
Prompt payment of principal and interest in cash;
Freedom from worry and care;
Absence of market fluctuation in value;
A reasonable rate of interest;
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Every investor should post himself on the merits of these sound and popular securities, and on the reasons for the record of this House—36 years without loss to any investor. All this is explained in our booklet, "Safety and 6%." Call or write for this booklet, together with our current investment list. Ask for

Circular No. L. T. 100

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2nd Floor Merchants Nat'l Bank Bldg.

PEACE
The sacrifice, courage and undying determination of the United States and the Allied nations to make the world safe for democracy has been rewarded with peace by a wonderful victory.
With peace and our united thanksgiving therefore comes also the opportunity to avail ourselves of many investments which now yield unusual returns with the likelihood of increased earnings and market appreciation during the months to follow, which should exhibit the greatest industrial activity and consequent profits we have ever known.
Our services and investment suggestions are available upon request.
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Union Oil
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Yielding 17% per annum.
So. Calif. Edison
Yielding 8.8% per annum.
Cal. Packers
Yielding 8.8% per annum.
United Eastern
Yielding 14% per annum.
Union Sugar
Yielding 14.2% per annum.
According to our opinion the dividend-paying ability of the companies above will not be impaired by the ending of the war, and they may be regarded as "peace" issues.
The low-priced Oatman gold stocks also appear worthy of study.
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Big discounts for a limited time bring it down to $65 front foot.
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Let us explain the superior advantages of our nation-wide service to investors. Our great chain of offices may serve you profitably in displaying of inactive and unlisted securities, etc. This service is ideal for the buyer as well as the seller—try it.
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Bonds—Short Term Notes—Acceptances

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TO MAKE TERMS OF FINAL PEACE

Stupendous Task Lies Before Allied Statesmen.

Developments in Germany will Have Bearing.

Period of Armistice Likely to be Extended.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Preparations for final peace negotiations will engross American and Allied statesmen during the next few weeks, while Marshal Foch and naval commanders see to it that the terms of the armistice which ended the fighting today are carried out.

Thirty days is the armistice period, and, since it hardly will be possible to assemble the greatest peace conference in history within that time, an extension practically is certain to be granted by the victors and accepted by the vanquished.

What happens in Germany, in what once was Austria-Hungary, and in Russia during the meantime will probably govern the solution of many of the complex problems awaiting the conference.

ALLIED VIEWS KNOWN.

Absorbed in the celebration of the German surrender, the officials today were unwilling even to discuss for publication the next steps to be taken to secure the fruits of victory and make future wars, at least on so vast a scale, impossible. But, in a general way, what is to be expected already is known. The various utterances of President Wilson and the premiers and public men of the Entente countries all have been carefully studied by those who must plan the next step, and at one time or another these spokesmen have touched upon nearly every idea that might be properly included in the treaties.

This is particularly true of President Wilson's declarations, which represent, not only the ideas of the American government, but from their almost unqualified acceptance by the Entente powers, must also be regarded as already constituting the framework, which can be clothed with the details necessary to round out a complete fabric of peace conventions.

DICTATED PEACE.

This framework, in all probability, will be put into final shape by discussions among the chiefs of the victorious powers long before the representatives of the vanquished are called upon to accept or to plead for modification of what is to be dictated to them. The preliminary work is expected to be carried on much as the armistice terms were prepared, the nations which have taken the largest part in the war, and whose voices consequently are entitled to the greatest weight, preparing the outline, with the spokesmen of the many others with aspirations to be satisfied joining in the discussions when their interests are involved.

WEIGHTY PROBLEMS.

Probably the violent changes in the existing conditions which will result from the enforcement of the terms of the armistice will powerfully strengthen the earnest desire of all nations concerned to have the final arrangements made at the earliest possible moment.

One of the most weighty problems connected with geographical rearrangements—the future of Alsace-Lorraine—already practically has been settled by the acceptance of President Wilson's declaration for righting the wrong of 1870, which means unconditional return of the provinces to France.

STATE HAS INFLUENZA ON RUN, SAYS KELLOGG.

ENTIRE COAST COUNTRY REPORTS STEADY DECLINE IN NUMBER OF NEW CASES.

[EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.]

SACRAMENTO, Nov. 11.—Only partial figures have been received by the State Board of Health on Spanish influenza in the State during the last two days and as a result no totals were given out today. Secretary Kellogg declared today, however, that "masks or no masks, closing or no closing, the situation generally is improving throughout California."

EPIDEMIC EMULATES KAISER.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 11.—Influenza is emulating William Hohenzollern—it is on the run—according to the board of health. But twenty-one new cases developed today.

All day only 119 cases were reported and ninety-eight of them were reported by mail and covered cases which developed prior to today. There were thirty-six deaths.

The grand total since the outbreak of the epidemic stood tonight at 23,090 cases with 1645 deaths.

PORTLAND CELEBRATES.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

PORTLAND (Or.) Nov. 11.—New cases of influenza reported today in Portland were 282, with twenty-two deaths. In view of the peace celebration in progress no efforts were made to enforce the restrictions against the gathering of crowds out of doors.

SEATTLE LIFTS LID.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

SEATTLE, Nov. 11.—Seattle theaters will open tomorrow, the influenza ban on public gatherings having been lifted today. The University of Washington opens Wednesday.

The ban on public gatherings and orders requiring wearing of masks because of the Spanish influenza epidemic was lifted for the entire State today by the State Health Board. Since October 2 there have been 481 deaths in Seattle from the disease and 10,967 cases reported. Eleven deaths were reported for Sunday. City health department employees were too busy celebrating the end of the war to receive reports of new cases.

ABATING IN SPOKANE.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

SPOKANE, Nov. 11.—New cases of influenza reported today totaled 133. Only five deaths were reported officially.

CELEBRATION LEADS TO SERIOUS RIOTING.

SOLDIERS AND SAILORS AT NEWPORT NEWS INDULGE IN EXCESSES.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

NEWPORT NEWS (Va.) Nov. 11.—Riotous scenes attended the celebration here tonight of peace. Thousands of soldiers and sailors took possession of the city, wrecking street cars, raiding restaurants, breaking plate-glass windows and building bonfires in the streets from smashed delivery wagons and other wreckage. No serious casualties were reported.

After the mobs had forced suspension of street-car service, the closing of every business place on the principal streets and had done thousands of dollars' damage, two companies of guard troops were ordered out and at midnight they were patrolling the streets.

The troops have the situation under control.

A number of persons were slightly hurt. Maj. Percy Hamilton, who attempted to remonstrate with the rioters, was struck with a brick thrown by a sailor. A number of arrests have been made.

The city's street-car service was demoralized by the celebration, the soldiers and sailors taking charge of the cars after driving away the crews. Alleged unreasonable prices for food were said to have been responsible for the raids on restaurants. Foodstuffs were carried off and considerable property was damaged.

The soldiers engaging in the demonstration were from the several embarkation camps in this city and vicinity.

POLICEMAN HELD UP.

[LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

PASADENA, Nov. 11.—It leaked out today that Policeman C. A. Davis of the Pasadena police department was held up by a burglar Saturday night and relieved of his official revolver. After taking the policeman's gun, the burglar bade the discomfitted policeman adieu and escaped, taking the officer's weapon with him. Chief of Police McIntyre and Policeman Davis's fellow-officers have exonerated Davis from any taint of dishonor or lack of bravery in the incident. Officer Davis was on the way to investigate the burglarizing of Dr. F. M. Taylor's home, No. 255 South Marengo avenue, at 6:30 p.m.

THEY JOYFULLY CELEBRATE.

The employees at Citrin's entered with spirit into the celebration of yesterday. Taking a large silk flag from Mr. Citrin's office, they carried this in the parade, and people showered money on the flag to the amount of $125. This was entered in the name of "The Flag" for the United War Work Fund. After parading, the marchers returned to the store, where there was dancing, singing and refreshments in the reception-room, and they finally dispersed with three cheers for the flag.

PRICE AUDITING BOOKS.

[LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

SAWTELLE, Nov. 11.—Thomas Price, former Mayor of Sawtelle writes from the Y.M.C.A. headquarters in Paris, France, that the work assigned to him is that of auditing the books of the various huts, which he is required to visit in the Thirty-fifth Division. He says skilled accountants are greatly needed.

CALIFORNIA RENDERS THANKS.

[BY A. P. DAY WIRE.]

SACRAMENTO, Nov. 11.—Gov. William D. Stephens announced at 10 o'clock this forenoon that he had declared today a legal holiday in order that the signing of the armistice might be fully celebrated. The Governor issued the following statement:

This is indeed a happy day for all the world, and we of California, conscious of having done our full part, join in the manifestations of joy with true patriotic fervor.

California's war record is one of which every citizen may be proud. Our contribution in men, in money and in materials has been second to no other State in the Union.

More than 500 gold stars in our State's service flag tell of the heroic sacrifice that our loyal sons have made in defense of world freedom and world democracy.

To the mothers, the fathers and the wives of our brave defenders I wish, on behalf of the State of California, to pay an especial tribute of love and affection. Their sacrifice has not been in vain.

Great is our joy. Great also is our responsibility. Victory has crowned our standard, victory has brought with it serious problems of reconstruction to which we must now turn with the same earnest enthusiasm that marked our participation in the war. We face a future full of glowing promise.

To a gracious providence we render thanks on this day of rejoicing.

GERMANS FACE TEST OF LIBERTY

(Continued from Second Page.)

place after signature of the armistice.

VI. Duration of armistice.

(34.) The duration of the armistice is to be thirty days, with option to extend. During this period, on failure of execution of any of the above clauses, the armistice may be denounced by one of the contracting parties on forty-eight hours' previous notice.

VII. Time limit for reply.

(35.) This armistice to be accepted or refused by Germany within seventy-two hours of notification.

The war thus comes to an end; for, having accepted these terms of armistice, it will be impossible for the German command to renew it.

It is not now possible to assess the consequences of this great consummation. We know only that this tragical war, whose consuming flames swept from one nation to another until all the world was on fire, is at an end and that it was the privilege of our own people to enter it at its most critical juncture in such fashion and in such force as to contribute in a way of which we are all deeply proud, to the great result. We know, too, that the object of the war is attained; the object upon which all free men had set their hearts; and attained with a sweeping completeness which even now we do not realize. Armed imperialism such as the men conceived who were but yesterday the masters of Germany, is at an end, its illicit ambitions engulfed in black disaster. Who will now seek to revive it? The arbitrary power of the military caste of Germany which once could secretly and of its own single choice disturb the peace of the world is discredited and destroyed. And more than that—much more than that—has been accomplished. The great nations which associated themselves to destroy it have now definitely united in the common purpose to set up such a peace as will satisfy the longing of the whole world for disinterested justice, embodied in settlements which are based upon something much better and much more lasting than the selfish competitive interests of powerful states. There is no longer conjecture as to the objects the victors have in mind. They have a mind in the matter, not only, but a heart also. Their avowed and concerted purpose is to satisfy and protect the weak as well as to accord their just rights to the strong.

The humane temper and intention of the victorious governments has already been manifested in a very practical way. Their representatives in the Supreme War Council at Versailles have by unanimous resolution assured the peoples of the Central Empires that everything that is possible in the circumstances will be done to supply them with food and relieve the distressing want that is in so many places threatening their very lives; and steps are to be taken immediately to organize these efforts at relief in the same systematic manner that they were organized in the case of Belgium. By the use of the idle tonnage of the Central Empires it ought presently to be possible to lift the fear of utter misery from their oppressed populations and set their minds and energies free for the great and hazardous tasks of political reconstruction which now face them on every hand. Hunger does not breed reform; it breeds madness and all the ugly distempers that make an ordered life impossible.

For with the fall of the ancient governments which rested like an incubus upon the peoples of the Central Empires, has come political changes not merely, but revolution; and revolution which seems as yet to assume no final and ordered form but to run from one fluid change to another, until thoughtful men are forced to ask themselves, with what governments, and of what sort, are we about to deal in the making of covenants of peace? With what authority will they meet us, and with what assurance that their authority will abide and sustain securely the international arrangements into which we are about to enter? There is here matter for no small anxiety and misgiving.

When peace is made, upon whose promises and engagements besides our own is it to rest?

Let us be perfectly frank with ourselves and admit that these questions can not be satisfactorily answered now or at once. But the moral is not that there is little hope of an early answer that will suffice. It is only that we must be patient and helpful and mindful above all of the great hope and confidence that lie at the heart of what is taking place. Excesses accomplish nothing. Unhappy Russia has furnished abundant recent proof of that. Disorder immediately defeats itself. If excesses should occur, if disorder should for a time raise its head, a sober second thought will follow and a day of constructive action, if we help and do not hinder.

The present and all that it holds belongs to the nations and the peoples who preserve their self-control and the orderly processes of their governments; the future to those who prove themselves true friends of mankind. To conquer with arms is to make only a temporary conquest; to conquer the world by earning its esteem is to make permanent conquest. I am confident that the nations that have learned the discipline of freedom and that have settled with self-possession to its ordered practice are now about to make conquest of the world by the sheer power of example and of friendly helpfulness.

The peoples who have just come out from under the yoke of arbitrary government and who are now coming at last into their freedom will never find the treasures of liberty they are in search of if they look for them by the light of the torch. They will find that every pathway that is stained with the blood of their own brothers leads to the wilderness, not to the seat of their hope. They are now face to face with their initial tests. We must hold the light steady until they find themselves. And in the meantime, if it be possible, we must establish a peace that will justly define their place among the nations, remove all fear of their neighbors and of their former masters and to enable them to live in security and contentment when they have set their own affairs in order.

I, for one, do not doubt their purpose or their capacity. There are some happy signs that they know and will choose the way of self-control and peaceful accommodation. If they do, we shall put our aid at their disposal in every way that we can. If they do not, we must await with patience and sympathy the awakening and recovery that will assuredly come at last.

SLOVAKIA CHOOSES MASARYK PRESIDENT.

PRAGUE PROFESSOR HEADS REPUBLIC NUMBERING 11,0000,000 PEOPLE.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The Czecho-Slovak republic has begun its existence and the Czechs and Slavs, now numbering about 11,000,000 people, having thrown off the yoke of Austria-Hungary, become free for the first time since 1620.

Thomas G. Masaryk, formerly professor of philosophy at the University of Prague, and since 1915 president of the Czecho-Slovak National Council, which was recognized by the United States and the Allies as a de facto government, has been selected as the republic's first President. He is now in Washington and was notified today of his selection by the council, which urged him to proceed immediately to Prague to take up further formation of the new government.

President Masaryk will leave within a fortnight. He spent today preparing an address to the 3,000,000 Czecho-Slovak residents of the United States. Before sailing, he will complete negotiations with the authorities here for material aid to be given to the new nation and its armies, one of which is in Siberia, one in France and one in Italy.

President Masaryk was informed of his selection by cable message, which said Vice-President Benesh, now in Geneva, will take his duties as acting President of Czecho-Slovakia. Dr. Edward Benesh, formerly of the University of Prague, who has been selected as Minister of Foreign Affairs, sent the message, which came through the State Department by way of Paris and was dated November 6.

Dr. Milan Stefanik, a noted astronomer, who has been at the head of the Czecho-Slovak army in France, has been selected Minister of War. The Cabinet is to be completed as soon as President Masaryk reaches Prague, which will be the capital.

The dispatch said the political and social situation in Bohemia made necessary his immediate presence; that he has been given unlimited authority and that all of the new government's activities had been enthusiastically approved.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Congratulations to Prof. Thomas C. Masaryk on the occasion of his election as President of the Czecho-Slovak republic were telegraphed him today by the representatives here of the peoples composing the mid-European nation. The telegram was signed by the Czecho-Slovak National Council, Ukrainian Federation, Jugo-Slav National Council, Lithuanian National League; Rumanian National League, Political Association of Italian Irredentists, Albanian National Council, National Council of Unredeemed Greeks, National Jewish Council of Palestine, Ukro-Russian National Council, and the Armenian National Council.

DIES OF PNEUMONIA.

A victim of bronchial pneumonia, Mrs. Ben Cahn, wife of the furniture dealer residing at No. 1345 South Bunker Hill avenue, was laid to rest yesterday morning in Inglewood Cemetery. Mrs. Cahn succumbed after an illness of nine days. She had lived in the city for twelve years, and was known in social circles and as an indefatigable patriotic worker. Her daughter, Miss Gaynell, will make her home with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Cahn of the Hooper apartments.

GOES TO OIL DIVISION.

[LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

MARICOPA, Nov. 11.—Walter J. Barnhart, manager of the United Oil Company, has left for Washington, D. C., having been called by the fuel oil division of the government to take up his duties as official forager of gasoline and lubricants for the airplane division of the War Department. His district will comprise all that part of the United States west of Chicago.

BOND SALE.

[LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

BAKERSFIELD, Nov. 11.—Bids on the sale of the Rosedale and Standard school bonds will be received by the Board of Supervisors of Kern county up until the morning of December 5. The Standard bonds are valued at $30,000 and are for the erection of a new school building. The Rosedale bonds are for $800 and are for supplies.

GERMAN PEOPLE WILL NEED AID.

United States will be Asked for Credit.

Disposition is to Give Former Enemy Chance.

Inhuman to Build Economic Wall, Assertion.

[EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Representative business men and labor leaders believe unprecedented prosperity will be attained in the coming years, but sound a warning that the days of readjustment to a peace basis are fraught with grave pitfalls and dangers. Their attitude in the economic aspects of the new world situation created by the signing of the armistice and the political debacle in Germany was reflected today in statements to The Times.

Far-reaching changes in international relations were foreshadowed. In certain influential banking quarters the view was expressed that eventually the United States will be called on to extend credit to the nations that made up the disintegrated alliance of what was the Central Powers. George E. Roberts, assistant to the president of the National City Bank, crystallized this sentiment by saying:

"The peace settlement should be a just one and should provide for complete reparation. But after that I think the war in all its phases should end. The German people must have a chance and a hope for development and prosperity in the future. Unless we help them with raw materials and credit facilities they will be unable to pay the required indemnity to France and Belgium."

Bankers who hold this view emphasized the repugnance that would be felt in extending a helping hand to our former enemies, but pointed out that it would be unwise and inhuman to build a wall around Germany and starve her people by withholding food and raw materials.

It was stressed that many preliminary assurances of good faith must be forthcoming before American aid can be given in touching on this point. William A. Simonson, an executive manager of the National City Bank said:

"Credit will in time have to be extended to Germany. Just how I do not yet know."

The head of another large financial institution developed the same tangent of reasoning and argued that American bankers and investors and not the government should be charged with the obligation of financing the European nations in their purchases here. Several others favored giving credit to a democratic Germany.

WHITMAN WILL SCAN ELECTION BALLOTS.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Gov. Whitman will tomorrow make application for an inspection of the ballots cast at the recent State election, "that there may never be any doubt as to the result" of the gubernatorial contest, according to an announcement made tonight after a conference at the headquarters of the Republican State Committee. Among those attending the conference were Gov. Whitman and George A. Glynn, chairman of the committee.

On returning here today from Chicago, Gov. Whitman made public a letter from Mr. Glynn, in which the latter asserted "figures unofficially reported to us" exclusive of the soldiers' vote yet to be canvassed, would indicate a plurality in favor of Alfred E. Smith of only "about 7000 votes," or about one-third of 1 per cent. of the total vote of approximately 2,000,000.

When Your Eyes Need Care
Try Murine Eye Remedy. At your druggist's, 60c per bottle. For Book of the Eye Free, write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

ARIZONA ATTORNEY DIE OF PNEUMONIA

[EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.]

PHOENIX, Nov. 11.—[illegible] Miller, Jr., for four years [illegible] the Superior Court, is dead of pneumonia, at his Mesa home, after [illegible] illness of a week. He was [illegible] of age and leaves a widow and [illegible] children. His parents live in Los Angeles, his former home. He has been admitted to the bar and resigned his official position, to take up the law practice of Judge A. Baker, who has been elected a [illegible] State Supreme bench.

At Miami, from the same disease has died Wiley E. Jones, [illegible] Atty.-Gen. Wiley E. Jones of this city. He had been a candidate at Annapolis, but had been discharged because of failing eyesight. He was the fourth member of the Attorney-General to die within a few months, two of these having been killed in France.

"I BELIEVE IT HAS SAVED MY LIFE"

Former Trained Nurse Endorses Tanlac

Is a Graduate of Bellevue Hospital

Has Actually Gained Twenty-Five Pounds.

One of the most interesting of many remarkable statements made in connection with Tanlac is given by Mrs. Marie J. Howard, who resides at 402 Westlake ave., Seattle, recently. Mrs. Howard has been a resident of Seattle for the past eighteen years, and before her marriage, was a trained nurse, a graduate of Bellevue Hospital, New York. When asked if she would be willing for her statement to be published, she said, "Yes, indeed, and you may start it by saying that I believe Tanlac has saved my life.

"I have suffered from stomach trouble and disordered liver and kidneys for five years and have been in such a bad condition that I honestly felt like I was going to die. Everything I would eat fermented in my stomach and turned sour, formed by it would cause my heart to palpitate so my breath would almost stop. There were intense pains all through my back about my liver and kidneys and I can't begin to tell how I did suffer. I had fearful headaches and was so nervous I didn't know what sleep was. I was run down in bed for a week at a time, hardly able to raise my hand.

I would manage to stay up two or three days, but would have to give up and take to my bed again. I would often go for two or three days without eating a morsel, could not relish anything. I lost weight right along and am telling the positive truth when I say I was in such an awful condition that I thought I was going to die.

"After reading and hearing much about Tanlac I bought a bottle, thinking if it did others so much good, perhaps it might help me also. Well, it has not only helped me, but I have actually gained twenty pounds since I began taking it. I have never felt better in my life, my appetite is good and my stomach in such a splendid condition that I can hardly eat enough and I don't have a particle afterwards. All my pains and misery is gone, my kidneys and liver are acting splendidly and my nerves are perfectly strong and normal. I sleep every night like a baby and don't know what it is to have a headache. My husband has also taken Tanlac with wonderful results. In fact, I think it has done him much good as it has me, and we both consider it the finest medicine ever made."

Tanlac is sold in Los Angeles, Pasadena and San Diego by The Owl Drug Co., under the personal direction of a special Tanlac representative.—[Advertisement.

November Reduction Sale
Advertised for Monday Begins TODAY.
Citrin's
518 West Seventh Street
Your Favorite Shop

The DIET *During and After* INFLUENZA
The Old Reliable Round Package

Horlick's Malted Milk
Very Nutritious, Digestible
The REAL Food-Drink. Instantly prepared. Made by the ORIGINAL Horlick process from carefully selected materials.
Used successfully over ¼ century. Endorsed by physicians everywhere.
Specify **Horlick's** The Original
Others Are Imitations

ARIZONA ATTORNEYS DIE OF PNEUMONIA.

[EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.]

PHOENIX, Nov. 11. — James Miller, Jr., for four years clerk of the Superior Court, is dead of pneumonia, at his Mesa home, after an illness of a week. He was 31 years of age and leaves a widow and eight children. His parents live in Los Angeles, his former home. He had been admitted to the bar and had resigned his official position, to take up the law practice of Judge A. C. Baker, who has been elected to the State Supreme bench.

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For Rent ... 1 ... 1
Furnished Rooms ... 1 ... 1
Hotels ... 1 ... 1
Lodges ... 1 ... 1
Lost and Found ... 1 ... 1
Machinery ... 1 ... 1
Manufacturers ... 1 ... 1
Medical ... 1 ... 1
Miscellaneous ... 1 ... 1
Money to Loan ... 1 ... 1
Motorcycles ... 1 ... 1
Musical ... 1 ... 1
Personals ... 1 ... 1
Professional ... 1 ... 1
Real Estate ... 1 ... 1
Rooms and Board ... 1 ... 1
Situations Wanted ... 1 ... 1
Stocks and Bonds ... 1 ... 1
Storage ... 1 ... 1
Typewriters ... 1 ... 1
Wanted ... 1 ... 1

Classified Liners.

CLASSIFIED RATES.

Liners of less than 25 words daily or 50 Sunday, 4 lines, or 12 words.

Liners of 25 words daily or 50 Sunday, 4 lines, or 12 words, 4 lines each insertion daily.

Liners at rate of 16 cents a line daily or 25 cents a line Sunday, to be used under the headings of Monthly Meetings, Special Notices, Blocks and Subdivisions, Lost and Found, Strayed, Stolen, Personals, Marriages and Deaths, Funerals, Auctions, Wanted—Help, Wanted—Situations, Wanted—Miscellaneous, Wanted—Rooms and Board, Wanted—Automobiles, Wanted—Motorcycles, Wanted—Bicycles, Wanted—Real Estate, Wanted—Business Chances, Wanted—Business Property, Wanted—Money to Loan, Wanted—Stocks and Bonds

Classified Liners.

TO LET—FLATS—
Furnished and Unfurnished.

Furnished.

TO LET—HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APT. FLAT, in HOLLYWOOD, has every modern convenience; telephone, large, airy rooms, plenty of sunshine; will suit those looking for something choice; restricted; tennis court, garage, small; private entrance. 595. 9220 DE LONGPRE. Phone 571860.

TO LET — IN WILSHIRE DISTRICT, NICELY furnished, strictly modern, upper and lower 3 and 6-room flats in two-flat buildings, all built-in features, sleeping porches, showers, gas and steam heat, garages, moderate rent, the location, and 1st-class; 3 HARVARD BLVD., ten minutes from Broadway. 52.

TO LET—HOME BEAUTIFUL FOR APPRECIative people. In Hollywood, one block from Hollywood boulevard, 5 distinctively furnished rooms; corner apartment. Tile bath and shower. All new mahogany davenport and ivory floral suite. Private entrance, garage, VUCCA corner of Vine. Phone 577892.

TO LET — MODERN 4 ROOM FLAT; PLEASANTly furnished; private entrance, porch and yard; only furnished; 1015 W. Washington. Garage for rent. For information, call 1915 TOLEDANO ST. 60.

TO LET — ONE 5-ROOM APARTMENT FLAT, 2616 SUNSET PLACE, heart of Wilshire district; beautifully furnished; tile bath, garage, storage room; $30 a month, on year's lease.

Phone 2425 by appointment. Phone 582370.

TO LET — 1218 10TH AND BONNIE BRAE, UPPER flat, 4 rooms, sleeping porch, private entrance; 2 large rooms kitchenette and bath. $45.00.

TO LET—NICE, 4 FURNISHED 4-ROOM MODERN flat; bath, screen, 3 closets, sticky; $27.50; no children. 1 block car. 1 DESMARAIS WAY, off SARAVANA. 661

TO LET—LOWER FLAT, 5 ROOMS, BATH, well-furnished, piano, large yard. PHONE 73604.

TO LET—DANDY 6-ROOM UPPER FLAT, FURnished, adults, $42.50. 1071 W. 11TH ST.

TO LET—5-ROOM FLAT; WALKING DISTANCE. $25.00. BOND ST. Rent 926.

Unfurnished.

TO LET—UNFURNISHED.
BUNGALOW—BUNGALOW—FLATS.
APARTMENTS.
ANYWHERE—ANY SIZE—ANY PRICE.
City—Suburbs—Beaches.
Over 2000 to Choose From.
COMBINED LIST OF 175 LEADING AGENTS.
Free—City Maps, Guide Books and Reliable Rental Information—Free!
Members L. A. Realty Board.
BARKER BROS., 724 S. BROADWAY.
Phone 10400. Main Floor. Automatic 10428.

TO LET—5-ROOM FLAT IN NEW BUNGALOW building, Wilshire district; every finish, papered walls, indirect lights, built-in baths, showers, gas heat, garages. Beautiful grounds. $35. Reduction on lease. 2547 WHITLEY HOUSE PLACE, block southeast 1st and Vermont.

TO LET—MODERN 6-ROOM UPPER FLAT; newly decorated throughout, including piano; 2 bedrooms, sleeping porch, price includes water, lease; $40 per month. 1 block from car. 1 block to school. 1 block to park. Adults only. 1 block to Wilshire. 1 block to Vermont. 1 block to Hollywood. 1 block to Los Angeles. 1 block to Pasadena. 1 block to Long Beach. 1 block to San Pedro. 1 block to Santa Monica. 1 block to Ocean Park. 1 block to Venice. 1 block to Redondo. 1 block to Catalina. 1 block to Mexico. 1 block to Europe. 1 block to Asia. 1 block to Africa. 1 block to Australia. 1 block to New Zealand. 1 block to South Pole. 1 block to North Pole. 1 block to Moon. 1 block to Mars. 1 block to Jupiter. 1 block to Saturn. 1 block to Uranus. 1 block to Neptune. 1 block to Pluto. 1 block to Sun. 1 block to Milky Way. 1 block to Universe. 1 block to Infinity. 1 block to Eternity. 1 block to Heaven. 1 block to Hell. 1 block to Purgatory. 1 block to Limbo. 1 block to Nowhere. 1 block to Somewhere. 1 block to Anywhere. 1 block to Everywhere. 1 block to Nothing. 1 block to Something. 1 block to Anything. 1 block to Everything

ssified Liners.

AUTOMOBILES, ETC.—
Miscellaneous.

Automobile Tires.

FREE TO NEW CUSTOMERS—
Presenting this ad. Any tube blowout or damaged up to 3 inches. We're doing this to demonstrate the difference 30x3½ Cl. Cord tires, sold exclusively by VULCANIZING & RUBBER CO., 1229 S. Figueroa.

FREE TO NEW CUSTOMERS—
Presenting this ad. Any tube blowout or damaged up to 3 inches. We're doing this to demonstrate the difference between VULCANIZING & RUBBER CO., 1229 S. Figueroa.

NEW TIRES, 34x4½, $25; 36x4½, $30; 32x4, $20; 30x3, $15. 162 W. 37TH ST.

Automobile Repairing, Painting, Trimming.

ONE-MAN TOP COMPLETE $15
FORD TOP, CURTAIN AND UPHOLSTERING $15
TOPS DYED LIKE NEW $10
HEADLIGHTS, $1 UP. GORHAM UPHOLSTERING CO.
TOPS AND BOWS REPAIRED. CAMPBELL'S TOP HOSPITAL, 1804 S. MAIN.

FORDS REPAIRED BY EXPERT. 25c; school, $10. Fords painted, $15 up. 1071 W. 30TH. ELACK.

FORD WORK DONE FOR LESS MONEY IN THE KINGSLEY DRIVE SHOPS.

Automobiles For Hire.

CARS TO RENT—
Twin 6 Packard, Cadillac 8, Buick 6, Studebaker, Dodge, Ford and other cars to responsible parties by the hour, day or week. STILLWELL CAR AND EXPORT CO., 941 Broadway. Phone 60291, Broadway 287.

CADILLAC LIVERY ..... Day Phone 63677.
Sup and Dodges, $100 per month. 1067 S. Night Phone 51109.
Olo PER HOUR—NEW FORD.
60c—WITHOUT DRIVER—60c.
116 WEST MINTH. 10TH AND OLIVE.

FOR HIRE—FORD, $1 PER DAY, month or week. Call B. S. RITTER, Wilshire 3144.

NEW 7-PASSENGER OWNER DRIVING, $2 per hour. Make by appointment. Wilshire 2040 or 50036.

$1.25 PER HOUR. OLDSMOBILE, OWNER DRIVING. VARMONT 4146.

CLASSY CARS, $1.50 PER HOUR UP. MACY DRIVE SERVICE, 2972½ W. Pico. 74176.

NEW 1918 MODEL 6-CYLINDER 5 AND 7-PASS. touring cars for rent. MAIN 8207.

HUDSON SUPERSIX, 7-PASS., $1.50 PER HR., $10 per day; experienced driver. 62364.

BANDY CARS, $1.25 AND $1.50 AN HOUR. Open or enclosed drivers. 139363.

BUICK FOR HIRE, $1 HOUR, OR TRIP, BY OWN car. BROADWAY 6906.

LADY OF REFINEMENT, CAREFUL DRIVER, Cadillac car, $1.25 per hour. PHONE 10.

$1.50 PER HOUR. CLASSY 5-PASSENGER CAR, carefully driven by owner. WILSHIRE 2040.

$1 PER HOUR. CLASSY MAXWELL, CAREFUL lady driver. 28543.

1918 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN, OWNER DRIVING, $1.50 hr. 28021. After 6:30 and Sunday, 58.

$6 PER DAY—NEW FORDS WITH CARE-FUL DRIVERS. 1918 MODELS. 1918 PHONE 10109.

CARS FOR RENT WITHOUT DRIVER. 1918 Ford. Phone 5A7206. Give us a trial.

NEW FORDS FOR RENT WITHOUT DRIVER.

CHANDLER, NEW, 7-PASS., SAN DIEGO CAR, $1.50 per hour. Careful driver. MR. LARGENT, Main 3888.

Motorcycles.

FOR SALE—1918 HARLEY-DAVIDSON MOTOR-CYCLE. S. G. GAGNE, 715 S. First St.

Bicycles.

AMERICUS BIKE SHOP, 214 W. 6TH ST. Bicycle "Columbia" Blue; new and second-hand; parting specialties; terms. PICO 3830.

HORSES, MULES, CATTLE, ETC.
For Sale, Exchange, Wanted.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—GOOD RAMBOUILLET RAM, in good condition, head or not used as stock ram. Address Box 1, Route 1, Box 1, Pomona.

FOR SALE—GOOD GENTLE HORSE, weight about 1,000 lbs. PITMAN LIVE STOCK CO., 1015 S. Broadway. Block 21 Pen 1.

FOR SALE—BAY MARE, WITH FOAL; 5 years old; gentle; reasonable. 1548 W. 37th St.

Twenty mowing at 8.

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Twenty mowing at 8.

N. P. REYNOLDS,

Day Phone 63677.
Night Phone 51109.

INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY—
For Sale and Exchange.

For Exchange.

FOR EXCHANGE — LARGE 100-FOOT CORNER, paved, very close in, good rents, improvements, $9000; lots easily $10,000; mtg. $5000; want nice bungalow, clear; give you good deal. MR. HAWORTH, 920 W. 18th st.

INCOME PROPERTY—
For Sale.

FOR SALE—NEW BUNGALOW COURT, $12,000; 8 cozy houses of pleasing design, each a sunny, cheerful home; furnished complete; all modern conveniences, all rented, with waiting list; 15 minutes to Broadway, west side, worth $17,000, income $145 month, or 14 per cent. net; can you beat it? Terms 1-3 cash, balance to suit, no trade. A fine bargain these times. Address C. box 320, TIMES BRANCH OFFICE.

FOR SALE—2 FLAT BUILDINGS, GOOD LOCATION, opposite Manual Arts High School; part cash, terms, or collection to government bonds. No agents or trade. 1040 W. 42ND.

FOR SALE—EQUITY IN GOOD RENTAL PROPERTY, $100 month, in Hollywood. 59472.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY—
For Sale.

FOR SALE—
YOU CAN'T LIVE ON SCENERY,
BUT IT'S A HOME FOR $1500 with a half acre of the best garden soil, a good orchard, and a small house you are in luck to have very attractive, indeed. We have to give you four such a place less than a half-hour from Los Angeles business section, and with a small cash payment you can continue paying for it or have it out of what you stand for rent. If you want to get out of paying rent all your life let us tell you more about this place. See MR. HICKERSON or HOUS, with Janss Inv. Co., 404 Metropolitan Bldg. Phone 10645.

FOR SALE—
14 ACRES, SAN FERNANDO VALLEY.

Good location for suburban home, orchard, poultry, bees, etc. It is beautiful and in the heart of the fertile San Fernando Valley. Part of the land is hilly. You will want this 14-acre ranch. The ranch is well protected from wind and frost. You can have the 14 acres at a bargain price if you act quickly. $200 an acre now, and at terms convenient to you. EMIL FIRTH, 848 S. BROADWAY. 60167. MAIN 2543.

FOR SALE—2½-ACRE PLACE, WITH MODERN 5-room bungalow, plenty fruit, flowers, garage, etc.; on paved road, near Monrovia car line. A little jewel at a bargain.

Also an acre and a 5-acre place, same district. Also unimproved land, 1 to 10 acres, finest sandy loam.

SOUTHLAND REALTY CORP.,
67764. 413 S. Hill st.

FOR SALE—IN HYDE PARK, ONE BLOCK FROM street car; close to school; corner lots, 60x190 feet each; house on middle lot; barn, poultry yard, etc.; also cream separator; make me an offer. Also 17½ acres in Soledad Canyon, 4½ miles west of Saticoy, 50 stands of bees with separator. Has a water supply. Or will trade for a fine bargain these times. Address C. box 320, TIMES BRANCH OFFICE.

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Also an acre and a 5-acre place, same district. Also unimproved land, 1 to 10 acres, finest sandy loam.

SOUTHLAND REALTY CORP.,
67764. 413 S. Hill st.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN, 40 ACRES IMPROVED, house, barns, good pumping plant, lots of water, near fine dairy district; $4500; 7 miles from Los Angeles, half mile west of Westgrove ave. Strawberry and Cuyama ice. Price $450 per acre. MARGARET McGIBBON, Owner, West Washington st. R. F. D. No. 7.

FOR SALE — GENTLEMAN'S HOUSE, VERDUGO Canyon, Glendale, 9 rooms, hot water furnace, servant's quarters, garage, barn, poultry house, large lawns, flower, vegetable garden, bring orchard; 5 acres; $15,000. Much less takes it. Will take Fourth Liberty Bonds at par. Owner leaving. BOX 32, Glendale, Cal.

FOR SALE — SUPERB (11) ACRES POMHILL place, right in Monrovia; great variety fruit, oak trees, etc.; an ideal spot; hard to describe; big bargain for quick sale.

SOUTHLAND REALTY CORP.,
67764. 413 S. Hill st.

FOR SALE—WANTED PATRIOTIC BUYER FOR 5-room home (30x145.) 2 sleeping porches, attic, garage, cement walk, gas and electricity, family orchard, chicken house and runs. Will be taken this week; worth $1700. Owner ready for service overseas. See GROVER, 309 S. Hill.

FOR SALE—TWO ACRES, HOME PLACE, 100 S. Altadena st., Altadena. 6-room house, barn. 75 fruit trees. Will make very low price. H. B. GURLEY, La Habra, Cal.

Glendale.

FOR SALE—10-ACRE RANCH, ORANGES AND walnuts; 7-room house; large garage, pumping plant, 6th street, near Grand View ave. West of Glendale. Must be sold to close estate. TRUST DEPARTMENT, GUARANTY TR. & SAV. BANK.

San Gabriel.

FOR SALE—2 AND 4-ACRE HOMESITES, ON cl'd., close to city. PHONE 21168.

BEACH PROPERTY—
For Sale.

Venice and Ocean Park.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—AN ATTRACTIVE 6-room bungalow, with garage, on 2 fine lots, laid out in roses, located between Polytechnic High School and City Hall. Will exchange for Los Angeles property. What have you? 1423 W. 30TH ST. 73190.

COUNTRY PROPERTY—
For Sale.

FOR SALE—

IT'S LIKE BUYING
A SOW WITH PIG

to purchase this 40-acre ranch in crop, and like the sow again, the land will produce the crops in the next twelve months; on a good road, just 1½ miles from station and high school; house has a modern 5-room bungalow, with all built-in features, a complete pumping plant, good barn, with stanchions for cows, 10-acre lemon grove, alfalfa, and balance planted to barley; after cutting your barley in the spring you can replant to corn, beans or potatoes, and the chances are that their crops this year will sell for as much per acre as this place can be bought for. Attractive terms. May consider part clear trade.

A. F. WITZEMAN, 724 Title Insurance Bldg.

FOR SALE—YOUR CHANCE IN CANADA—Rich lands and business opportunities offer you independence; farm lands, $11 to $30 per acre; irrigated lands, $35 to $50; 20 years to pay; $2000 loan in improvements; loan of live stock, taxes average under 20 cents an acre; no taxes on improvements, personal property or live stock; good markets, churches, schools roads, telephones; excellent climate; ideal for live stock growing. Special homeseekers' fare certificates. Write for free booklets. ALLAN CAMERON, General Superintendent Land Branch, Canadian Pacific Ry., 252 Ninth ave., Calgary, Alberta.

FOR SALE—
TEN-ACRE IMPROVED RANCH
Near Santa Ana,

that for personal reasons must change hands quick. Has a well built 4-room house, good barn and all leveled, ready for crop. Will sell this week for about ½ value. May take part trade.

KNOX, 724 Title Insurance Bldg.

FOR SALE—
40-ACRE BARGAIN

Best of advantages in these 40 acres. The soil is rich, plenty of good water cheap, near live town, splendid climate and good transportation facilities. Save alfalfa country. Only $150 an acre, with water, on easy terms. EMIL FIRTH, 340 S. BROADWAY. 60167. MAIN 2543.

FOR SALE—$8 50 PER ACRE WILL BUY 154 acres, improved mountain ranch, San Diego county, house, outbuildings, fruit, water. Biggest snap in California! Improvements cost more than I am asking for the land. Bdwy. 7878. 205 FERGUSON BLDG.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—2 ACRES, 6-ROOM FLAStered house, gas, electricity, bath, new garage, chicken-houses all kinds of fruit, abundance of artesian water. For information, STALL A 12, Grand Central Market

THE CITY
AND ENVIRONS.

Canvassing the Votes.

The Supervisors yesterday started in to canvass the votes of the recent general election under the supervision of L. R. Paxton. It will require about ten days, it is said, to complete the official return.

"Times" Serenaded.

The Ben Laietsky Shrine Band went into action yesterday before the peace celebration was very far along, and added a bit of melody to the otherwise somewhat hectic noises which prevailed. The band serenaded The Times editorial department during its tour.

Peace Dinner Party.

A peace dinner party was given by Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Cohn, No. 3037 Raymond avenue, last evening. The guests were members of the "P. S. Club." They were Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Cohn, Mrs. M. Lewis, Miss Harriet Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Block, Mr. and Mrs. R. Goldstein, Masters Stanley Ellis and Harry Cohn. The decorations were miniature battleships and silk flags.

Soldier Taken Sick.

Sergt. Sidney R. Flowers, recovering from the effects of being gassed in France with the American Army, was again taken sick at Sixth and Broadway early yesterday morning while celebrating the results of his comrades and Allies' victory. He was treated at the Receiving Hospital and taken to his home, No. 1128 Colton avenue. Sergt. Flowers is business manager of Fragments of France, a soldier organization.

Japanese Mission Coming.

The Honorary Japanese Commercial Mission from Tokio is due to arrive in Los Angeles on November 20 for a visit of several days. It is headed by K. Yamashina, vice-president of the Tokio Chamber of Commerce, and S. Shiba is secretary of the mission, which consists of six prominent Japanese commercial leaders who are on a tour of American cities. They come to Los Angeles from Salt Lake City and will stay at the Alexandria.

HAMILTON SET RIGHT.

Supervisors Adopt Resolution Saying Certain Charges are "Utterly False."

In order to set himself right in the eyes of his friends, Chairman Hamilton of the Board of Supervisors was the means of the board yesterday adopting a resolution declaring that the circular issued by the Teachers' Committee on School Revenues, charging that Mr. Hamilton had been removed from the department of finance because of mismanagement of the auto license fund and the county road fund was "utterly false."

The resolution stated that Mr. Hamilton, when he became chairman of the Board of Supervisors, appointed his own successor as chairman of the department of finance.

COGSWELL "DROPS IN."

Supervisor-elect Calls on Some of Future Associates; Talk of Chairman.

Supervisor-elect P. F. Cogswell, who defeated John J. Hamilton, the present chairman of the board, called on County Counsel Hill yesterday and later met Supervisors Dodge and Delorey, who still lingered in the board room. He and Supervisor-elect J. H. Bean will take their seats on the board on December 2. At that time the board will organize by electing a chairman.

There is no talk at present as to which member of the board will be selected, but it is likely that one of the old members will be named. These are Supervisors Dodge, McClellan and Woodley.

TRIAL IS HALTED.

The peace jubilation yesterday halted the trial of the $75,000 lost-love suit of Mrs. Rhoda M. Taber against Mrs. Gents Blackman Lyman and her mother, Mrs. Mary Blackman. The case will be continued today in Judge Monroe's court. Mrs. Taber charges that her husband, Wemdell Z. Taber, a druggist of Pasadena, was enticed from his home by the alleged hypnotic power of Mrs. Lyman. The defendants deny the charges of the complaint.

BACKUS ARRESTED.

When J. J. Backus, superintendent of the city building department, neglected to obey the signal of Traffic Officer M. E. Wise at First and Broadway yesterday afternoon excited civilians leaped on the running board of the machine and ran it into the curb. Mr. Backus was taken in charge by Sergt. E. M. Slaughter of the war squad and taken to Central Station. There he was released on his own recognizance.

BUSINESS BREVITIES.
[Advertising.]

Men, your underwear needs consideration like your outerwear. If you don't know it, you ought to know that we have the largest stock of men's underwear in town. Union suits and two-piece suits—sizes 34 to 52—in all the standard makes. Munsing wear—none better for men and also boys. Harris & Frank, Spring near Fifth.

The Times Branch Office, No. 619 South Spring street. Advertisements and subscriptions taken. Telephones Pico 700, 10391.

Jarvis W. Wetherbee, D.D.S., has moved his office to Brockman Bldg., 7th and Grand. Phone 62606.

Yarn for knitting at wholesale prices. A. Brick, 745 S. Broadway.

St. Edgar Hotel, best in Redondo.

Tells a Secret.
Manufacturer of Famous Medicine Tells Ingredients, So Public Can Appreciate Pure, Reliable Medicine.

Many people fear to take medicine to check and abort colds, cure coughs, catarrh, etc. This fear is groundless with all the products of The Blackburn Products Co., Dayton, Ohio. Not one contains opiates, narcotics or harmful drugs. Mentho-Laxene, for coughs, colds, catarrh and all distress following a cold, is a compound of Wild Cherry, Tolu, Cascara, Grindelia, Menthoe Ammonium Chloride, and alcohol sufficient to preserve and keep in solution.

Every ingredient is in concentrated form and the medicine is so strong that only ten-drop doses are to be taken in the "raw" state. But the ideal way is to make into syrup by emptying a 2½ oz. bottle of Mentho-Laxene into a pint bottle and then fill the bottle with granulated sugar syrup, made by dissolving a pint of sugar in a half pint of boiling water. It is said by thousands that this makes a most effective home treatment for all cold troubles. The manufacturer guarantees it to please or money back. Sold by all good druggists.—[Advertisement.

MARLEY 2½ IN
DEVON 2¼ IN.
ARROW
COLLARS
CLUETT PEABODY & CO. INC. TROY N.Y.

The Outdoor Girl
Protects the skin and complexion from all weather conditions. Soothing and healing after exposure. Relieves sunburn, tan and rough or chapped skins. Try it today.
Gouraud's
Oriental Cream
Send 15c. for Trial Size
FERD. T. HOPKINS & SON, New York

HAIR COMING OUT?

Dandruff causes a feverish irritation of the scalp, the hair roots shrink, loosen and then the hair comes out fast. To stop falling hair at once and rid the scalp of every particle of dandruff, get a small bottle of Danderine at any drug store for a few cents, pour a little in your hand and rub it into the scalp. After several applications the hair stops coming out and you can't find any dandruff.

A Tonic and Health Builder

Take CALCERBS to rid yourself of that weakening, persistent cough, which is threatening you with throat or lung troubles. Even in acute cases affecting throat and lungs, CALCERBS have given much relief—in many cases helping to restore health. They give strength to combat illness. Contain calcium (a lime salt), so compounded as to be easily absorbed. Calcerbs, 50 cents a box, at all druggists or from manufacturer, postpaid.

ECKMAN LABORATORY, Philadelphia.
Makers of Eckman's Alterative.

BORADENT
The Milk of Magnesia
TOOTH PASTE
A Scientific Dentifrice

"The Exclusive Specialty House"
Myer Siegel & Co.
443-445-447 S. Broadway

—offer exclusive
Gift Suggestions

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You will find exquisite gifts there, moderately priced, when one considers the cost of fabrics and workmanship.

For Dr. Bengué of Paris—

WE are glad to announce, on behalf of this famous French physician, that you can still obtain

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You, of course, know how highly doctors here and abroad endorse this original French Baume.

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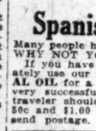

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As soon as the Flu ban is lifted we invite our ad. SOME SALE, as goods are coming plentifully. We will conduct some of the largest sales ever held and we invite the world to attend them. At present we are making the best of the situation and selling good goods at auction and bargain prices at private sales. We have many consignments and before you purchase elsewhere we call your attention to these facts. We have on hand at all times a big selection of new and used household furnishings. Anyone having furniture or household goods to sell—we would gladly take any consignment and advance money on consigned goods. As soon as the Flu ban is lifted we will be open for business. Residence, Furniture, Real Estate, Live Stock, Merchandise Stocks, Automobile and Miscellany Sold on any part of the South-west. Yours for business, W. Dwight Hammond, Auctioneer. Successor to Reed & Hammond. Tel. 61545. Member of L. A. Auctioneers' Association.

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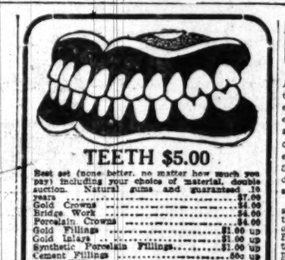

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Best set (none better, no matter how much you pay) including your choice of material, double suction. Natural gums and guaranteed 10 years $7.00
Gold Crowns $4.00
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Los Angeles, Cal.
and a trial package will be sent prepaid. Your money back if you are not entirely satisfied.

THE WEATHER.
[Official Report.]

LOCAL OFFICE, U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Nov. 11.—[Reported by Ford A. Carpenter, Meteorologist.] At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.00; at 5 p.m., 30.04. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 56 deg. and 70 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 28 per cent.; 5 p.m., 48 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., northeast, velocity 8 miles; 5 p.m., southwest, velocity 5 miles. Highest temperature, 70 deg.; lowest, 56 deg. Rainfall for season, .70 of an inch; last season, .56 of an inch. Barometer reduced to sea level.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.—Areas of high pressure control the weather over the greater part of the United States. The eastern area is central over Lake Erie, and the western area over Idaho. Between these areas the barometer is comparatively low. Precipitation was limited during the past twenty-four hours to Washington, Oregon, Idaho and Northern California. The greatest amount, .70 of an inch, fell at Portland, Or. The weather is fair and moderately cool in Southern California. Light frost is reported from San Bernardino and Santa Ana.

ORCHARD REPORTS.—Minimum and maximum temperatures from orchards reported to the Los Angeles office of the U. S. Weather Bureau yesterday are as follows:

Stations—	Max.	Min.
Escondido	78	34
Pomona	85	31
Redlands	86	31
Riverside	80	31
Santa Barbara	79	40
San Bernardino	88	37
San Fernando	82	38
Santa Ana	80	31

LOCAL FORECAST.

For Los Angeles and vicinity: Fair Tuesday; light frost in low places in morning.

STATE FORECAST.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 11.—Weather forecast: San Francisco and vicinity: Fair Tuesday; light northerly winds.

Southern California, Sacramento, Santa Clara and San Joaquin valleys: Fair Tuesday; heavy to light frost in the morning; light northerly winds.

ARIZONA FORECAST.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Forecast for Arizona: Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; not much change in temperature.

COLORADO RIVER.

YUMA (Ariz.) Nov. 11. — [Exclusive Dispatch from the U. S. Reclamation Service.] Gauge height Colorado River, 16.3 feet. Discharge, November 9, 8100 cubic feet; November 10, 8100 cubic feet; today, 8300 cubic feet.

TEMPERATURES.

	Max.	Min.		Max.	Min.
Abilene	60	40	New York	48	38
Boise	54	30	Oklahoma	64	42
Boston	44	34	Omaha	49	36
Buffalo	42	36	Phoenix	86	56
Chicago	48	38	Pittsburgh	48	34
Corona	—	41	Portland, Or.	58	46
Denver	52	28	Rapid City	49	26
Dodge City	70	36	Red Bluff	64	46
El Paso	—	32	Roseburg	64	40
Escondido	—	38	Roswell	75	32
Eureka	54	44	St. Louis	54	42
Flagstaff	58	24	St. Paul	40	30
Fresno	65	40	Sacramento	65	41
Galveston	64	56	Salt Lake City	74	42
Havre	50	34	San Diego	70	50
Helena	46	40	San Fernando	—	38
Huron	55	32	San Francisco	65	54
Independence	—	34	Santa Fe	60	24
Kamloops	44	34	Seattle	56	44
Kansas City	64	40	Spokane	50	38
Knoxville	60	34	Tacoma	60	38
Los Angeles	70	56	Tonopah	58	40
Memphis	56	40	Tucson	68	46
Modena	—	24	Washington	50	36
Mt. Wilson	—	46	Winnemucca	58	26
Needles	72	54	Winnipeg	38	30
New Orleans	66	52	Yuma	84	44

TO ANNUL MARRIAGE.

Army Lieutenant Finds He was not Divorced from a Former Wife.

Lieut. Wayne E. Bayles of the United States Army, filed suit yesterday to annul his marriage to Grace A. Merrill because he discovered that he had not been divorced from a former wife.

Lieut. Bayles was married to Grace A. Merrill, who is a Long Beach nurse, on October 7. On October 27 he learned that he had been misinformed when he was told that he was legally free to marry her, and the couple separated.

STUMEZE TABLETS
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A sound stomach helps prevent epidemics.
Aid digestion; relieve gas, heartburn, bloating and that awful distress that follows over-eating. Help to make good red blood and build up the nervous system. Neutralize stomach acidity. There is no better medicine made for stomach troubles than Stumeze Tablets. At all Drug Stores—25 Cents.

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VITAL RECORD.

BIRTHS.

Names, sex, place and date of birth.

BISCH. Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Boy, 112 Preston street, November 9.

BOSWELL. Mr. and Mrs. Harry. Boy, California Hospital, November 8.

CORBIN. Mr. and Mrs. Sayles. Boy, Good Samaritan Hospital, November 8.

CRAYBELL. Mr. and Mrs. Harry E. Daughter, 2441 Arlington avenue, November 6.

HYLTON. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas. Daughter, 1408 West Twelfth street, November 3.

KANYON. Mr. and Mrs. Abe. Daughter, 243 West Forty-eighth street, November 6.

KENDALL. Mr. and Mrs. William S. Daughter, 505 East Sixty-eighth street, November 6.

LEACHMAN. Mr. and Mrs. Robert. Boy, 712 Stanford avenue, November 8.

McGARRY. Mr. and Mrs. Patrick. Boy, St. Vincent's Hospital, November 8.

NEELY. Mr. and Mrs. Charles D. Daughter, 350 University avenue, November 9.

OLSEN. Mr. and Mrs. Charles. Boy, 9764½ Redondo street, November 9.

PELLETT. Mr. and Mrs. Frank. Daughter, 207 West 85th street, November 6.

PETERS. Mr. and Mrs. Herman. Daughter, 1260 East Forty-eighth street, November 28.

PEWTERS. Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Daughter, 4500 Hooper avenue, November 4.

PHELAN. Mr. and Mrs. Edward. Boy, St. Vincent's Hospital, November 8.

POLLOCK. Mr. and Mrs. Ralph G. Boy, Pacific Branch, November 8.

ROGERS. Mr. and Mrs. Abe. Daughter, 1225 East Twenty-first street, November 1.

ULRICK. Mr. and Mrs. Charles. Boy, 409 East Sixty-fourth street, November 9.

WALKER. Mr. and Mrs. James L. Boy, 3207 Granada street, November 9.

WOODRUFF. Mr. and Mrs. Ira. Daughter, 1272 East Fifth street, November 2.

OFFICIAL DEATH LIST.

Name and place of death—	Age.	Date.
BABCOCK, Katherine, Los Angeles	70	Nov. 9
BROWN, Olive, Los Angeles	21	Nov. 8
CAHN, Mina, Los Angeles	54	Nov. 10
CRAWFORD, Lillian, Los Angeles	34	Nov. 8
CREMIN, Cornelius, Los Angeles	70	Nov. 8
DIXON, Harry, Los Angeles	30	Nov. 8
FINKELSTEIN, Sarah, Los Angeles	47	Nov. 8
FULLER, Hannah, Los Angeles	65	Nov. 8
GREY, Harry, Los Angeles	46	Nov. 8
HAMILTON, Sarah, Los Angeles	72	Nov. 9
HARRON, Ann, Los Angeles	72	Nov. 9
HOLMES, Purnell, Los Angeles	70	Nov. 9
JOSEPH, Eugene, Los Angeles	20	Nov. 9
KLEIN, Bertha, Los Angeles	60	Nov. 10
LANGEM, Martin, Los Angeles	60	Nov. 9
LLEWELLYN, William, Los Angeles	46	Nov. 9
LYNCH, Harry, Los Angeles	44	Nov. 8
MANDELLA, Mandana, Los Angeles	17	Nov. 9
MILLIGAN, Robert, Los Angeles	74	Nov. 7
MORRAY, William, Los Angeles	60	Nov. 8
NELSON, Loretta, Los Angeles	23	Nov. 10
NEWBERG, Thomas, Los Angeles	76	Nov. 8
PERRON, John, Los Angeles	71	Nov. 9
PRITCHARD, William, Los Angeles	72	Nov. 9
ROLANDO, Severo, Los Angeles	61	Nov. 8
RUDICK, George, Los Angeles	46	Nov. 8
SAGET, Maude, Los Angeles	44	Nov. 8
SIVERS, Molly, Los Angeles	41	Nov. 8
SKY, Lila, Los Angeles	18	Nov. 8
STILWELL, Carl W., Los Angeles	24	Nov. 8
WELCH, Katie, Los Angeles	40	Nov. 8
WEST, Thomas, Los Angeles	74	Nov. 8
WEST, Fontaine, Los Angeles	74	Nov. 8
WILLIAMS, Gertrude, Los Angeles	30	Nov. 8
WILSON, Amanda, Los Angeles	80	Nov. 8
WILSON, Daisy, Los Angeles	25	Nov. 8
WINCHIP, Alfonso, Los Angeles	67	Nov. 8
WOOD, Thomas, Los Angeles	70	Nov. 8
WOODS, William, Los Angeles	17	Nov. 8
WRIGHT, John, Los Angeles	72	Nov. 9

DEATHS.
With Funeral Announcements.

[Until further notice from the City Council, only the immediate members of the family of a deceased person and a clergyman will be permitted to attend a funeral service.]

ALVAREZ. At Lankershim, November 10, Mrs. Rosteria Alvarez, aged 26 years.
Funeral services at Grand View Cemetery, Burbank, November 12 at 10:30 a.m. Giles, Crane & Earl, directors.

BECKER. November 10, Natalie Becker, aged 21 years.
Funeral from Pierce Brothers' chapel, Tuesday at 2 p.m.

BECKHAM. November 10, Mae, beloved wife of George F. Beckham, aged 27 years.
Funeral private, from the chapel of Garrett & Company, No. 1237 South Flower street, Wednesday at 10 a.m.

BLETCHER. At No. 1350 West Twentieth street, Mrs. Irene Watson Bletcher, aged 42 years, wife of Fred A. Bletcher and mother of Eric Bletcher of United States Navy, Mare Island; Wilbur, Arthur and Frances Bletcher; daughter of Mrs. Anna W. Buenstatter, and sister of Mrs. Maude W. Kelly.
Funeral services will be private, today at 11 a.m., at the grave in Evergreen Cemetery. W. A. Brown, funeral director.

BREMM. Joseph L. Brown, aged 25 years.
Remains at parlors of George K. Willett Co.

BROWN. At his late residence, No. 602 Court street, Edwin S. Brown, aged 47 years. Past Exalted Ruler of the Long Beach Lodge, No. 888, B. P. O. Elks.
Funeral Wednesday, November 13, at 10 a.m., at the grave in Evergreen Cemetery, under the auspices of Los Angeles Lodge, Elks, No. 99. Pierce Brothers, directors.

CALEY. At Escondido, Cal., November 9, Rev. William Allen Caley, aged 77 years, beloved husband of Mrs. Virginia C. Caley of this city, and father of Mrs. E. A. Kenyon of Redondo.
Funeral services will be private, today at 2 p.m., at the grave in Inglewood Park Cemetery. W. A. Brown, funeral director.

CASTLETON. November 11, Mandel B. Castleton, aged 41 years, beloved husband of Pierce Brothers Co., No. 610 South Flower street.

COULT. In this city, November 11, Delana Allen Coult, beloved wife of F. H. Coult.
Interment, Rosedale Cemetery, Wednesday, November 13, at 3 p.m. Pierce Bros. & Co. in charge.

DAVIS. November 11, Agnes McNally Davis, beloved wife of Robert Davis, loving daughter of Mrs. Helen Donnelly, and sister of Mrs. Mary Garcia, Alice McNally, Mrs. F. R. Porter of Los Angeles, and Mrs. William P. Mcolym of Bridgefield, Conn.
Remains at parlors of The White Company, No. 1127 South Grand avenue.

DUARTE. At Bakersfield, Pililo Duarte, aged 34 years.
Burial today, 2 p.m., at San Gabriel Mission. McCormick & Coleman, funeral directors.

ESPITALLIER. Funeral of Alexandrine, loving mother of Joseph Espitallier, will be held Thursday at 1 p.m. from the chapel of Godeau & Martinoni. Interment, Calvary Cemetery.

HUMME. The funeral of Mrs. Gladys Humme will be held from the chapel of E. E. Overholtzer-Sons Co., No. 1236 South Grand avenue, today at 10 a.m. Burial in Covina Cemetery.

HUNEFELD. November 11, at No. 164 East Thirty-sixth street, Anna J. Hunefeld, aged 46 years, wife of George Frank Hunefeld and mother of William Hunefeld.
Remains at parlors of Reed Bros. & Albin, No. 1143 South Flower street.

HUNT. November 11, Josie, beloved wife of Thomas J. Hunt and mother of three children, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Stillwell and sister of James W. Stillwell, with the Expeditionary Forces in France, and Charles W. Stillwell of this city.
Remains at chapel of Garrett & Company.

ISAAC. At No. 1103 West Forty-seventh street, little Mary Eleanor Isaac.
Remains at parlors of W. A. Brown. Notice of funeral later.

JAMES. November 11, Harry P. James, aged 28 years, of No. 1501 Las Palmas avenue.
Remains at parlors of Gates, Crane & Earl, No. 1724 Highland avenue, Hollywood. Funeral notice later.

JARDA. In this city, November 11, 1918, Mrs. Kate Jarda, aged 48 years.
Funeral services Tuesday, November 12, at 2 p.m., at Calvary Cemetery. Booth & Boyle-Co., directors.

KING. At San Francisco, Emory N. King of No. 411 West Thirty-seventh place, this city, beloved husband of Florence King and son of Mr. and Mrs. T. H. King.
Funeral from the chapel of Garrett & Company, No. 1237 South Flower street, Tuesday, November 12, at 12 o'clock. Services at grave in Inglewood Park Cemetery at 12:30 p.m.

LABIMER. November 11, at No. 1029 North Kingsley drive, Laura B. Larimer, widow of the late George W. Larimer of Wichita, Kas.
Remains at funeral chapel of W. H. Mitch.

LEAHY. At No. 1040 West Eighth street, Harry J., beloved son of Mrs. Sallie Leahy and brother of William G., Stephen S., Stratton and Robert Leahy.
Funeral today at 3:30 p.m. from the chapel of Godeau & Martinoni, No. 827 South Figueroa street. Interment, Calvary Cemetery.

MAYEDA. November 11, T. Mayeda.
Remains at Pierce Brothers' mortuary. Funeral at Jackson Street Mission, Tuesday at 1 p.m.

McCLELLAND. November 8, Jess P. McClelland, aged 40 years.
Remains at Pierce Brothers' mortuary.

McGINLEY. November 10, Eleanor E., widow of the late P. J. McGinley and mother of Mrs. S. R. Evans, Grafton, Cal., Ernest Walter and Bernice Ernest.
Funeral private, today, 2 p.m., from chapel of Cunningham & O'Connor, No. 1031 South Grand avenue.

McKENEY. At No. 829 North Benton way, Mrs. Agnes M. McKeney.
Remains at parlors of W. A. Brown. Notice of funeral later.

McNEVIN. November 9, at El Centro, Cal., Frances Cora, beloved daughter of Michael McNevin and sister of Caroline McNevin of Los Angeles, Edward McNevin of Ducor, and Corp. Ralph McNevin, American Expeditionary Forces, Ninety-first Division, Co. B, Three Hundred and Sixty-fourth Infantry, France.
Interment, Beaumont, Cal.

MICHAICA. Funeral of John N. Michaica will be held today, 9 a.m., from the chapel of Godeau & Martinoni. Interment, Calvary Cemetery.

MINER. In Alhambra, November 11, Grant H. Miner, aged 51 years.
Funeral Wednesday, November 13, 2 p.m., from the chapel of Utter & Allen, Alhambra. Private.

MUNN. The funeral of Mrs. Rebecca A. Munn will be held from the chapel of E. E. Overholtzer-Sons Co., No. 1236 South Grand avenue, today at 2 p.m.

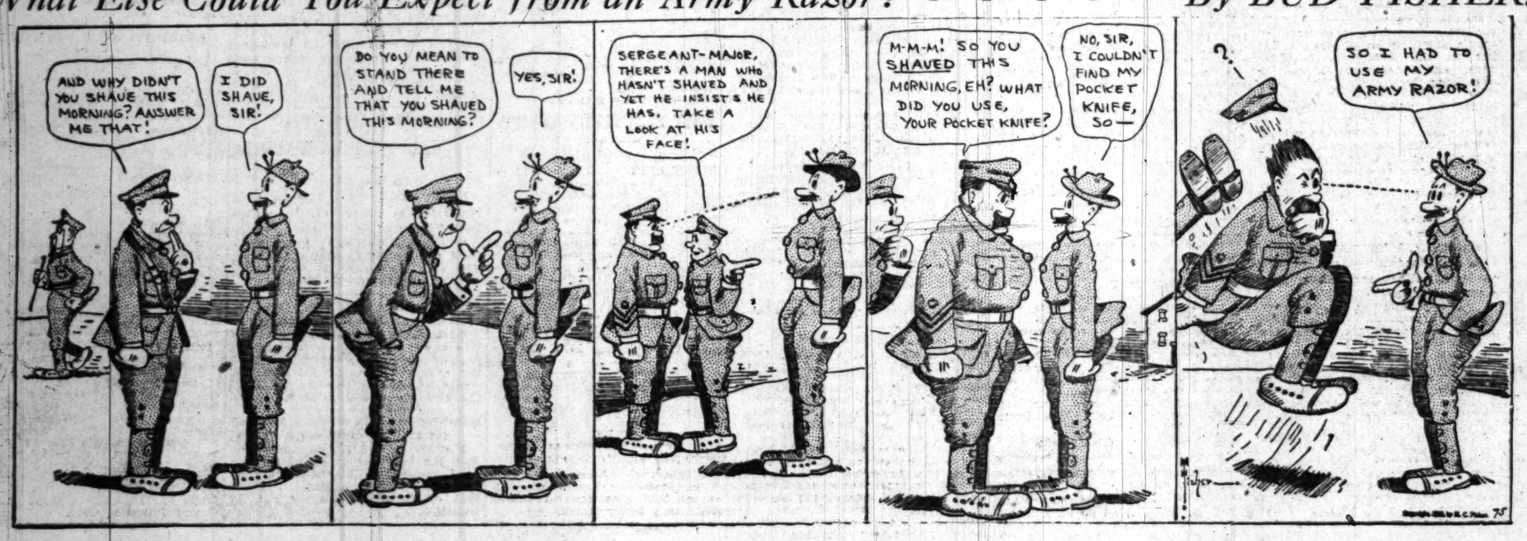
ODELL. November 10, George Odell, aged 32 years.
Remains at Pierce Brothers' mortuary.

PHILLIPS. At No. 1025 West Washington street, Mrs. Amanda Phillips, aged 56 years, loving wife of Simon Phillips and mother of Hattie, Edgar, Ralph and Darwin Phillips, sister of Lina and Hedel Schlesener of Fredericktown, Mo., aged 56 years.
Remains at parlors of George K. Willett, No. 731 West Washington. Services Wednesday, 10:30 a.m., at House of Peace Cemetery.

PHILLIPS. At No. 1025 West Washington street, Joe L. Phillips, aged 23 years, beloved son of Simon Phillips and brother of Hattie, Edgar, Ralph and Darwin Phillips.
Remains at parlors of George K. Willett, No. 731 West Washington. Services Wednesday, 10:30 a.m., at House of Peace Cemetery.

ROGUER. In this city, Frank, beloved husband of Marceline Roguer, and loving father of Louis Roguer.
Funeral today at 1 p.m. from the chapel of Godeau & Martinoni, No. 827 South Figueroa. Interment, Calvary Cemetery.

What Else Could You Expect from an Army Razor? - - - - - - By BUD FISHER.



...L RECORD.

BIRTHS.

...place and date of birth.

...Jos. Boy, 112 Boston street.

...Mrs. Harry.—Boy, California

...Mrs. Helen Boy, Good Samar-

...November 8.

...and Mrs. Harry E. Daughter.

...Thomas Daughter, 1403

...November 8.

...Mrs. Daughter, 249 West

...November 8.

...and Mrs. William E. Daughter.

...November 8.

...and Mrs. Robert Boy, 712

...November 8.

...Mrs. Patrick Boy, St. Vin-

...November 8.

...Mrs. Daughter, 350

...November 9.

...Mrs. Boy, 9764½ Be-

...November 9.

...Mrs. Frank Daughter, 207

...November 6.

...Mrs. Herman Daughter, 1360

...November 28.

...Mrs. Charles A. Daughter.

...November 4.

...Mrs. Edward Boy, St. Vin-

...November 5.

...and Mrs. Ralph G. Boy, Pacific

...November 5.

...Mrs. Abe Daughter, 1225 East

...November 11.

...Mrs. Charles Boy, 460 East

...November 5.

...and Mrs. L. Boy, 2267

...November 9.

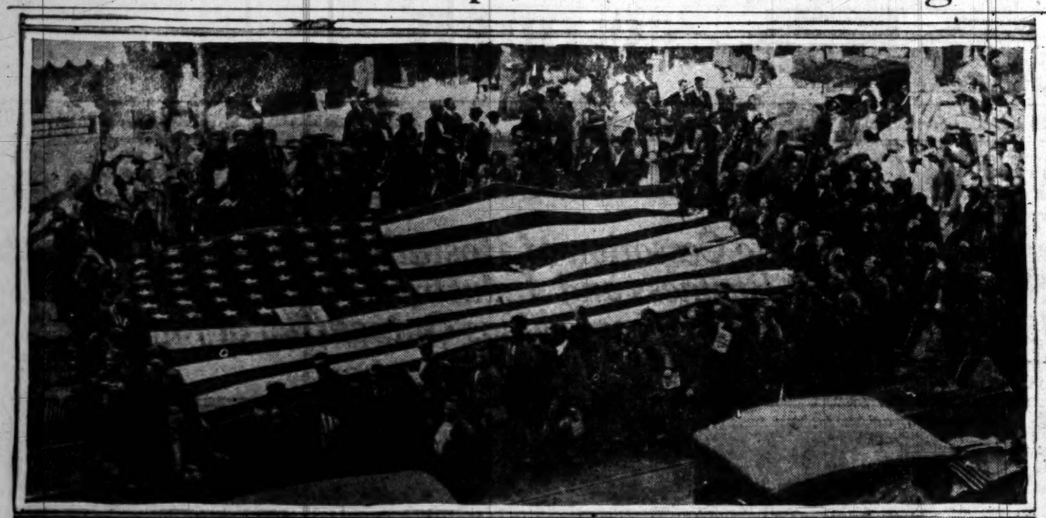
...and Mrs. Fred Daughter, 1272

...November 2.

...L DEATH LIST.

...death—	Age.	Date.
...ley Angeles	50	Nov. 5
...Angeles	24	Nov. 10
...Angeles	26	Nov. 1
...Angeles	50	Nov. 8
...Angeles	50	Nov. 8
...Angeles	50	Nov. 8

Half a Million People Join in Los Angeles' Biggest Celebration.



Los Angeles Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company employees with flag

Postal employees parade

On the Line of March Yesterday.

PEACE JUBILEE IS UNIVERSAL.

City Offices, Courts, Business Houses and Factories are Closed and Every Worker Joins in the Mighty Celebration of the Armistice.

(Continued from First Page.)

snow and soon from many office buildings it was drifting over the cheering crowds and the congested streets. At Seventh street and Broadway long streamers of confetti made their appearance from the roof of a tall building and soon the thoroughfares and trolley wires were festooned with the bright colors which attached themselves to the persons of the passers-by, binding them in a unity of good fellowship which every hour assumed more and more of the carnival spirit.

Practically no business was transacted. Employers joined their employees; equipped themselves with horns and stepped out in the parade bound for nowhere, but eternally passing, while over the city arose a mighty roar. A happy people loosing the regulators which have sobered life for so many months.

Everything was declared "off" at the Federal Building. A parade of Federal officials and employees, headed by United States District Judges Trippet and Bledsoe, formed on New High street at 10 o'clock and quickly swung into the maelstrom of enthusiastic Angelenos.

All the county offices, with the exception of Superior Judge Willis's court, closed their doors. The prisoners in the County Jail, not to be outdone by those outside, put on a celebration of their own. Tin cups and broom handles were rattled against the bars, while joyous whoops resounded throughout the building.

The wonderful day was so filled with incidents that it was impossible to acquire more than a passing impression. The spectacle was en masse. It had no beginning, no middle, no end. It was unlike everything which ever was before, and its like may never be seen again. One could not place one's finger on any spot and say "here is the culminating point," for while the finger was pointing the scene shifted and a new center of interest was established.

A large percentage of the crowd were women and girls. They marched, they waved flags, they sang, they cheered, they blew horns until their breath was gone, and when life seemed too full they cried and no one noticed.

Cow bells, squawkers, six-shooters, giant gongs and penny whistles, all played their ear-splitting part. It was a day of ebullition. Restraint was gone, yet there was no misbehavior. It was a sacred day, but a happy day and Los Angeles celebrated it after her own fashion. The ex-Kaiser was much in proxy evidence. He was dangled at rope end and hauled through the streets in black-draped sarcophagus to the obvious delight of the crowds. "To hell with him" was the most frequent and popular inscription and it was not intended profanely either. "O, Boy, give 'em heap," "Gone to the Kaiser's funeral." The Kaiser has the "flu," "He flu," "Me und Gott; we did it," "Well, he's gone," "Oh, no; we wouldn't fight," were a few banner inscriptions noted at random from the thousands which were paraded. Every one with an idea proceeded to reduce it to canvass, sure of an appreciative audience.

By afternoon the city was literally swathed in flags and bunting, and instead of diminishing the enthusiasm of the crowds seemed to mount as the day waned, reaching a grand culmination during the evening when all of the episodes of the day were rolled into one final outburst which sent Los Angeles to bed happier than any May queen and tireder than a doughboy back from a long "stint" of duty at the front.

At Broadway and Fifth street, during the very height of the turmoil, when all Bedlam seemed loose and joy was unconfined, an old man edged his way through the crowd. He walked erect and proudly, but his eyes glistened and a tear dropped upon his faded sleeve. The shipbuilders' parade was passing and a banner which read, "we'll build the ships to bring 'em home." A group of young women were already excitedly discussing plans for the reception of their "boys." The old man saw and heard, and another tear glistened and fell, and another, and another, but through his tears he smiled, and unconsciously, lovingly, reverently, touched the Gold Star upon his arm. His boy is not coming back, and yet it was his day, too.

And so Los Angeles' Greatest Day came to an end. That reporter would be presumptious to profess an ability to convey to paper the meaning of it all. "Out of the heart the mouth speaketh." The heart of Los Angeles was bared yesterday, and back of all the noise and cheering and fiesta could be sensed the mighty undertone of feeling, best expressed, perhaps, by a group of curbstone singers who formed a tiny swirl in the mighty eddy of the day, snatches of their song rose even above the din:

"For mine eyes have seen the Glory
Of the coming of the Lord—"

And again,

"As we go marching on—"

And finally as the day was done, and the siren sang its midnight knell:

"Glory, Glory, Hallelujah."

HALF-MILLION CELEBRANTS.

All afternoon the crowds grew and grew till the marvel was that the streets could hold them. Outlying towns began to pour their quotas into the city by every extant means of transportation. There was a slight—very slight—lull at dinner time, but afterwards the street scenes were well-nigh beyond description. The police estimate that not less than 500,000 people took part at different times—from midnight to midnight—in the Los Angeles celebration.

By arrangement with Chief Butler and Col. B. B. Ray, commanding, 8000 members of the Students Army Training Corps of the University of Southern California patrolled the downtown streets last night to help the police preserve order and keep traffic moving. The student soldiers, under Col. Koehler and Col. Ray, went on the job at 6 o'clock to stay until 2 a.m., and formed a perfect network, patrolling the streets with fixed bayonets, from First street to Ninth and from Main to Spring street.

The arrival of the uniformed men resulted in relieving many traffic jams, stopping any possible street quarrels, in keeping pedestrians moving and in bringing more or less order out of the celebration.

The men of the college who were in the Liberal Arts department, patrolled Main and Spring streets, Broadway and Hill, and those from the medical and dental colleges patrolled the intersecting streets between Main and Hill and First and Ninth. This left the street intersections clear and one officer at each crossing was able to guide traffic.

Police officials familiar with traffic problems, declared the help given by the soldiers was one without which they never could have handled the crowd.

Chief Butler, Capt. Murray, and every available official of the police department were at their desks, directing by telephone and messanger the officers in the streets and the situations that arose with the unprecedented crowds that swamped every downtown block last night. In the detective department, Capt. Home held in reserve most of his plainclothes force, and himself remained in his office to handle any emergency. The traffic bureau, Sergt. Grogan commanding, stayed open all night. Up to 8 o'clock in the evening, only forty-four reports of damages to automobiles caused by accidents, were filed. Patrolman E. F. Gleason, in charge of the bureau last night, stated he believed more than 200 property reports will be filed within twenty-four hours.

MINISTERS ASK DAY OF PRAYER.

Tomorrow Named for Thanksgiving for Nation's Success in War.

A call to the people of the city to make tomorrow a day of special prayer and thanksgiving for the victorious end of the war and the dawn of peace was issued yesterday by the Church Federation of Los Angeles. It is urged that the hour of 7:30 to 8:30 p.m. be "a period in which, from our hearthstones, there shall be raised a united voice of a grateful city for God's blessing in victory and peace."

Attention is drawn in the call to the fact that since last Memorial Day, named by the President as a day of national prayer, "the Allied forces on the battlefield had not met with a single serious reverse."

"TIMES" IS IN GREAT DEMAND

Over 150,000 Copies of Regular Edition Sell Like Magic.

One hundred and fifty thousand copies of The Times containing the greatest piece of news ever printed—that of the end of the war—were sold yesterday morning as fast as the great Times presses could throw them off. People literally fought for them. Repeatedly the plates were returned to the presses and more copies printed to supply the never-ceasing demand. Extra editions at intervals kept the public informed on the swift movement of events.

The Times covered the epochal news from every angle, including the probable effect on business and finance from authoritative sources, on the drafted men, on the Students' Army Training Corps, on the future of Los Angeles as a center of world trade and other matters of immediate interest to the city.

The Times of yesterday was a notable journalistic achievement, and copies of it will be of great future value to Los Angeles residents as part of a permanent record of the war. The Times is prepared, in case of sufficient demand, to reproduce the plates and print still more copies.

ENGLISH BISHOP TELLS OF AFTER-WAR NEEDS.

CO-OPERATION BETWEEN THIS COUNTRY AND GREAT BRITAIN IMPORTANT.

"We are rightly rejoicing over the ending of the war," said Rt. Rev. Henry Russell Wakefield, bishop of Birmingham, Eng., last night at the Alexandria. The bishop—he is just now a bishop in khaki, chaplain in the British army and has served in France—is in this country on a mission for the British government—that of speaking to the people of Canada and of the United States on the significance of the war and of the reconstruction work that is to come.

"While we are giving thanks to God," said the bishop, "for the peace that has come, and for the drastic terms which mean no interference from Germany, we must realize that more than ever is it important that the co-operation between Great Britain and the United States must be continued through the difficult reconstruction work that is ahead of us.

"America is rightly rejoicing and the American people should be especially thankful that they have been spared tremendous losses of their brave young men, such as Great Britain, for example, with its losses of more than 1,000,000 young men, has suffered."

The bishop, who is accompanied on his tour, by his son, Capt. H. R. Wakefield of the Scotch Fusileers, last week addressed an audience of 8000 at the University of California at Berkeley. He will speak in all of the large American cities on his return trip to the Atlantic Coast, and would have addressed audiences here had it not been for the ban on public gatherings.

DEVIL DOESN'T WANT HIM.

Dummies of the Kaiser lying with a sheet over him were common sights yesterday, but one of the most realistic was the one seen in the lobby of the Continental Hotel. Pasted in the window and read by hundreds was a telegram signed "The Devil," which read as follows: "Relative to the corpse of the Kaiser in that window of your Continental Hotel, I beg to inform you that the old stiff has arrived in hell, but I don't want him."

Monthly Income for Life.

If you want to be sure of an income for yourself and your wife, payable monthly as long as either one or both may live, buy a Trust Fund Annuity, with the Aetna Life Insurance Company. At age 60, $9000 will produce an income of $575.00 annually. At age 70, $9000 will produce $662.50 annually, and at age of 75, $9000 will produce $819.05 annually. Incomes written for all ages, payable anywhere, any time. Annuities are free from all forms of taxation. Call or write C. HUMA, Manager AETNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, fourth floor Merchants' National Bank Bldg., Los Angeles, Cal.

ENTRAINMENT IS STOPPED.

Filling Out of Questionnaires Keeps On; Draft Boards to Continue.

Three words in a telegram from Adjt.-Gen. Borree to all local city and county draft boards yesterday brought the message to more than 3500 selective service men, scheduled to leave this week for training camps, that they will not be trained to whip the Hun. "Cancel all entrainments," the message said.

No word came to the local boards as to whether to hold the men or not for future calls, should there be any. The work of the draft boards, it was understood, would proceed as usual, along the line of classification, examination and adjustment.

That it is the apparent intention of the War Department to hold those men who have actually had training, and applicants for appointment to staff commissions was indicated yesterday by a telegram received by Alfred Wright of the Military Training Camps Association. The telegram said:

TESTS TO BE COMPLETED.

"All applications and examinations of new applicants will be discontinued. Examination of those who have previously applied and whose papers are not completed will be completed."

This is taken by the local office, which handles all applications for admission to officers' training camps and for direct commissions, to mean that the applications begun will be completed, physical examinations finished and the men held in readiness.

The general opinion of draft officials yesterday was that the work of draft boards, medical and legal advisory boards and the district exemption board is at such a stage that it will be carried along. This idea was also expressed by Dr. Granville MacGowan, head chairman of the medical advisory board for the Southern California district. He and other officials associated with the assembling of men for the army believe that our men in France will be needed for police work in Russia, the Balkans, Austria-Hungary and possibly Germany. They think that a big force of men will yet be needed to build up the devastated regions, railroads, factories and recreate prosperity in France and Belgium.

ARMY-MAKING CONTINUES.

"We are the only nation that is not exhausted," said Dr. MacGowan, "and the making of an army has not yet ceased, apparently. We still have over 2,000,000 men in France and some of them must be relieved. The men to fill their places must be qualified by the draft. If a stable government is formed in Germany, that will relieve us of much, but if not we will have a lot of trouble."

H. W. Wright of the district exemption board believes the government will complete its classification of the man power of the country, valuable as an industry, as well to show how many soldiers are available. Inasmuch as the local and district boards took men from the industries, it is likely they will help to re-establish them. These boards will also probably be used in case of universal service, as the country will never be caught where it was before."

It is understood that the men who have already been inducted here will be given roll call, as will those called, but not inducted, and will await further orders from the War Department. There was no indication that they would ever be called. However, boards will continue to have questionnaires filled out and complete examinations.

It was estimated yesterday by draft officials that more than 22,000 Los Angeles men are now in the various branches of the army, navy and Marine Corps, not taking into consideration the 2000 who were ready to leave this week for training camps, nor the 7000 or more class 1 men who were anxiously awaiting a call.

STOPPED AT STATION.

Los Angeles county boards had draft contingents ready yesterday to leave for camps. One of these, consisting of 140 men of county board No. 1 of Long Beach, was stopped at the Arcade Station. The men were accompanied to the station by C. H. Windham, Z. T. Nelson and Stephen G. Long, members of the board, and would have boarded a special train already arranged for had not the railroad officials received word from Adjt.-Gen. Borree to cancel entrainments.

The men were to have taken a special at 9 o'clock and were joined by Pomona and Huntington Beach contingents, making more than 200 men. Ten minutes before train time the wire came. The Santa Monica Beach contingent of ninety-six men was ready to leave.

The announcement, made by a draft official, that the men would not go, brought forth exclamations of disappointment. Had the order come ten minutes later, according to a War Department announcement, the men would have been in the army until demobilization.

Several hundred men of local board No. 17 were drilling all day at Normal Hill Center in preparation for entrainment tomorrow. When the stop order came there was manifest disappointment. However, the drill was turned into a parade through the downtown streets, the marching squads chanting this mournful ditty:

Who are we, who are we?
Soldiers from Local 17.
We were going to fight the Hun.
But the damned old Kaiser had to run.

HOLLYWOOD CELEBRATES.

A flag pole eighty-five feet high was planted on a vacant lot at Cahuenga and Hollywood boulevard, Hollywood, yesterday morning, and six flags fluttered from the mast. The committee decided at 9:30 o'clock yesterday morning that the peace signing must have a flag raising, and 7000 men, women and children assembled.

First the American flag went up, cheered to the echo; then followed the combined flags of the Allies, Hollywood's service flag containing 1200 stars, the Red Cross flag and two honor Liberty Loan flags. Col. J. J. Steadman was the orator, referring to this as the greatest day in history. The flag pole was contributed by William J. Wood.

At Lasky's studio the actors and actresses hung the Kaiser in effigy. It was an elaborate and spectacular event, groans and hisses arising as the effigy slowly ascended.

Later in the afternoon the streets were lively with men, women and girls dancing to the music of the Marine Band. The band also played "The Star Spangled Banner" at the flag raising and Guy Oliver, buglar, played to the "Colors."

G. G. Greenwood was chairman of the day, assisted by R. L. Eastman, C. C. Craig and A. L. MacDonald.

MAY SELL SHARES.

Corporation Commissioner Bellows has given authority to the Los Angeles-San Pedro Transportation Company, Inc., to sell 1000 shares of its capital stock at par, $10, for cash, so as to net the full amount of the selling price.

Established 1889. Assets Over $4,000,000

Keep Surplus Money Safely Invested

IT IS a duty to keep every dollar you own constantly at work earning more money for yourself and providing the capital so greatly needed to keep the industries of the country going.

You can do this safely by investing in our full paid, six per cent. certificates, payable semi-annually. The security of your money rests on first mortgages on improved property, and the full amount can be converted into cash with interest, any time after one year.

These certificates can be had in any multiple of $100.00.

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Acid "Sets Your Teeth on Edge"

That is Nature's warning of too much acid.

"Acid-Mouth" gives you no warning but a slight excess of acid in the mouth night and day works slowly but surely to cause decay of the teeth, according to many authorities.

This condition may be combated by the regular use of Pebeco Tooth Paste which combines all the properties of a tooth cleanser with the added benefit of neutralizing the excess acid in the mouth.

PEBECO TOOTH PASTE

is made for the purpose of maintaining "dental health." It produces a delightful sense of cleanliness in the mouth and retards decay. The first trial will convince you that your teeth are cleaner than ever before and that its continued use will preserve your teeth.

Sold by druggists everywhere

Pledge to Buy W. S. S. Regularly

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WE CURE

Piles, Fistula

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Without An Operation

For twenty-five years we have been curing diseases of the rectum and lower bowel. During that time our experience has enabled us to develop a method that is superior to others. We cure without surgery, and our patients are not confined in bed and seldom lose a moment's time from their business.

To Whom It may Concern:

I know it may concern very seriously many of my acquaintances as well as a multitude of others with rectal troubles. I suffered for years with a fissure and hemorrhoids (piles.) What I went through only be realized by those similarly affected. My trouble had been diagnosed incurable by some physicians; no relief promised. I saw an ad in the Los Angeles Times an ad by Drs. White and Wainwright. It looked good to me. I went to see them. I put my case in their hands. In a few days the pain disappeared. I am now well and able to do my work in comfort. I am not a burden to myself. Were it possible I would not go back to where I was for all the world's riches. I give freely all the credit to the above firm of doctors. Anyone who desires can find me at my address.

GEORGE S. BRADY
Philadelphia Ave., Fernando.

September 15, 1918.

SEND FOR OUR FREE BOOKLET

Drs. C. H. White and C. C. Wainwright, Successors to

Dr. C. H. White Rectal Specialists 108 W. Third St., Los Angeles 532-534 Wesley Building (Old Citizens' Nat'l. Bank Bldg.)

HERE IS ONE THING THAT IS ABSOLUTELY IMPOSSIBLE

Rheumatism Has Never Been Cured by Liniments or Lotions and Never Will Be.

You never know of Rheumatism—that most painful source of suffering—being cured by liniments, lotions or other external applications. And you will never see anything but temporary relief afforded by such makeshifts.

But why be satisfied with temporary relief from the pangs of pain which are sure to return with increased severity, when there is permanent relief within your reach? Science has proven that Rheumatism is a disordered condition of the blood. How then, can satisfactory results be expected from any treatment that does not reach the blood, the seat of the trouble, and attack the system of the cause of the disease. S. S. S. is one blood remedy that has for more than fifty years been giving relief to even the most aggravated and stubborn cases of Rheumatism. It cleanses and purifies the blood by routing out all traces of disease. The experience of others who have taken S. S. S. will convince you that it will promptly reach your case. Get it to obtain this valuable remedy at any drug store.

A valuable book on Rheumatism and its treatment, together with expert medical advice about your individual case, will be sent absolutely free. Write today to Medical Department, Swift Specific Co., Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

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will convince you that it
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and its treatment, together with
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individual case, will be sent
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Department, Swift Specific Co.,
Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Victory!

THE big job's done! We've put it over—*you've* done it, boys! America's hat is off to you!

Time's greatest, highest hour has struck—the mightiest victory in the whole history of this little planet. The big job's done over there—

Now for the New America!

Brave boys! Do you think *we* don't know the biggest thing that's issued from this awful struggle? Ah, but we do. It has purified and burned clear the high white flame of true Americanism. Through you and with you the world has found Brotherhood—the world has found God.

★ ★

For no one nation—no one race—no one creed has won this war! White, black, yellow and red—Jew and Gentile—Catholic and Protestant—all such age-old lines of separation the flame of battle has burned away—they have sunk out of sight in the melting pot of Universal Brotherhood, in the common cause of Decency, Humanity,—Liberty!

And through Brotherhood, through such Co-operation as this world never dreamed of—comes *Victory!*

Co-operation, Brotherhood, on the tortured, blood-soaked fields of France—Co-operation, Brotherhood over here in factory, counting-house and home! Before Victory could come, the civilized world had to be *synchronized*—attuned to a single heart-throb—planned to one all-embracing master-schedule. The most poignant, the most stupendous Necessity of all time was in travail. And her world-wide anguish brought forth a child worthy of the hour—

—Co-operation! Synchronized, schedule-planned Co-operation!

★ ★

—For after a bedlam of startled voices had shrieked, "*this* will win the war"—and "*that* will win the war!"—the gasping nations emerged at last into a consciousness of the overwhelming significance of the minute—the second—the holy meaning of *Time!*

The world that had dozed and dreamed along for ages, suddenly awoke to the piercing realization that *Time* would win this war—that "Zero Hour" was the most overwhelmingly significant quality of all our machinery of battle—that our blood and our treasure and all else must be poured richly, breathlessly forth in order to purchase the colossal power of even a slight advantage in *TIME.*

Synchronized, schedule-planned Co-operation was born!

★ ★

And now for the *other* big job—unparalleled in the constructive history of this world—the task of building up to the level of our new found ideals and blood-bought vision of Brotherhood.

Let no man fear that America shall ever again sink back into soft indifference and selfish ease—

Let no man fear that the high white flame of Christian Brotherhood shall be smothered in the blind indifference of a commercial-minded New World.

For Commerce and Industry have a new level to live by—a new ideal. And millions who fought for Liberty here at *home* know that we *must* rise to the level of this high hour—

—Or our race is run.

You are the New America—you boys who offered Liberty your bodies and your souls. It is to *you* that all we have and all we are, truly belongs! *You* have *found* yourselves over there—

—and we shall strive on till your great world-vision is ours.

Through your sacrificial devotion, we have been given a new view of fair play—of Justice.

And in our dealings hereafter with each other—here in this peace-blessed U. S. A.—we shall bow to no ideal that lacks the fullness of *JUSTICE.*

We are *brothers*—and as brothers we shall work and prosper *together.*

★ ★

The Hun was not so. His Nietzsche and his Treitschke—official mouthpieces of the Hunnish heart—thus laid down the law of the Hun: "This Nazarene tells you to pity the poor, to be kind to the weak. But *We* say unto you—*crush* the weak! lest our nation become a nation of weaklings!" Justice and Brotherhood were hidden from the Hun—he grasped at the *name* of God but missed His Love and His Justice—

—and Pan-Germania fell.

★ ★

Out of great struggles emerge great ideas. The America of Tomorrow will know the sacred value of *Time.* The grim significance of "Zero Hour"—to Industrial America as well as to No Man's Land—has been burned deep into the mind of every thinking American.

And each flaming moment of this gigantic reconstruction period is sacred—is holy.

We shall learn to guard it and *use* it—the mysterious, all-potent gift of *TIME.*

★ ★

Then here's *to* you, brave boys of our native land! The crown of wild olive which Victory holds forth to her sons has its thorns—for your hearts ache with ours for the brave hearts that can never come Home with you. And a humble, adoring America pledges you in this her high hour of triumph, her life, her treasure and her most sacred honor—that the ideals for which you fought and the vision of Brotherhood you have won—

—"shall not perish from the earth!"

★ ★

To America

In humble thankfulness that Right was able to help—and in appreciative recognition of the unselfishness of millions of civilian patriots who, having committed an Elgin Watch for themselves, yet stood cheerfully ready to order that Uncle Sam might have every Elgin it was possible to give him—to hasten this day of Victory!

Elgin National Watch Co.

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Entered as second class matter, December 4, 1881, at the Postoffice at Los Angeles, Cal., under the Act of March 3, 1879

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.
The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

BY THE SEA.
It appears that cloth can be made from kelp. It ought to answer for bathing suits at any rate.

UP IN THE AIR.
The success of Eddie Rickenbacker in bringing down airships illustrates the importance of doing business on a high plane.

PLENTY LEFT.
If Chile and Peru really want to fight they can get rates on a lot of tools and equipment by addressing the Peace Commission.

GOOD SHOOTING.
Now that there is a closed season on Germans our marksmen will be interested to know that the open season for rabbits will begin November 15.

THE PICTURE GALLERY.
Don't know as it is anything to worry about, but practically the only kings there are left are our old friends, the kings of hearts, spades, clubs and diamonds.

ON PAPER.
It is said that a good grade of paper can be made from grape vines. That was the kind that the good old country daily used to get its wireless dispatches on.

SMOKE UP.
The Y.M.C.A. has sold over a billion packages of cigarettes to the boys in France. This is not the old-fashioned idea of Y.M.C.A. service and would annoy Lucy Gaston Page, but it goes now, you bet your life.

STERILIZED SOLDIERS.
Uncle Sam is going to sterilize his soldiers when he brings them back from France. Five huge plants costing about $300,000 apiece are being prepared for the reception and renovation of Sammy, Jr. He is to be steamed, stewed and sandpapered until every last cootie or other unwelcome lodger has been found and removed. If the War Department has its way not a single soldier will be able to get by to exhibit his pet cootie to admiring friends at home.

STARS AND STRIPES.
The Stars and Stripes, the daily paper published by the soldiers now in France, is to be transplanted to American soil and maintained as a paper for the boys who wore the khaki, no matter where they may be. It appears that G. Lavinsky is the publisher of the Stars and Stripes, while Karl Mueller is editor and Karl Schmer business manager. It would seem as if there ought to be a Hennessy and an Olson in it in order to make it one hundred per cent. American.

THE INEVITABLE.
A few seasons back the abdication of the Kaiser and the unconditional surrender of Germany would have been news items to make the world gasp in amazement. But time and circumstances have wrought a change. Now these two momentous events happen within a few hours of one another and are accepted with not much more excitement than a man shows in getting measured for a pair of pants. When a thing becomes inevitable it almost ceases to be news.

A LARGE PARTY.
America will be entitled to more than one voice on the peace commission. Among the qualified ones William Howard Taft should not be overlooked. As a former President he would have an honorable standing in any conference of nations. But, aside from that, his training, his education, his temperament and his experience especially endow him for service in world arbitration. He is a man of seasoned judgment and eminent fairness. Likewise he looks the part.

THE OPEN DOOR.
When the nations get together there will be a wish for an open door and America will have a hard time in shutting out the peoples of any land. The Americans want the right to go anywhere in the world and how can they justly refuse others what they insist upon for themselves? If they send missionaries to the Senegambians, how can they refuse admission to the Senegambian missionaries who would come over here to convert the single-taxers from the error of their ways?

POOR OLD FATHER.
Mrs. Pankhurst — formerly militant suffragette—says that woman has found her place in the sun and never more will return to darn and knit. She avers that woman will no longer follow a drab round of bed-making and dish-washing. It begins to look bad for father. With mother running for sheriff and daughter managing an office down town it is up to father to take care of the frying pan and put on clean sheets. It's lucky, though, that they let him have a home to go to.

AND AFTER VICTORY, WHAT?

Out of the storms and violence of a world war our civilization is passing into new and uncharted seas, into an ocean where the red terror rages like a typhoon and where the shoals of industrial unrest are clearly visible.

President Wilson has early seized the helm. His address to Congress yesterday contains an outline of the course which free peoples should follow. There is both a promise and a warning in his declaration that "The present and all that it holds belongs to the nations and the peoples who preserve their self-control and the orderly processes of their governments; the future to those who prove themselves true friends of mankind."

Autocracy is dead in Europe. The German Empire, the Austrian Empire and the Russian Empire have been reduced to smoking ashes. But the task of the great free nations of the world is not finished; it has only begun. The old house is wrecked, but on its ruins the institutions of a free people have yet to rise.

The virus of Bolshevism threatens to infect the proletariat of the fallen empires. That malady must be combatted with the same heroic energy that overthrew the military despotism of hereditary democracy. The immediate task before the Allied nations is to establish stable government amid the ashes of the fallen monarchies.

Restoring law and order in the states that once formed the German Empire is the first duty that confronts the supreme war council of the Allies. That will be a task for the military authorities.

II.

The German people rose and overthrew the war lords who had plunged civilization to the brink of chaos. But the German people have not by so doing wiped out the obligations against neighboring peoples.

The German peoples have a debt of restoration to pay to France, Belgium, Serbia and Rumania. In order to earn the money to pay that debt the tools of industry must not be struck from the hands of the German workmen. The first duty of the Allied council is to establish governmental institutions in the German states which will enable them to produce enough to feed their own populations and to pay annual installments on the indebtedness that they have incurred.

This will probably necessitate the occupation of every German state by military forces of the Allies; and the occupation will probably continue for at least two years, certainly until stable government is established under guarantees that will remove forever the menace of Hun militarism.

III.

Hunger breeds anarchy and social revolutions. The pressing need of Europe—our allies first and then those who were as late as yesterday our enemies—is food. Anarchy is a famine sickness; hunger and vice are the great recruiting agents of the Bolsheviki. Civilizations die of starvation, not of overeating. America can now stop the shipments of troops to Europe. Our magnificent Liberty Army has performed its duty.

If the Allied armies of occupation are accompanied with trains laden with food to be distributed to the starving populations of Germany and Austria the task of restoring order will be greatly lessened. The fighting is ended. The demobilization of the armies of the Central Powers will be rapid; it is under the supervision of Gen. Foch. Some arrangements must be made to feed these discharged soldiers and to aid them to begin producing something to feed the home populations. The most immediate problem of reconstruction is the question of food. If that is correctly solved the problem of industrial reconstruction will be greatly lessened.

IV.

Restoration and repatriation in the countries devastated by the Hun invasions are duties that must not be evaded. They are debts of honor which must be paid with the least possible delay. The populations of Belgium and Serbia have been scattered to the ends of the earth. Ten million people were driven out of the populous agricultural and manufacturing districts of Northern and Eastern France. The peoples of Russian Poland are scattered or dead.

The gratitude of freemen everywhere demands that the recompense of France shall be the rebuilding of her devastated districts with the least possible delay in order that the present generation may enjoy the fruits of victory. America can aid in this both nationally and socially. Bonds will doubtless be issued by the different districts, securities bearing a fair rate of interest which will be desirable as investments. Patriotic Americans can render a merited assistance by purchasing blocks of those securities.

Serbia's civilian population has almost ceased to exist. Not one-tenth of the people who made their permanent residence within Serbian territory when the war started are living there today. Cables from Harbin, Siberia, of October 5 related that fourteen hundred Serbian refugees had just arrived there after wandering through Eastern Europe and Northern Asia for more than three years. They were the remnant of a party of more than three thousand civilians who fled from Serbia before the German-Bulgarian invasion of 1915. Among them were 240 children, less than one-third the number of those who were in the party when they were driven into exile three years before. During that time they had traveled more than 10,000 miles overland. The epic of that hegira will be written fifty years hence; but the immediate duty is to get them back to their homes, to the land from which the menace alike of Magyar and Turk has been lifted. In restoration and repatriation there are opportunities for continuing the work of the Red Cross and allied associations that have performed such heroic work while the fighting was actually in progress. Supplying the returned exiles with agricultural and manufacturing tools and with seed for the future harvest is in itself a labor of Hercules.

V.

When stable government has been established among the peoples of the fallen monarchies; when the immediate problems of food, restoration and repatriation have been solved, then will begin the task of remobilization, of turning the labor and the industries of the Allied countries back to works of peace. Leashing the dogs of war is a difficult and dangerous task. Empires and civilizations have been wrecked by the blunders of governments in demobilizing their troops. Alexander may have wept for more worlds to conquer; but there were those about him who wept to better purpose. They knew his legions had imbibed the crimson nectar of war until they would never again sip the tepid beverages of peaceful industry. History reveals this to have been true. Greece died, like Germany, of militarism.

Plans for the demobilization have already been made. Divisional units are to be reorganized so that the men from each local district in the great Allied nations will be in the same unit. These units will then be demobilized as rapidly as order is restored in the occupied countries and transportation facilities will permit. This demobilization will necessarily be slow. Months of weary waiting must pass before "Johnny comes marching home again." President Wilson sounded a warning in this regard yesterday when he addressed Congress. He then said: "With what governments and of what sort are we about to deal in the making of covenants of peace? When peace is made, upon whose promises and engagements besides our own is it to rest? Let us be perfectly frank with ourselves and admit that these questions cannot be satisfactorily answered now." And until these questions are answered there can be no peace, no demobilization.

VI.

After demobilization will come our own industrial reconstruction. War is a fever that has infected the blood of industry and labor. Civilization has passed through a surgical operation attended by a terrible effusion of blood.

The millions who return to their individual localities will be changed men. They have seen new horizons and the things that they have learned will jar rudely with the old surroundings. The positions many of them held will be filled by others. Thousands gave up some petty industry in order to enter the war. That industry ceased to exist when the proprietor marched away and there may be no place for it in the new order of things.

Probably two million women now hold positions that were filled by men before the war. The sex question in industry becomes acute for the first time in history. If those women are not to be supplanted, new positions must be created for the returned soldiers. A part of the recruits from the Pacific Coast will be able to engage in the shipbuilding and navigation industry which has developed here since the war. Before the present generation is the problem of the conquest of the Pacific. Here are vast horizons of commercial development which were never before attainable by industry.

VII.

Never have the finances of civilization been so involved. The gross debts of the nations of the world are more than $200,000,000,000. The interest on those debts alone is equal to the gross cost of national government in the world before the war. Add to that amount another $150,000,000,000 representing the amount of wealth destroyed during the war and the financial status of modern society is fairly visualized. A new adjustment of industrial values will be unavoidable. The financial system of each of the Allied countries was equal to the strain placed upon it and the people are coming to an appreciation that the financiers had builded better than we knew.

America's greatest industrial menace lies in a peace treaty that would "remove all economic barriers." Free trade and nationalization of industries are twin shoals on which our economic prosperity could easily be wrecked.

VIII.

In the new Europe builded on the ruins of monarchy there will be a political and economic evolution as marked as Europe's emancipation from the superstition and bigotry of the Dark Ages.

All the German states will suffer by reason of the opprobrium of the inhuman practices in which they indulged during the present war. An anathema will attach to the word Prussian for at least a generation. But the Teutonic peoples are noted for their tenacity and their industry. As each of the states learns its lessons in democracy there a new Europe will rise on the ruins of the old, a Europe that will know neither autocrat nor anarchist.

What to do with the cashiered aristocracy of Germany and Austria is a minor problem that will attract major attention. It is to be regretted that they were not sleeping beneath the tottering thrones. For them the future can be only a living death. It is possible that some will be executed for the crimes they have committed against humanity and that others will be subjected to solitary confinement. Aristocracy of birth will no longer exist as a circulating medium in modern society. The only aristocracy of the future is that of the intellect.

The Great Problem.

DON'T LET THE PENDULUM SWING TOO FAR.

THE HAPPIEST DAY IN ALL HISTORY.

Yesterday was the gladdest day the world has ever known.

Once before the world stood still, never to be the same again. Now, for one breathless hour it stands still once more, freed forever from its most ancient curse.

The shackles that bound the sons of men when Cain murdered Abel are broken now and shattered, never to be forged again.

Whoever has lived to see this hour has lived to witness the most stupendous cataclysm yet recorded in human history.

It is the downfall and the death of Force that the world celebrated yesterday—a thing that no man ever dreamed would or could be killed; the thing that has filled the world with nightmares, fear, and the ceaseless moans of its victims for countless ages.

For 6000 years of which we have record, and doubtless for millions of years before that, man has been at the mercy of the strong arm, the bullet and the sword.

The German Kaiser has signed his abdication with trembling hand. He was Attila reincarnated. Yesterday, the German arms surrendered abjectly. They were the Huns reborn. Yesterday the banners of the free peoples of the world entwined their folds of glory on a battlefield which made all other battlefields combined sink into the utmost insignificance.

No wonder the world rejoices. No wonder that Europe is drenched in tears of joy and that America has gone mad with gladness from sea to sea.

When peace was signed after other wars, it was one nation or a few that rejoiced. This peace that was signed yesterday rejoices a whole world.

WHY GERMANY LOST.

BY HARRY CARR.

The complete collapse of the Central Powers emphasizes the finality of sea power.

A lot of reasons contributed to the military defeat of Germany and her allies. It is plain now, however, that Germany would inevitably have been beaten, without regard to other considerations, because of her failure to control the sea. Her downfall as the foremost military power in the world can be attributed very largely to Great Britain's naval predominance.

"Britannia Rules the Waves" was the song that Germany drew the sword to challenge. "Britannia Rules the Waves" is the death song of the military caste of Germany.

The reason therefor is clear and obvious. The German General Staff realized this inevitable truth even before the war began.

They knew they had no chance to conquer the world as long as England's fleet controlled the sea; this was the reason they picked out the summer of 1914 as the best time to declare war. They thought England was too deeply involved in Irish troubles to take part in the fight.

Those on the inside in Germany never believed for one minute that they could accomplish the Kaiser's world dream of conquest if England went into the war.

When England came in the Germans bent their energies to a fierce struggle to make themselves supreme on land. With England supreme at sea and Germany cock of the roost on land they hoped to force a compromise. They had no hope of real supremacy.

The development of the undersea boats, however, threw military Germany off its mental balance. Grand Admiral Von Tirpitz persuaded the rulers of Germany that, with the sea sharks, they could after all dispute British naval power. He induced them to think that German submarines could starve England into submission and ocean traffic could be driven from England's guarded sea lanes.

In order to make this great gamble it was necessary to openly defy the United States. In fact, the circumstances made it impossible for Germany to challenge British sea power without bringing the United States into the conflict.

Thus the fight for sea power brought Germany's most powerful foe into the lists against her.

The submarine, however, turned out to be a comparative failure. British and American sea power made it possible to protect the transports and thus flood the trenches with Yank soldiers.

The threat of this terrible Yankee flood of men and money made it necessary for Germany to leave the slow fighting of the trenches and begin the great March offensive. The Berlin General Staff must have known that they were taking a desperate chance; but they had to do it. To wait until the Americans gathered in full strength was sure suicide. It was a case of one grand coup or defeat.

So they took the chance and lost.

Although sea power contributed in an important way to our victory, a deeper if less direct reason was a peculiar kink in the German national character.

The German officers suffered from efficiency. They tried to reduce everything to a basis of cold materialism. It is a fact that two and two make four; but four doesn't always know it.

Military science told them that untrained soldiers cannot fight; America was practically untrained; therefore nothing was to be feared from America.

Ireland wanted to be free of England, therefore Ireland would not fight for England. Subject nations do not love masters; India was a subject nation; therefore India would not fight for England.

And so with their tactics, which were calculated upon the same materialistic and erroneous basis.

One of their greatest military errors was the belief that frightful atrocities committed against the foe would weaken the will of that foe to fight.

But there is another basis of human calculation upon which the Germans failed to reckon. It is called intuition. It is of the spirit and the soul.

Foch had the same expert knowledge of military technique as the Germans; but he also had intuition. He had something inside that told him that the green, raw American troops not only could fight, but could be trusted with the defense of the most critical angle at Chateau Thierry; could be trusted to hold back the famous Prussian Guard.

Foch knew a deeper truth than could be learned in the Prussian war laboratories. He knew that no man is licked until he thinks he is licked.

The Germans went on the theory that the human heart is a piece of muscle that pumps blood. Foch knew better.

The Germans were impractical in that they were too practical.

LETTERS TO "THE TIMES."

[The Times invites strong, clear, bright expression of opinion on current subjects; timely, pertinent and terse letters. Brevity should be kept in sight. Essays solicited. Religious and personal controversies are taboo. Value is added to such letters by the signing of the writer's true name, which will be either published or withheld at the owner's request. Letters offered for publication should be in "parliamentary" language, and are subject to editorial supervision.]

Peace Day.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 11.—[To the Editor of The Times:] My dear Mr. Editor: My ancestors fought in the revolution; both my grandfathers fought in the Civil War; my husband is in France.

As I heard the whistles blowing and saw the thousands of people thronging around the Times Building this morning at 1 o'clock, the thought came to me, why not make this day, the 11th of November, an international holiday, the birthday of the freedom of the world from autocracy.

Will you give this suggestion serious consideration? Very sincerely,

OLA S. C. SAXTON.
(Mrs. Joseph Francis Saxton.)

AFTER THE WAR.

BY EUGENE BROWN.

THE TIMES SIREN.

There is music in the murmur of the soothing southern breeze,
As it kisses orange blossoms or sways the perfumed trees.
There is music in the rumble of the thunder in the hills;
And the stately diapason of the organ has its thrills.
There is music in the clinking of the glasses brimmed with wine,
There is music for the shepherds in the lowing of the kine,
But the music of all others—which makes the pulses dance;
Is the siren when it signals that peace has come in France.

BAITING THE KAISER.

Possibly the most popular in or outdoor sport of the season has been baiting the Kaiser, and it can be played with almost anything from an axe to a pair of snuffers. Whenever two or three people are gathered together, either by accident or intent, it will not be long before the man with the square chin will ask: "Now, what shall we do with the Kaiser?"

He will not have to wait long. The fat man on his left, as the first player, will drop his copy of The Times in his lap long enough to say: "There's a guy that ought to be stewed in vinegar until he pops."

And so on.

The game can be played by any number of people and with or without partners. It can be played standing up or lying down. It can be played with or without chips and a player doesn't seem to care a cuss whether he exposes his hand or not.

The mahogany board of strategy at the Alexangelus had a special session yesterday and devoted most of it to playing this game. The Major, who is an Englishman and was with the English forces until badly gassed, remembered what his countrymen had done to another world-disturber and thought that the Kaiser should also go to Helena—with the accent on the hell. He would take the first syllables of Elba and Helena and make it a double-header with steam heat for William.

The Doctor thought that the fact that the Kaiser had quit would make some difference.

"Not a bit of it," retorted the Major. "If a man starts a bonfire in a planing mill he cannot escape responsibility by merely resigning from the Incendiary Order of Red Men. That would be spelt backward and everybody knows that is raw. Before the tribunal of the world gets through with this bloody business it will attempt to place the responsibility. When it gets down to individuals the Kaiser will be found in the front row and he needn't think he can put up his umbrella and walk off without getting a touch of the storm. Neither can he hope to find haven of refuge in Holland or Switzerland. If the world demand that he be given up and tried for the greatest crime in history he will be produced in court, no matter where he may have sought harbor."

"One more citation," said the Professor. "Abdication, decapitation, obliteration."

"Damnation, you mean!" snorted the Major.

The Actor could not forget the box office. He wanted the Kaiser and the Crown Prince put in separate cages made of German silver and then taken to Paris, London, New York, Chicago and Los Angeles for exhibition before being tried. An admission fee of $5 could be charged and a couple of billion dollars be raised to be used in the fund for the restoration of Belgium. After that the thing could be put in moving pictures and a few more billions be netted before they were tried for their crimes.

"What's the big idea of the German silver cage?" queried the Doctor.

"That's in accord with German diplomacy," replied the Actor. "It's not the real thing and it tarnishes."

The Humorist thought that the ancient Chinese method of treating malefactors would be justified. The Kaiser always wanted a place in the sun. He would take him to German East Africa, strip him and then bury him up to the neck in sand, bareheaded, and with his burning eyeballs turned to the tropic sun. Then he would smear his face and head with honey and leave him to the mercy of the ants, tarantulas and winged vermin of the country. In order to make the passing more zestful he would leave a bowl of water just beyond the reach of his lips and every now and then some trained baboon would come up with a sun glass and burn off a lock of the royal hair.

The Doctor said that nobody but a sunny humorist could be quite as bloodthirsty as that and he wondered that he hadn't sentenced the Kaiser to hear nothing in his last moments but a phonograph playing a record of a jass band.

The Humorist said that he was sorry he hadn't thought of it first.

And so the game went on.

The odd part of it was that in seven million other places in the world other groups were also playing the game. "What Shall We Do With the Kaiser?"

A niche in the Hall of Fame will be awarded for the best solution.

THE MAN WITH A WITHERED SOUL.

By Josephine S. Roupe.

I know a man across the way
Whose face is withered, whose hair is gray;
But the light of heaven is in his eye,
And he has a soul that will never die.

And once a miracle was wrought
Upon a man the Savior sought,
Whose withered arm was at once made whole,
For faith and charity filled his soul.

In Germany there dwelt a man
In royal robes all spick and span,
With a withered hand that was not made whole,
Nor could even God find his withered soul.

PEN POINTS

BY THE STAFF.

How would you like to be the President of Germany?

It is often necessary for Congress to take a vacation to get something done.

It must be admitted that Hoover started something when he wrote that letter.

Not too soon to begin to save for the Fifth Liberty Loan. It is coming in April.

Smyrna was the first place to ask key that demanded peace, and they did not care a fig, either.

No wonder the Turks threw their hands when they reached Gomora. Right, be seated, children.

Pancho Villa is again heard from into the public prints. Like the poor, we have him with us always.

The society season opened early in France. Quite a fine collection of Germans at the Foch reception line.

The skin of a skunk sold for $5 in New York the other day. I wish there is one in Berlin that could bring a better figure.

The Belgians are returning home. It does not look like it did when they were driven out by the Germans—but it is home.

The high cost of oil has increased the apartment-house landlord's standing and they are making a fight like a defeated candidate.

There ought to be good skating on the Rhine this winter for the American soldiers. Remember we used to cut a figure eight?

These are the mornings when a man either is undetermined about what he ought to wear his overcoat for or only wish he had. The Boche would refer to them as "mail" mornings.

Another thing to the credit of the war is the disappearance of the cabalistic railroad time-tables from the columns of the newspapers. Nobody was ever able to understand them.

A young man of this city wrote his mother for financial help and she replied, "You have your health. And the young man who has his health is in possession of the one thing that he really needs."

The Kaiser and old Doc Cook might double up and go on the Chautauqua circuit. William lecturing on "How I Did Not Conquer the World" and Dock speaking a piece on "How I Did Not Discover the North Pole."

It has been figured out that 90 per cent. of the people of this country purchased its bonds in the first four drives. That means that as many people who have a direct interest in the government as means the nation is a "people's" corporation.

Have you noticed how the Germans who espoused the war have been faring? There is a singular record of misfortune. What is the chance there may be in it for a lesson, we shall not attempt to suggest. The facts are eloquent. Any individual readers can draw their own natural deductions for themselves.

There is a lot of guessing as to will happen at the conclusion of the war in a business way, but it should be recalled that there was a serious let-up in business activity after the Civil War until the year of '73. That was followed by a period of depression which lasted till the fall of '79. Our lives become so perfected that a panic such as that of '73 seems almost impossible.

The presence of the Italian army in front of Sedan in the same region where forty-eight years ago was fought one of the decisive battles of the world—a battle that resulted in the surrender of the finest army ever known to have been taken on the field, a battle that swept Napoleon III from his throne, changed the form of government in France and lost to it the provinces of Alsace-Lorraine.

Have you noticed the similarity of the paper dollar to the Confederate trade? Uncle Sam has been considering in the silver dollars as a possible and melting them down to make bullion bars to meet the demand. A few weeks ago 70,000,000 "dead men" were passing from the people's pocket, over counter and back again, out of offices and restaurants, and today there are only a scant 900,000.

The War Department has asked 400 colleges and universities to train 150,000 men who are to take their places in the ranks of the student army training corps and announces that this is only the beginning of the demand to absorb the effective young men of the country. Quite a change in the programme of the patriotic colleges which our esteemed friend Hearst has a bright and shining mark.

PEACE.

Dawn—dawn in the east
The trumpets of war have ceased
The flocks and herds on the plain
Shall graze again!
Hark!—holy melody fills the land—
Each man shall take to the hand
And chorus in the song ringing
To skies above—
"Peace and love!"
Love!"

Oh, country mine!
We live for thee!

CORINNE

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LOS ANGELES CHAP
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Best 22-k Gold Crowns, $3.50
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It has been figured out that 90 per cent. of the people of this country purchased its bonds in the first four drives. That means that so many people who have a money interest in the government, which means the nation is a "peoples" corporation.

Have you noticed how the monarchs who espoused the war have been faring? There is a striking record of misfortune. What significance there may be in it or what lesson, we shall not attempt to suggest. The facts are eloquent, and individual readers can draw the natural deductions for themselves.

There is a lot of guessing as to will happen at the conclusion of the war in a business way, but it will be recalled that there was a serious let-up in business activities after the Civil War until the panic of '73. That was followed by a period of depression which lasted until the fall of '79. Our laws have become so perfected that a panic such as that of '73 seems no longer possible.

The presence of the American army in front of Sedan recalls the region where forty-eight years ago was fought one of the decisive battles of the world—a battle that resulted in the surrender of the greatest army ever known to have been taken on the field, a battle that swept Napoleon III from his throne, changed the form of government of France and lost to it the provinces of Alsace-Lorraine.

Have you noticed the scarcity of silver dollars lately, and the rarity of the paper dollar to command trade? Uncle Sam has been considering in the silver dollars as far as possible and melting them up to make bullion bars to send overseas. A few weeks ago 70,000,000 "silver men" were passing from pocket to pocket, over counter and bar, in and out of offices and restaurants, while today there are only a scant 12,000,000.

The War Department has now 400 colleges and universities for the training of the 100,000 young men who are to take their places in the ranks of the student army training corps and announces that this is only the beginning of a movement to absorb the educational institutions of the country for war purposes. Quite a change from the programme of the pacifists in 1914, which our esteemed President made a bright and shining light.

PEACE.

Dawn—dawn in the east!
The trumpets of war have ceased!
The flocks and herds on hill and plain
Shall graze again!
Hark!—holy melody through all the land!
Each man shall take his brother by the hand
And chorus in the mighty song ringing
To skies above—
"Peace and love!" "Peace and love!"

Oh, country mine! Oh, world mine!
We live for thee! We live for love!

CORINNE H. DUDLEY.

Even If the War Is Over

The United States Government asks

YOU

if you are a

NURSE

to register with the American Red Cross.

This Registration is Not a Draft.

The term "Nurse" includes all graduates, active or retired, pupil nurses, mid-wives, those who have taken Red Cross courses in Home Care of the Sick, First Aid and Dietetics, and all who by reason of training or practice are capable of serving as a nurse.

No person who fills out a questionnaire is in any way obligated to do anything he or she does not wish to do.

It is the duty of every person who falls within one of the above classifications to register by calling at the Red Cross headquarters, 10th and Main, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. (Saturdays, 9-1 only.) Ask for Harford L. Billson. If it is impossible to call in person, please write and a questionnaire will be brought or sent you.

LOS ANGELES CHAPTER AMERICAN RED CROSS

$8 FULL SET OF TEETH $5
Best 22 carat gold crowns $4.00
Best all porcelain crowns $4.00
Best gold fillings $1.00
Best silver fillings (lasting) $1.00
Best cement fillings 50c
Best 25c Toothache Gum 10c
Gas Given by Dentist for 15 Years.
GIVE PRICE FOR ALL.
The only painless dentist in Los Angeles with high-class dentistry and reasonable prices guaranteed. Examination free. Open evenings. Phone for appointment. Graduate operator; no students. Dr. Arthur Lee, the dentist to insure your comfort. Dr. Lee's methods are painless. Dr. Lee's prices are reasonable. Dr. Lee's work is guaranteed. Dr. Lee's office is in the Pantages Theater Building, Main and Third streets. Dr. Lee's entrance is on Third street. Dr. Lee's phone is Main 8888. Dr. Lee's home phone is 10847. Dr. Lee's office hours are 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Dr. Lee's office is open every day except Sunday. Dr. Lee's office is open every day except Sunday. Dr. Lee's office is open every day except Sunday.

IMPORTANT
In order to protect ourselves in my present location, I have opened a branch office at 1015 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal. Beware of imitators and fakers who are trying to get on the right side of the public. Dr. J. ARTHUR FOSTER, Formerly Yale Dentists, Phone Pico 1444. 444 So. Bdwy.

Let's not Forget We Must Raise that Money, Anyway.

WAR FUND MUST NOT FAIL.

Honor Days Extended Till Today; Need is Made Even Greater by Peace.

"On account of the peace celebration yesterday, in which practically the whole population of Los Angeles took part, it has been decided to extend the honor days to include today," said Harry M. Haldeman, chairman of the United War Work Campaign.

"I regret exceedingly at this time to state that the returns so far, except those from business concerns, have been extremely disappointing. We are so far behind our estimate that it would be a shock to Los Angeles to know the truth. It would be impossible to exaggerate the seriousness of the situation. Nothing can save the day except a generous response on the part of every citizen.

"Let everyone remember these facts. Peace will make greater demands on the organizations whose funds must be raised by this campaign than war itself. Millions of soldiers must be cared for, many of them for more than a year. This money practically goes for the boys themselves. Now that our armies have won a magnificent victory, it would be the height of ingratitude to neglect their health and well-being.

"I appeal to every man, woman and child in the city," continued Mr. Haldeman. "Why should one patriot be compelled to ask another patriot to do his patriotic duty? If Los Angeles' allotment is not raised today it will be necessary to cover the entire city of Los Angeles with solicitors. I appeal to the good people of the city to make their voluntary subscriptions before 6 o'clock tonight."

Approximately $100,000 has been raised of the total sum of $1,000,000 that the committee set for the first three days of the United War Work Drive here. This is a bitter disappointment. Mr. Haldeman believes that if the people realize how important to the soldiers and sailors it is to have the folks back home remember them by liberal contributions the fund will swell accordingly.

SHIPWORKERS HELP.

Contributions came into headquarters at No. 719 South Hill street yesterday notwithstanding the tremendous excitement of the peace celebration. Three shipyard workers brought in $251.61, which they collected in San Pedro and in this city by personal appeal for the flag. They used an auto and collected from everybody en route. The men were A. S. League, R. Hughes and G. Melville, machinists employed by the Los Angeles Shipyard and Dry Dock Company.

A card was received by the committee with a contribution of $10 from a citizen. The card bore the sentence:

"In memory of Roger Lawrence, who went 'over there' and will not come back."

As several large flags were carried through the streets, men dumped into them the nickels, dimes and quarters bystanders contributed. In this way the fund was substantially added to.

"ARRESTED AND FINED."

Last night a booth was built at the Jacoby Building, with City Mother Gilbert in charge. Pedestrians were halted, told they were under arrest, and paid their fines as contributions to the fund. The fines were more varied than ever collected in Police Court.

The money is to be spent in welfare work, which means more to a wearied soldier than civilians realize. The committee fully expected to have in hand approximately $700,000. Los Angeles having established a record in the war bond drives, it was believed that money to be spent for the personal welfare of the soldiers would not be stinted.

"We were told by citizens that when we were ready for the United War Work campaign, not to call on them. They said they would respond without being asked, but it has become necessary to call on them," said Mr. Haldeman. "We must raise this money. It is many times more needed now than before, because we must look out for our boys, who will have plenty of leisure—and its accompaniment of ennui—on their hands. They must be pleasantly employed."

WOMEN'S CAMPAIGN.

The women of U.S.C. have adopted a slogan, "A pledge from every woman of the university." Nearly 1000 women are enrolled, and the task of reaching them all is not a small one. An excellent committee has been organized, and the prospects of attaining the goal are said to be good.

Miss Helen List, chairman of the committee, said yesterday:

"We do not anticipate any slump in the campaign due to the glorious news of peace, as every serious-minded person readily appreciates the need for continuing the work for our men in the service."

The following telegram was received here yesterday from John R. Mott, general chairman of the United War Work Campaign:

"Peace should stimulate the response by the citizens of Los Angeles to the United War Work Campaign. The seven welfare organizations need your support now more than ever. From one year to eighteen months will be taken up in demobilization and organizations will be confronted with millions of men released from active service. Upon your response depends the care that our boys will have during this critical period. The quota asked, $170,600,000, is not near enough. Your city should go 60 per cent. over the top."

The following firms were added yesterday to the 100 per cent honor list: Tufts Lyon Arms Company, Keaton Tire and Rubber Company, Greer-Robbins Company, Forest Lawn Cemetery, J. J. Grant Tire and Rubber Company, L. C. Smith & Bros., Mellus Bros. Company, Matthews Paint Company, Patton Paint Company, Kerchhoff-Cuzner Lumber Company, Bass Hueter Paint Company, C. F. Danforth Painters, Illinois Pacific Glass Company, Uhl Bros., Pacific Portable Construction Company, and Woodhead Lumber Company.

Team No. 7 also turned in the following 100 per cent. hotels and apartment-houses: Ben Hur, the Bellevue, the Golden West, Rollin, St. Regis, Winona, the Fowler, the Chicago, the Denver, the Occidental, the Norfolk, the Upp, the Sunny Slope, the Hargraves, the Imperial Wentworth Hotel, Veranda apartments, Las Flores apartments, Flower Court, Dallas apartments, Tonis apartments, Wisconsin apartments, Broadway Hotel, and Cloud Hotel.

The following offices were also turned in 100 per cent.: United States Land Office, United States Marshal, United States Employment Service, United States Public Health, State Railroad Commission, State Health Commission, State Board of Charity, State Attorneys, J. W. Carrigan, Industrial Welfare Commission, Immigration Commission.

Women took a big part in the celebration

FILM MEN PARADE.

Peace Announcement Breaks Up Work of Actors at the Ince Studios.

Patriotism broke up work at the Thomas H. Ince studios yesterday morning when peace was announced. Actors had been called to "shoot" scenes for a Charles Ray picture showing a baseball procession and a country band in a hick town. All were in make-up ready for work, when Mr. Ince drove into the studio with a cheer. There was a rousing response, and then the parade that was ready for a picture started on a tour of Los Angeles.

Artists caught the spirit. The goat that had been secured for the picture was labeled "The Kaiser's Goat." A dummy was thrown into a baby cab and labeled "The Crown Quince." The side curtains of a truck were dropped and decorated with cartoons. One showed the Kaiser blown into the air with his throne and crown flying to the sky. On the other side was pictured the Kaiser in Holland with bayonets pointing at him from all other directions. The caption of this was, "Where will he go from here?"

COMMISSIONED ENSIGN.

D. L. Shuman, formerly of this city and a Mason, has just been commissioned an ensign and made an instructor in the naval aviation service at Key West, Fla., according to word received here yesterday. He enlisted last January and took an officers' training course at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

"STRIKE" TO BURY KULTUR.

City's Workers Just Walk Out, and Employers Grin and Cheer Them.

The greatest strike in the industrial history of Los Angeles—"where nature helps industry most"—occurred yesterday morning. It was practically universal among the large plants.

Not a single demand made by the employees upon their employers. They simply got up and rushed out—and the employers smiled from ear to ear as their workmen and workwomen put on their hats and left the shops and factories.

Everybody was happy. The strikers-for-the-day were simply going out to help bury the Beast of Berlin under an avalanche of American patriotism. Was important work awaiting skilled hands? Let it go! Could anything be more important than the arrival of a world peace for which these same hands had toiled and their owners had sacrificed for these many months past? Was leave of absence a thing to be asked for? The demand for self-expression on so glorious an event as the downfall of the Kaiser and the triumph of right against might was too insistent to stop at any of the conventions.

A TIME FOR SHOUTS.

Kaiserism and the kultur which it had whelped were cast down into the offal heap; it was a time for everyone to go forth and rejoice. It was a time for shouts and smiles and gayest laughter; for the warm handclasp and the cheery salute to other folk as they poured up and down the streets with glad acclaim.

The strike for the day was stupendous in its reach; but it was typically American. It was history-making in its expression of devotion to the great cause for which our men under the flag have suffered, even unto the making of the great sacrifice.

When the hundreds of whistles sounded their prolonged blasts in the first hour of yestermorn, they were the signal that set the wheels going which evolved the great Los Angeles strike. 'Twas simply a question of the arrival of working hours when the walkout would take place.

Men and women went to their places of labor as usual, but in their secret hearts they knew they would not carry their accustomed tasks through the day. It was more the call to assemblage than any other motive that prompted them to put in an appearance at the various places where they earned their bread and butter.

SOME OF THE SIGNS.

And in many places, where the managers had not yet gotten round to announce that a general holiday would be observed, the workers took things directly in their own hands. Signs were quickly made and posted. They were certain in their tone. The industrial employees of Los Angeles set forth to the local world that they were going afield to join in the great celebration of the century.

The movement reached out from factory to store and offices. The sentient word, "Closed," appeared, as if by magic, on doors and in windows, telling its own tale. Here are some of the signs at other places:

"Peace today! Store closed all day to help celebrate."

"We're celebrating the downfall of the Beast of Berlin."

"Closed. We celebrate the collapse of kultur."

"War's over. Let's take a day off."

"Kaiser's gone; draft call's cancelled; so's work for today."

"We've waited long for the Kaiser's funeral. Now, let's go."

TIN-CAN DRUMS.

At the Southern Pacific shops a lot of emergency work was on hand; but the call to celebrate was not to be withstood. The men had assembled, and as soon as the full shift was present they started in on a parade that was most noisily joyous. For lack of other instruments with which to sound the tocsin, a raid was made on a huge pile of brand new five-gallon tin cans. These were used as drums, and the men faced forth to the sounds that would have scared a regiment of Huns.

At other industrial concerns, old circular saws were quickly mounted on trucks, and these were beaten as marching time for the men. Short lengths of resounding metal were caught up, can lids, strips of tin—anything that would resound to merry beating—and away the men marched to join the constantly increasing throngs that moved toward the downtown section of the city.

Automobile trucks were quickly embellished with the American colors and greenery, and into these the women folk of the offices were loaded, to help on the glad procession. Whistle cords were tied down, and the shriek of the whistles was given full vent. Many an impromptu sign was made, some of them on long strips of cloth that could be carried stretched crosswise of the street. And everywhere was Old Glory, from the tiny lapel flag to the great stretch of colors that had to be borne by several men.

AT THE SHIPYARDS.

The men at the Los Angeles shipyards assembled as usual yesterday morning—but not to work. They had a job of celebrating on hand, and they did it with thoroughness. Headed by the shipyard band and the dozen soldiers, who are detailed for guard duty, the men, with all the banners and flags available, paraded the yards and then marched to the business section of San Pedro.

There were fully 5000 of these men, and here they were joined by 1000 more from the Southwestern shipyard. Dropping in behind them came decorated automobiles of citizens, driven abreast for the full width of the streets.

This parade lasted for more than an hour; then the major portion of the shipyard workers came up to Los Angeles to join in the carnival of victory that grew in intensity as the hours flew by. Similar celebrations were staged by the Chandler, Fulton, Craig and Southwestern yard employees.

WAR WORKERS HONOR ROLL

Following is the honor roll of unsolicited contributions received from 8 a.m. until 4 p.m. yesterday in the United War Work campaign in this city:

$1000—Paris Walker, California Portland Cement Co.

$750—Mr. and Mrs. Wilton E. Getz, Mr. and Mrs. Ben B. Meyer, Mrs. Kaspare Cohn.

$500—H. Jewett.

$500—Mrs. Alice M. Brown, J. B. Long, F. E. Eckhart, Mrs. F. E. Eckhart.

$300—Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Trippett, Misses Barnard.

$250—Union Bank and Trust Co., William F. Howard.

$200—S. M. Cooper, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Grant, Mrs. Mary C. Durand.

$150—Richard Green, J. Roos, Mr. and Mrs. Sallie Aronson, Arlington Heights M. E. Church.

$125—J. Rivera, Anna K. Rivera.

$100—W. H. Jr. and Mrs. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Williams, D. P. Gangler, Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. P. Mulford, Mrs. Helen H. Mulford, Mrs. J. P. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. J. Parkinson, Mrs. Charles E. Anthony, A. Watson, Martin Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Hazlip, A. B. Roby, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Smith, Mrs. Carrie B. Ley, H. H. Lee, Mrs. M. Thompson, Mrs. Dana W. Bartlett, W. Poindexter, Helen H. Wermick, Dr. R. Wermick.

$75—Helen Hanna Bullis, Mr. and Mrs. P. C. McGirr, Harriet Wilson, Mrs. Sophie Kinney-Smith Co., Mrs. J. B. Long, Ed Eisenhauer.

$50—R. H. Raphael, ashby Morgan, J. O. Cashion, P. Nelson, L. Burnand, Mrs. Mary E. V. Spencer, William Rowland, Mrs. William Rowland, C. Scott, Jacqueen Hanson, Mrs. W. Orcutt, W. W. Orcutt, D. W. Smouse, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Summer, Miss Gladys Crail, G. E. Hicknott, J. Antonia, H. Ryan, Miss Mabel Christ, Irene Rude, Emma H. Howe, Miss Mary Allen, R. Y. Daniel and family, A. Calhoun, Inter Land Co., Artesian Land Co., M. P. Hayes, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Fothergill, Mr. and Mrs. Rathbun, L. W. Dennis, Thomas Chandler, J. Lanzmeier, Mrs. McCoy, Friend W. Cole and family, Mrs. N. W. Fowler, Mrs. Martin J. Chambers, Mrs. Carrie E. Hamilton, Mrs. Ida Hamilton, C. Knudson & Son, A. F. Regan, J. M. Waterman, L. F. O'Connor, Mrs. S. A. Rigg, Miss Mabel Graham, Dr. Alice B. Chafee, L. S. and Mrs. N. Nordlinger, Clem B. Glass, Mrs. A. S. Bixby, Mrs. L. Deardoff, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Dearborn, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Lawler, Mr. and Mrs. P. A. English, Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Gilbert, Franklin Booth, Mrs. Franklin Booth, Mrs. W. Toby Owen, Valentine Smith, Continental Securities Co., Dr. W. S. Mortimer, J. C. Dolan.

$40—Nellie D. Scott, Herbert Ball, J. R. Hughes, Gertrude Miller, Shirley A. Lambert.

$35—May B. Harmon, S. May Davis, Fen Kingbaker, Mary T. Flord, Louise Ganahl.

$30—Charles Lee.

$30—Mrs. C. K. Birss, Dorothy Winslow, F. Mashburn, Mr. and Mrs. Corn Bode, T. L. Schaefer, H. J. Miller, Simmer H. and Olive T. Bacon, F. W. Power, Chrles Lanzinger, Alexander Langmuir, Lost Ranch, Mrs. and Mrs. Charles Lee, M. Gearhart, Miss Hattie Newman.

$25—Ruth Spencer, Harold Spencer, Mrs. R. W. McKay, Dr. S. M. Barnes, E. M. McGillis, Thomas F. Cantrell, Mrs. Violet Cantrell, Christ Miller and wife also, Anna Harper, Mrs. Vivian Harper, Mrs. Mercerette C. Shady, W. O. Newcomb, G. B. Cogswell, Mrs. Ana B. Wood, Richard Livingston, Jennie Livingston, George Stonehouse, G. D. Montgomery, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Cameron, Dr. and Mrs. O. Lundie, Mrs. Horace Fleck, Stanley Fleck, Mrs. Phil McFie, Mrs. W. S. Hicksier, W. S. Hicksier, Elta P. Flagg, Mrs. Ida Ringgier, Miss Maria Donaty, Marion Jewelry Co., Mrs. Simona E. F. Dumlao, Eleanor F. Poole, Mary B. Doller, Thos. Kiceland, Kennard & Bigrow, B. F. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. W. Hamilton, Mrs. W. D. Johnston, Dr. and Mrs. F. D. Chandler, S. E. Tomer, Mrs. E. K. Stanton, J. F. Swanton, Mabel Poindexter, B. A. Weri, Katherine M. Moran, Rufus C. Porter, Mrs. W. Mortensen, Mrs. Geo. C. E. Doe, F. E. Matson, Mrs. Gertrude Mattoon, P. Leo Fuller, Fred Brown, Federal Grocery Co., J. H. Bodman, Mrs. Dorothy R. Sands, Clarence D. Jones, Mrs. Virginia Inwyre, F. H. Reich, E. A. Dewar, Mrs. Mary Richards, Miss Mamie Donaty, Marion Jewelry Co., Mrs. H. J. Bonser, Roy C. Hoffort, A. P. Robinson, Mrs. A. P. Robinson, R. H. Mosshier, Mrs. Charles E. Walker, Charles F. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Mudd, Mrs. Mudd, S. A. Hazlip, A. B. Roby, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Smith, Mrs. Carrie B. Ley, H. H. Lee, Mrs. M. Thompson, Mrs. Dana W. Bartlett, W. Poindexter, Helen H. Wermick, Dr. R. Wermick.

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$25—Ruth Spencer, Harold Spencer, Mrs. R. W. Howard, Marie C. Weed, Lida M. Kinney, Mrs. Dharenia Rizzo, Colvin D. Green, Lilland Drug Company, Miss A. Edwards, Lucile Root, Mr. and Mrs. Weaver, Lelia Laughlin, Mattie Laughlin, D. A. Newcomb, Mrs. M. E. Wescott, James W. Webster, Mr. S. I. Perry, Mrs. L. M. L. Kinnpott, M. C. Snow, M. L. Carmain, C. Jansen, Mrs. C. F. Jansen, Ruth C. Van Vleet, M. A. Tilby, Maude Rivenburgh, M. D. Baxter, Mary Worley, Sara J. Doie, Miss G. M. Grant, Elizabeth Way, Gertrude Crowe, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Thom, Mrs. Mary K. Gaines, F. H. R. Gaines, Mrs. Ida K. Wright, Mrs. Mary Stiles, H. D. Horsman, Mrs. L. H. Larson, W. J. Patt, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Burtank, Mr. T. A. MacCoy, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Wyman, Mrs. Mary E. Pitch, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Buyett, Mrs. Anna Harbey, Morgan R. Burrows, Mrs. A. M. Lee, Miss Blanche Kinnard Pritchett, Mr. Meridan, Elizabeth A. Smith, Ethel R. McGee, Reid C. Iredell, H. L. Colestock, Emma E. Peppel, Mrs. Joseph M. Sniffen, Mrs. Joseph M. Sniffen, Mrs. M. E. MacFarland, Eva Cole, Gertrude A. Rogers, Mrs. R. Shafer, Mrs. Ella C. McIntyre, W. H. Chillenger, J. H. Hall, John F. Corne, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Berger, J. W. Righter, Mrs. Ethel Sheaffer, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Agnes Wiler, Harold Koch, W. Chambers, J. A. Kennedy.

$14—Mr. and Mrs. Walter Brown, Thomas J. Laser, Mrs. S. K. Armstrong.

$12.50—John R. Brandon, Georgia D. Brandon, Cora M. Nevins, Charles S. Weims, Mrs. Mary Eng, Alma Calkins, Mrs. M. J. Dickinson, Edith Loehlin, Dr. J. W. Legaren, W. H. Harmon, Thomas Calder, Mrs. Carlotta Brown, Mrs. Harriet A. Farrier, Miss Winifred Healy, E. A. Healy, Franklin Morgan, A. Andelos and family, H. A. Kenzel, Estelle Price, Miss Ruth Potter, Miss R. J. Morgan, Carl V. and Anna S. King, Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Ward, Mr. and Mrs. R. Waters, Mrs. M. H. Peterson, N. H. Peterson, Mrs. Maddock, Beatrice Forbes, Rita J. Baetz and Laura Candell, Mary McClelland, Miss Edith Nichols, A. Burgwald, Alice Cullen, J. N. Cherries, A. A. Hubbard, L. H. Valentine, Susanna Weber, P. G. Perrine, Lloyd W. Weimer, Lily Mae Shuttuck, Andrew Jonchin, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Flower, Mrs. M. Barry, J. Shoen, Miss R. B. Kellogg, Irma Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Thomas, Mrs. D. J. Cahill, J. W. Durkin, William Hope Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. R. Fraser, Mrs. H. Fraser, Edward Adolph Herman, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac C. Greenlaw, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. White, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Waddell, Mrs. Waddell, G. E. Allen, Tom P. Robertson, Mrs. K. C. Robertson, Mrs. Ed Eisenhauer, E. Eisenhauer, Mrs. E. Eisenhauer, Mrs. Jennie Hamilton, Mrs. Mary Hamilton, Brook, Miss Gladys Lobingier, Nellie C. McIntyre, R. B. Wilson, Miss Armenia McIntosh, Mrs. McCauley, Mrs. W. F. Callander, Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Hudson, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Hawes, Dr. M. A. Bauer, Dorothy Bell, Mrs. Arabella Warner Bell, Dr. Scott, Jr., Grant Bell, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Cruzeman, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Mayo, Rose Taylor, Jennie Lee, Mrs. Moral, Fremont Darby, Darby, H. La Twining, Julia M. Chamberlain, Alice Tarr, M. E. Stout, Mrs. J. Orne, Nellie M. Avery, F. K. Booth, Hazel Dunster, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. F. Ault, J. H. Serr, C. M. Gribbs, Mr. and Mrs. La W. Nesmith, Mabel Lenore K. Carey, M. Hamlin, Alice Henderson, Mrs. Mary Wilcox, Thomas Crossan, Mrs. G. S. Shanaker, Robert D. Meyer, R. M. Hudson, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Richardson, H. M. Bowker, Mrs. E. H. Bowker, A. C. Roberts, Dr. Orpel, Simmons, Mrs. Ella Heston, H. K. Bagley, H. H. Smith, J. W. Gibson, Anna E. Whitmore, Mrs. Elizabeth H. Whitman, Miss Mary Linnen, Miss Mary Linnen, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Ellis, Mrs. McMath, A. B. Strother, Mr. and Mrs. J. Young, Mrs. M. J. Bilkman, Kazuo Avery, Mrs. Yerta Avery, Mrs. M. G. Wilson, Louis Cornejole, Mable Jameson, Eva Roetter, Mable Hibbard, O. M. Cunningham, Dr. Grace M. Cahoon, Miss E. M. Bean, G. W. De Bare, Mrs. Mary Hansen, Ethel Masters, E. R. Lacy, Elsie Boon, Mrs. R. T. Wood, Charles V. Crowe, Mrs. Ella M. Spencer, Mrs. Drake M. Hill, Mr. and Mrs. R. Sinclair, Helen Fraser, J. O. and Bessie Womer, Sybil Monson, Mrs. Ida M. Powers.

E. Leeper, C. H. Lindley, Mrs. F. Higgins, Matt Draper, H. H. Couchman, Susan Parmelee, Mrs. A. R. Daniels, Mrs. S. J. Oliver, Bertha Oliver, May Stansbury, Blanche M. Seeley, S. R. McFarland, L. L. Maughton, A. Martha Walker, Emma L. Ritner, Nellie L. Ritner, Gertrude C. Maloney, Lena B. Riley, Ella Hostetter, Kate Hostetter, E. S. Oates, Edith M. Lewis, Willard Travis, Eliza Farrell, S. Farrell, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Bigler, Alfred Reynard, Y. Milner, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Hunteberger, Morris Price, Emma Pezzoni, Mrs. W. N. Charles, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Crail, Harriet Waterfurr, C. E. Morris, Frank L. Anderson, Pauline A. Yorachek, Hazel C. Burmeister, Annie R. Hanlon, Berdella Rogers, Rosanna Johnson, Miss Grace Buck, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Klein, Mr. and Mrs. Austin Moore, P. W. Flack, W. R. Myers, Harriett W. Myers, Mrs. Ida L. Burnham, Mrs. Jessie Good, Nellie T. Avery, F. K. Booth, C. O. Carlick, J. A. Agnew, Mrs. Mary R. Conway, Frank J. Hellman, Minnie Hooter, G. W. Stoner, Ora Flint, Paul C. Brown, William Cronewerth, Mell E. Rice, Alonzo and Marietta Davis, Helen Myers Rohrer, Charles A. Goddard, E. M. Patterson, Mrs. Maddock, Beatrice Forbes, Rita J. Baetz and Laura Candell, Mary McClelland, Miss Edith Nichols, A. Burgwald, Alice Cullen, J. N. Cherries, A. A. Hubbard, L. H. Valentine, Susanna Weber, P. G. Perrine, Lloyd W. Weimer, Lily Mae Shuttuck, Andrew Jonchin, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Flower, Mrs. M. Barry, J. Shoen, Miss R. B. Kellogg, Irma Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Thomas, Mrs. D. J. Cahill, J. W. Durkin, William Hope Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. R. Fraser, Mrs. H. Fraser, Edward Adolph Herman, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac C. Greenlaw, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. White, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Waddell, Mrs. Waddell, G. E. Allen, Tom P. Robertson, Mrs. K. C. Robertson, Mrs. Ed Eisenhauer, E. Eisenhauer, Mrs. E. Eisenhauer, Mrs. Jennie Hamilton, Mrs. Mary Hamilton, Brook, Miss Gladys Lobingier, Nellie C. McIntyre, R. B. Wilson, Miss Armenia McIntosh, Mrs. McCauley, Mrs. W. F. Callander, Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Hudson, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Hawes, Dr. M. A. Bauer, Dorothy Bell, Mrs. Arabella Warner Bell, Dr. Scott, Jr., Grant Bell, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Cruzeman, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Mayo, Rose Taylor, Jennie Lee, Mrs. Moral, Fremont Darby, Darby, H. La Twining, Julia M. Chamberlain, Alice Tarr, M. E. Stout, Mrs. J. Orne, Nellie M. Avery, F. K. Booth, Hazel Dunster, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. F. Ault, J. H. Serr, C. M. Gribbs, Mr. and Mrs. La W. Nesmith, Mabel Lenore K. Carey, M. Hamlin, Alice Henderson, Mrs. Mary Wilcox, Thomas Crossan, Mrs. G. S. Shanaker, Robert D. Meyer, R. M. Hudson, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Richardson, H. M. Bowker, Mrs. E. H. Bowker, A. C. Roberts, Dr. Orpel, Simmons, Mrs. Ella Heston, H. K. Bagley, H. H. Smith, J. W. Gibson, Anna E. Whitmore, Mrs. Elizabeth H. Whitman, Miss Mary Linnen, Miss Mary Linnen, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Ellis, Mrs. McMath, A. B. Strother, Mr. and Mrs. J. Young, Mrs. M. J. Bilkman, Kazuo Avery, Mrs. Yerta Avery, Mrs. M. G. Wilson, Louis Cornejole, Mable Jameson, Eva Roetter, Mable Hibbard, O. M. Cunningham, Dr. Grace M. Cahoon, Miss E. M. Bean, G. W. De Bare, Mrs. Mary Hansen, Ethel Masters, E. R. Lacy, Elsie Boon, Mrs. R. T. Wood, Charles V. Crowe, Mrs. Ella M. Spencer, Mrs. Drake M. Hill, Mr. and Mrs. R. Sinclair, Helen Fraser, J. O. and Bessie Womer, Sybil Monson, Mrs. Ida M. Powers.

No Waste If You Buy HOLSUM Bread. 10 Varieties.

Women of America Rejoice

BUT OUR SOLDIERS STILL NEED YOUR HELP!

Save the flour they need!

For some time to come also the people of Europe will look to the United States for their bread supply.

Will YOU continue to save and help feed them?

A single pound of flour saved every month in each of our twenty million homes would mean an annual saving of 1,200,000 barrels of flour.

And every barrel saved is daily food for 300 of our fighting men. But we must save more! Do the women of America realize this?

DEFINITE WAYS YOU CAN HELP

Serve only bread of known standard.

Don't permit your dealer to tell you that one Victory bread is as good as another. Investigate and learn for yourself.

Poor bread made to sell cheap is generally

Germs Quit Along with Germans.

'FLU FOLLOWS KAISER BILL.

On the Toboggan Here, Like the Hun Over There.

Day's Record About Half that of a Week Ago.

Liberty Fair's Opening may be Decided Thursday.

Waved aside as being of too little consequence for consideration on a day of world-wide rejoicing, the influenza epidemic, most hated scourge in the world outside of Prussianism, glided swiftly down the toboggan slide yesterday. Its decline began last Friday, about the time that Kaiserism started to kick the bucket, and yesterday's record was not much more than half the number of cases recorded on the previous Monday. The "flu" is flickering out. Health authorities admit it. All that remains to be done is to isolate the remaining cases and keep the disease from spreading.

Yesterday there were only 570 cases reported, with fifty-two deaths for Sunday and Monday. A week ago yesterday there were 930 cases, with eighty-three deaths. The diminution amounts to 358 and thirty-one deaths for the day. For four days the number of cases has been somewhere near the 500 mark or below it, while daily records of a week ago were turning up from 700 to 1000 cases.

The Influenza advisory board met late yesterday, discussed a project submitted to the City Council in regard to the establishment of a convalescent hospital at the Mt. Washington Hotel, and decided to go ahead with it, believing that the proposition will endanger the lives of no citizens residing in that neighborhood.

A request for permission to reopen the Hollywood officers' training school was denied. Business college managers who petitioned the committee for permission to reopen schools by segregating pupils in canvas compartments in large recitation halls, were informed that they could do so providing each compartment contains 100 square feet of air space, with ceiling at least seven feet high, and upon condition that not more than one pupil and one instructor meet in each compartment.

Liberty Fair directors asked when they might expect to be allowed to open their exposition, but the committee was unable to give them a definite opinion, and it was laid aside for consideration at Thursday's meeting. Secretary Davidson was anxious to have a definite answer, because, he said, the government has threatened to remove its exhibit this week if an opening date cannot be suggested at once.

A. E. Adams, secretary of the Retail Dry Goods Association, was authorized to instruct dry goods merchants and others that unless they discontinue the practice of displaying cards upon which comparative prices are quoted, it will be necessary still more stringently to regulate shopping while the "flu" ban continues.

At the request of Chairman Harry Haldeman of the United War Fund campaign, Henry W. O'Melveny appeared before the committee to discuss campaign methods, and was given the assurance that mass meetings in shops and factories will be permitted at lunch hours, providing all those who assemble wear masks and meet in the open air. The committee's plan will become effective tomorrow noon.

City Health Commissioner Powers says word has come to him that transportation companies are in some instances allowing crews to haul as many passengers as can crowd into the cars or hang on the steps. He will take steps to see that only the number of persons who can actually be seated in a coach are allowed to ride.

ALLEGED BURGLARS AND LOOT CAPTURED.

POLICE ARREST MAN THEY SAY FIGURED IN GUN PLAY IN SOUTH PASADENA.

Jewelry and mining stocks valued at $14,000 have been recovered, and a number of recent burglaries in the Wilshire district are believed to have been solved when Detectives Louis Canto and Pernand, of the Central Station, and Carl Williams and McCurron of the Boyle Heights Station, arrested Riley De Laney, and lodged him in the City Jail on the charge of burglary.

De Laney's arrest, the officers say, also clears up the final angle of the gun-battle in South Pasadena last week when Officer Dan Saylor of that city shot and seriously wounded James De Laney when he and his partner attempted to escape after being placed under arrest on the charge of suspicion of burglary.

Riley De Laney was arrested by the detectives in a house near First and Hicks streets. In his possession, the police say, were found mining stock certificates to the value of $12,500, stolen from the home of Martha Johnson at No. 1511 South Harvard boulevard, and several bags full of silverware and jewelry, some of which has been identified as having been stolen from the homes of Miss Effie Whitehead at No. 333 South Van Ness avenue and A. Levy of No. 324 South Harvard boulevard.

That the De Laney brothers were the "automobile burglars" who terrorized the fashionable Wilshire district in the recent weeks, is the belief of the detectives. When placed under arrest in South Pasadena one of the burglar suspects was attempting to sell solid silverware in a jewelry store there, the officers say.

Sleep and Rest.

One of the most common causes of insomnia and restlessness is indigestion. Take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper and see if you do not rest better and sleep better. They only cost a quarter.—[Advertisement.

Colds Cause Grip and Influenza.

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 30c.

ONE KILLED; MANY HURT.

(Continued from First Page.)

Marengo avenue, Pasadena, probable fracture of the skull; may not recover.

Snyder, Mrs. Lilly, No. 880 North Michigan street, Pasadena, compound fracture of the nose.

Hart, Lieut. Trustin M., 28, of No. 1500 West Forty-sixth street, possible fracture of left leg at knee when knocked down by automobile.

Murphy, Bryan, 63, of No. 5310 Irvington street, broken leg, possible fracture of skull, may die.

Hossmusson, Oscar, possible fractured skull, abrasions and concussions; hit by motorcycle.

Traffic Officer Frank Conkey, shot through the leg by unknown celebrator at Fifth and Broadway; the bullet was either a spent one or had hit the sidewalk and bounced off; injury not serious.

Bloomberg, Ruben, 55, of No. 332 North Breed street, shaken up when an automobile owned by H. Levins collided with a Los Angeles Railway street car at Twenty-fifth and Hoover.

Carew, Mrs. Katherine, of No. 1327 West Eleventh street, thrown to the pavement at Sixth and Olive streets when a yellow car started as she was getting on; cut in the head.

Sekellares, James, fruit dealer living at No. 726 East Twenty-first street, bruised and possible fracture of the forearm; hit by an automobile at the corner of Twelfth and San Pedro streets.

Mitchell, Lillian, of No. 247 Magnolia avenue, stepped in front of an automobile at Seventh and Broadway and received abrasions of knee when hit by the fender. The car was driven by Police Officer L. R. Barnes.

Hardwick, Florence, of No. 315 East Thirty-seventh street, hit by an automobile at Fifth and Main streets; fractured rib.

Estazo, Frank, 13 years old, of No. 1403 East Twenty-first street, bruised knees, ran into the fender of a car driven by Phillip Brigandi of No. 1232 North New Hampshire street.

King, James H., of No. 751 South Flower street, hit by one of S. F. Seager & Co.'s cars, driven by Robert S. Weaver of No. 1400 South Figueroa street, and his legs bruised.

Helling, Frederick W., of No. 498 California street, fell while trying to get out of the way of an automobile at the corner of Hill and Temple streets, and was slightly cut.

Estrella, L. M., of No. 760 East Sixteenth street, fractured arm when thrown from a General Petroleum Company truck.

Gooseman, Mrs. Erma, of No. 3417 McKinley, and her 10-months-old daughter, Dorothy Louise, fell from the back of a truck when it was passing Second and Spring streets; bruised.

Reidhen, Mrs. Bertha, of No. 560 Crockett street, and Mrs. Margaret Woodworth of No. 1544½ West Jefferson street, fainted in the crowds.

Teague, Mrs. Mary, 63, of No. 218 Manhattan street, jumped in front of a yellow car; she was not hurt, but was taken to the Receiving Hospital on suspicion of insanity.

Reece, Donald, 11, of No. 1811 West Forty-second place, ran into an automobile on his bicycle and bruised his shoulders badly.

Thornton, Arthur, 16, and colored, of No. 675 Santa Barbara avenue, lacerations of the leg; truck he was hanging onto ran too close to a parked machine on Central avenue.

Davis, Luther, 16, bruised his heel in the same accident.

Erskins, Sylvia, 18, of No. 227 West Fifteenth street, while riding a bicycle ran into a standing motor truck at the corner of Sixth and Los Angeles streets; bruised.

Rubier, Logan, 28, No. 417 South Beacon street, fell from his wagon and suffered a fractured skull.

Baker, Lawrence, 20, of No. 2602 East Second street, possible fractured shoulder.

Lembosck, Joseph, 10, No. 241 South Bunker Hill avenue, head cut.

Varney, Harry, 16, fractured foot, lacerations.

Hans, William, 13, of No. 414 Sichel street, concussions.

Lussasse, Remond, 49, of San Fernando, internal injuries.

Crandall, Grace, 31, of No. 733 East Colorado street, Pasadena, sprained neck.

Phillips, Carmen, No. 7883 Norton avenue, bruised when motion picture auto hit telephone pole.

Bradford, O. D., 32, of No. 400 West Fifty-seventh street, lacerations and internal injuries.

Freeman, H. P., 37, of Route 9, Los Angeles, numerous abrasions of legs.

Wilson, Robert Guy, 24, of Victoria Hotel, collapsed.

Klock, Arthur L., Jr., 11, of No. 1557 Curran street, shot self accidentally through leg while celebrating.

Rosselli, John, 16, of No. 420½ Ord street, deep lacerations of face.

Cato, E. R., Motorcycle officer, 29, of No. 1890 Essex street, in collision with automobile, contusions and abrasions of legs.

Clymer, John, 31, of No. 6511½ Hollywood boulevard, contusions of head.

Smith, Hamilton, 31, Hotel Clark, contusions.

Taylor, Miss Edwards, 27, of No. 7933 Norton avenue, contusions.

Linsley, Don, 18, of No. 943 South Normandie avenue, sprained wrist.

Crandall, Bruce, 12, of No. 758 East Colorado street, Pasadena, bruised in collision.

Griffin, Julius, 21, of No. 1541 Newton street, head lacerations and concussion.

Skeen, Grace, 46, of No. 8 Manchester court, fractured jaw, lacerations.

Ackler, W. J., 75, of No. 5300 South Figueroa street, fell down in crowd, bruised.

Williams, J. J., 42, of No. 1500 East Eighth street, sprained both knees.

Arguella, Manuel, 65, head cut.

Matter, Julius, 58, of No. 327 West Twenty-third street, abrasions.

Bachus, Ellen, 22, of No. 233 West Forty-fifth street, contusions of both legs and knees.

Lin, Chung, 62, of No. 803 North Alameda street, laceration of head.

Taube, Adolph, 21, of No. 844 North Alma street, lacerations of head.

Felas, Charles, 21, of No. 924 Sunset boulevard, hit by tin can, lacerated check and face.

Fox, Maurice, 28, of No. 852 Rosemont avenue, fractured arm.

Okida, A. Y., 42, of No. 362 East First street, contusions of arms and face.

Hare, Joe, 51, of Gilmore ranch, fractured shoulder, other injuries.

Huckle, Will, 32, of No. 807 Terrace 49, scalp wound, hit on head by flying tin can.

Cromwell, Oliver, 19, of No. 1316 South Los Angeles street, injury to eye.

Wasley, Minnie, 50, of No. 1049 West Fifty-fourth street, face wound caused by flying tin can.

Welch, George P., 37, of No. 750 Crocker street, sprained ankle.

Lockridge, Martin, of Oji, Ariz., beaten by negroes who were celebrating at the Southern Pacific station.

KILLED BY TRAIN.

The accident in which Mrs. Shoey was killed happened when a party of seven Pasadena people were on the way to Los Angeles to take part in the victory jubilation. The automobile in which they were riding crashed into Santa Fe outbound train No. 18 at the Pasadena avenue railway crossing near Avenue Sixty-one yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Shoey was almost decapitated. The driver and three women were badly cut, but another woman and her son escaped unhurt.

Miss Madge Powell received a deep laceration on the forehead, suffered from a hemorrhage of the left ear, and a possible basal fracture of the skull. It is feared she may not recover.

Mrs. Lily Snyder suffered bad lacerations about the face and received a compound fracture of the nose. Mrs. Grace Skeen received abrasions and lacerations. Mrs. Grace Crandall sprained her neck muscles and was treated also for hysteria, but otherwise was unharmed. Her 12-year-old son, Bruce, was not scratched.

O. D. Bradford, 32, a shipbuilder who lives at No. 400 West Fifty-seventh street, this city, and who was driving the car, which he owned, received lacerations about the face and head, and fractures of the hip and leg. Mr. Bradford was driving the party south on Pasadena avenue, according to Mrs. Crandall and her son, and did not observe the danger wig-wag signal. The boy did, and made some remark about it, but the car was almost on the tracks before Bradford was aware of the danger.

He swerved the car sharply to the left, but the engine cylinders caught the car and dragged it across the street before the engineer could throw on the brakes. The engineer was D. E. Hennessey, the fire man, J. C. May, and the conductor of the train, J. E. Miller.

The injured parties were taken to the Receiving Hospital and treated by Assistant Police Surgeon Goodrich. The body of Mrs. Shoey is at the mortuary of the Highland Park Undertaking Company.

WANT FIVE A MONTH?

Supervisors will Pay That Much for a Well-qualified Constable Now.

The Supervisors yesterday put an effectual stop to the possibility of a successor to Roger Woodbury, constable, who resigned to go into private practice. The board authorized the preparation of an ordinance reducing the salary of that office from $125 to $5 a month.

Word has come to the Supervisors that a politician was to be appointed to succeed Mr. Woodbury. The grand jury had suggested that the office remain vacant in the interest of economy. The Supervisors had taken the same stand. But while the word that the office was to be filled was not confirmed the Supervisors deny the proposed reduction of the salary was an effort to block the appointment, the resolution to reduce the pay was introduced and carried before the board adjourned to celebrate peace.

C. D. Allen, constable, now on duty as a deputy Sheriff, will likewise have no successor for a time as constable. The Supervisors will allow the office to remain vacant.

Mr. Allen will succeed Moses Marcus, who committed suicide, as finger print expert and other duties thrown in.

GETS NEWS OF SON IN "TIMES" PICTURE.

SERGEANT GUARDING GERMAN PRISONERS WAS FORMER FILM MAN HERE.

When Mrs. Edith Wagner of Alhambra opened that page of the Sunday Times containing the picture of Sergt. Jack Wagner guarding German prisoners—the picture illustrating Harry Williams's article from Over There—she recognized her son and heard from him thus for the first time in many months.

Mrs. Wagner and her two sons, Jack and Blake, were refugees from Mexico, where they were when the revolution in that country broke out. At the time of the enlistment of her boys, both having volunteered, Mrs. Wagner came from Honolulu, where she was sojourning, but was just too late to see her sons before their departure for France. Previous to their enlistment, both were with the Fox studios.

It was, in fact, a glimpse of Blake upon the screen in Honolulu that decided the mother to come to Los Angeles to see them. It was a dramatic incident when the mother recognized her boy on the screen, where were pictured scenes from Camp Kearny.

The picture of Jack in Sunday's Times was the first news Mrs. Blake had received of the well-being of her boy, and her joy was great. He was connected with the observation balloon service of the Aviation Corps.

The boys are cousins of Rob Wagner, well-known writer. Mrs. Wagner herself is a woman of talent, her short stories having appeared in a number of publications.

SOLDIER AND CHILD DIE

Funeral Services Held for Late Cavalryman and Infant at Sawtelle Home.

Impressive funeral services were held at the Soldiers' Home at Sawtelle yesterday for Charles D. Daniels, 25, formerly of Co. D, Seventeenth United States Cavalry, and his 3-weeks-old child, who, having died on the same day, occupied the same casket, the little form resting on the father's breast.

Charles E. Daniels was the son of a Civil War veteran, W. H. Daniels, a member of the Home. He was on border duty at Douglas, Ariz., when he and his daughter were taken ill with influenza. Both died on November 5. The widow and mother is also reported to be in a critical condition with the malady at a Douglas hospital and her loss has been kept from her. The funeral address yesterday was delivered by Chaplain M. S. Kauffman.

SIGN ARMISTICE ON FRENCH FETE

November Eleven Anniversary of Saint Martin.

Like Marne Battle, is Another Coincidence.

Head of Alliance Francaise Speaks of Future.

By a coincidence, yesterday—the day of the signing of the armistice—was the anniversary of St. Martin's Day. St. Martin was the Bishop of Tours, Patron Saint of France.

This was pointed out yesterday by Lucien N. Brunswig, president of the French Alliance of Southern California and chairman of the Pacific Coast division of the National Executive of Fatherless Children of France and of the French Red Cross of California and Arizona.

"It is a most happy coincidence," said Mr. Brunswig, "that the armistice should be signed Monday, November 11, St. Martin's Day. That the armistice should be signed on a French national fete day is most significant. It was so, too, with the first victory of the Marne, September 6, 1914, Lafayette anniversary.

"November 11 will go down in history as the emancipation day of enslaved nations. The various races heretofore making the German empire will come to bless the Allied nations who have broken their chains.

COST OF THE WAR.

"The war is over, but at what frightful cost to the belligerent nations! Take the case of France—2,500,000 of the flower of her manhood either dead on the battlefields or hopelessly maimed, or who have returned from the prison camps in the last stages of tuberculosis or other diseases contracted in the German pens.

"The horrors and atrocities of these holes have been depicted so often that we need only refer to them. While we are thinking of reconstruction in the United States to adjust post-war conditions, it is meet that we should consider seriously our duties to France, maimed and crucified, emerging from the victorious struggle.

"Three hundred and fifty thousand locations—towns, villages, hamlets and farm houses—have been wrecked, devastated and ruined. The sinews of life in the industrial districts have been destroyed or shipped to Germany. The coal fields of Lens have been so wrecked that it will be at least two years, with the assistance of American engineers, before we may anticipate a fair production, and many years before normal conditions are restored. The iron mines which have been in German hands since September, 1914, known as the Basin of Briey, and Longway, along the Meuse and Moselle, by the terms of the armistice are returned to France.

AS COMPENSATION.

"We should insist on ownership of the Westphalian coal mines as compensation for the destruction around Lens. The French are a chivalrous nation and are not asking alms. All they want is opportunity to help themselves, and there is no greater philanthropy for the American nation, collectively and individually, than to lend a helping hand.

"We should not overlook the orphans of the war. Upwards of 1,000,000 of waifs are left wards. The cause of the fatherless children of France is near to the heart of every American. We are not all millionaires, but there are few of us who by sacrifice of comfort and luxury are unable to give 10 cents a day towards the maintenance of one orphaned child of a dead French soldier.

"Another American philanthropy is the American Committee for Devastated France, which, under the orders of the French military authorities is doing admirable work in the devastated districts. America has emerged from the war with comparatively light casualties. Its commerce and industries, in the main, are prosperous whereas the contrary obtains in France. Let us come to the rescue of the great sister republic in a practical and substantial way."

BLOSSOMS THEIR TOKEN OF PEACE.

There are other ways to express your gladness over the great victory of America and the Allies than the blowing of horns and whistles, as was exemplified by two young men last evening. Their method made such an impression that people unknown to them came to The Times office last night to tell of it.

C. B. Dickson, an automobile salesman of Hollywood, and Don Rader, a sailor at the San Pedro naval training station, visited various restaurants last evening, carrying their arms full of the choicest flowers, and with happy smiles distributed these blossoms to the guests. When asked the reason for their actions, they stated that this was their way of expressing their happiness over the termination of the war. Mr Dickson originated the plan, and then got his "buddy" Sailor Rader, to help him carry it through.

WAR BOARDS TO CONTINUE.

Capt. Charles T. Connell, who returned yesterday from Washington, where he was called by Secretary of Labor Wilson for consulation in regard to several important matters affecting California, is of the opinion that the signing of the armistice will not void agreements, contracts and awards, made by or through the many wage commissions, including the National War Board, to cover the period of the war, as they relate to labor.

He reports that the department officials at Washington are agreed that many months must pass before the peace proclamation is signed by the President. Many complex questions must be decided by the peace commission, and in the meantime, in the opinion of Capt. Connell, there will be ample time for the readjustment of the labor situation and obviating the possibility of conditions such as would naturally follow the immediate cancellations, involving labor, without giving due notice. He thinks that all of the war emergency boards will be continued for a period after peace is declared, such as the War Industries, War Policies and National War Labor Board, which will operate with extended and perhaps increased powers.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—There will be no let-up of the activities of any of the four principal non-military war agencies—the War Industries Board, the War Trade Board and the Food and Fuel administrations—with the end of fighting.

The Food and Fuel administrations continue under the Lever Act until the President proclaims peace after ratification of a treaty by the Senate. They automatically go out of existence then. There is still need for conservation of fuel, and officials said today there probably would be no great lessening of fuel-conservation measures for some months to come.

Because of the need of feeding the released peoples of Northern France, Belgium, Central and Southern Europe and the Near East, the food Administration's activities must continue.

COAST INFLUENZA.

Following are new cases of Spanish influenza reported in various Coast cities yesterday, together with respective death records:

	New cases.	Deaths.
Los Angeles (Sunday and Monday)	570	52
San Francisco	119	36
Portland	282	22
Spokane	133	5

DIES AT SEA.

Funeral of Los Angeles Man in Anti-Aircraft Service Will Occur This Morning.

The funeral of Joseph L. Bremm, member of Battery D, fourth anti-aircraft division, who died at sea while en route for overseas service, will occur at 10 o'clock this morning at the chapel of the George K. Willett Company, No. 731 Washington street. This will be a military funeral, and the casket will be draped with a flag that has seen service in three wars. The interment will be in Calvary Cemetery.

Joseph Bremm was 25 years of age, and enlisted in the Coast Artillery service two years ago. He completed his training for the anti-aircraft service at Newport News, and sailed for France. He died aboard the ship Tenadores on October 17, and the body was sent back, arriving here yesterday.

He leaves his father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Bremm of No. 201 East Forty-seventh place; one sister, Mrs. W. E. Lewis, and two brothers, Edward C. and Swain Bremm, both of this city.

VICTORY WILL ADD TO LIBERTY FAIR'S SCOPE.

FORMAL CELEBRATION OF WAR'S END BEING ARRANGED.

While yesterday's celebration was the greatest spontaneous outburst of enthusiasm this city has ever seen, even as it was in progress conferences were being held to provide a formal celebration of the downfall of the Kaiser. This will be Victory Day—the opening day of the California Liberty Fair.

The conferences of yesterday were between Director-General Pridham and other officers of the fair and Mayor Woodman and President Mueller of the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce, which organization has underwritten the fair.

It was decided to make the first day of the fair one that will be thoroughly saturated with patriotism and impregnated with military flavor. Soldiers and sailors will be everywhere in evidence. They will come from Camp Kearny and Fort MacArthur and from the San Pedro Naval Training Station; the aircraft men will come with their craft from Riverside and North Island and Arcadia. The Red Cross and other war organizations will have full representation.

The civic organizations will join in the big event, and there will be great masses of singing societies and the largest combined band ever assembled in the Southwest.

Further meetings will be held today to complete the plans for this formal celebration of the great victory, and it was stated by officials yesterday that the opening day of the California Liberty Fair will be a far greater event than had even been anticipated had the original plans for this exposition proceeded.

GET CAR AND CASH.

"Flu Masked" Bandits Steal Dr. Brainerd's Auto; Rob Chauffeur.

Two "flu mask" bandits made a spectacular appearance last night when they held up and robbed S. C. Morris, colored chauffeur of Dr. H. G. Brainerd of No. 1661 Orange street, and then made their escape in Dr. Brainerd's automobile from Wilshire boulevard and Coronado street, where the physician was making a professional call.

Morris, according to his story to Detectives Hickok and Burgess, was adjusting the carburetor while the engine was running, when two men wearing "flu masks" walked up. One drew a gun, pressed it close to the chauffeur's ribs, and told him to keep still. In the next minute he put his hand inside his victim's coat and tore the pocket and its contents out of the coat. In the pocket Morris had a purse and $38.

As the first bandit was going through the operation the second one jumped into the car, started it rolling, and when his partner jumped in, sped away. Morris tried to follow, but lost sight of the automobile when it turned into Wilshire boulevard and mingled with the traffic.

LURED GIRLS TO RENTED ROOM?

Real Estate Operator Taken for Alleged Attack.

Ad Inserted by Stenographer Brought Appointment.

Other Complaints are Made, According to Police.

On a charge of luring pretty and unsophisticated stenographers to a room he had rented for the purpose at a downtown office building, on the pretense of employment, and there mistreating them, Robert M. Leeper, a real estate operator who gave his residence as No. 1908 Estrella street, was arrested by Detective W. E. Hill yesterday.

Miss Anna Schwartz, 18 years old, of No. 1119 South Olive street, made the first complaint against Leeper on Sunday afternoon, after she had escaped from his office. Detectives Cline and Toomey at once went to the building, but found Leeper gone. From other complaints received, it was believed that several other girls were similarly enticed.

Miss Schwartz reported that she inserted an advertisement in the Sunday paper, giving her telephone number, and that Leeper called her up and made the appointment at his office. When she entered, she says, he locked the door and told the girl she must accede to his demands because he had a "pull" with the police. In spite of her resistance he attacked her, she declared.

She went direct to the juvenile department when released and reported the matter, and yesterday went to Central Station with her mother and her brother-in-law, Max Rapaport, and identified Leeper as her assailant.

On Sunday a Miss Herke of No. 4555 Hollywood boulevard, accompanied by a friend, reported practically the same experience except that she succeeded in eluding the man, she said. She also had inserted an advertisement which was answered by Leeper. Other young women were led to the office by an ad inserted by the man, according to the police. When Leeper went to his office yesterday morning, the detective was awaiting him.

Leeper, who is 39, and said to be married, has rooms at No. 410½ Temple street, in addition to his residence on Estrella street. It is said, Letterheads were found in his office bearing the heading "Robert M. and Helene Leeper." Leeper will be prosecuted on a charge of attacking Miss Schwartz.

NAVAL AVIATOR TO BE BURIED TODAY.

Myron S. Friedman of No. 1575 West Vernon avenue, who five months ago enlisted in the aviation section of the United States Naval Reserve, and was in training at North Island, died Sunday evening of pneumonia at Balboa Park Hospital. The body was brought to Los Angeles last night under naval escort and taken to the undertaking rooms of W. C. Draper Company, No. 1430 South Main street. The funeral will be held from there this afternoon and burial will be at Zion Cemetery.

Friedman recently celebrated his twenty-first birthday. He graduated from Los Angeles High School. He leaves a father, Samuel F. Friedman, and a sister, Lillian Friedman.

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HOW TO FIGHT SPANISH INFLUENZA

Avoid crowds, coughs and cowards, but fear neither germs nor Germans! Keep the system in good order, take plenty of exercise in the fresh air and practice cleanliness. Remember, a clean mouth, a clean skin and clean bowels are a protecting armor against disease. To keep the liver and bowels regular and to carry away the poisons within, it is best to take a vegetable pill every other day, made up of Mayapple, aloes, jalap and sugar-coated, to be had at most drug stores, known as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. If there is a sudden onset of what appears like a hard cold, one should go to bed, wrap warm, take a hot mustard foot-bath and drink copiously of hot lemonade. If pain develops in head or back, ask the druggist for Anuric (anti-uric tablets. These will [illegible] the bladder and kidneys and [illegible] off poisonous matter. To [illegible] pains and aches take one [illegible] tablet every two hours, with [illegible] drinks of lemonade. The [illegible] appears in a most treacherous [illegible] when the influenza victim is [illegible] ently recovering and anxious to [illegible] his bed. In recovering from a [illegible] attack of influenza or pneumonia [illegible] which can be obtained at most [illegible] stores, or send 10c to Dr. [illegible] Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., [illegible] trial package. "Ironic" is just [illegible] good as Dr. Pierce's other [illegible]

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